

EDITORIAL AND TECHNICAL GROUP OF
THE SUB-COMMITTEE ON CARRIAGE OF
CARGOES AND CONTAINERS
28th session

E&T 28/WP.1
22 September 2017
ENGLISH ONLY

**DRAFT REPORT TO THE SUB-COMMITTEE ON CARRIAGE OF
CARGOES AND CONTAINERS**

DISCLAIMER

As at its date of issue, this document, in whole or in part, is subject to consideration by the IMO organ to which it has been submitted. Accordingly, its contents are subject to approval and amendment of a substantive and drafting nature, which may be agreed after that date.

1 GENERAL

Introduction

1.1 The twenty-eighth session of the Editorial and Technical Group of the Sub-Committee on Carriage of Cargoes and Containers (CCC) met from 18 to 22 September 2017 and was chaired by Ms. Gudula Schwan (Germany).

1.2 The session was attended by delegations from the following Member States:

BELGIUM	MEXICO
CANADA	NETHERLANDS
CHINA	NIGERIA
DENMARK	NORWAY
FINLAND	PERU
FRANCE	PHILIPPINES
GERMANY	REPUBLIC OF KOREA
IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)	SPAIN
ITALY	SWEDEN
JAPAN	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES
LIBERIA	UNITED KINGDOM
MARSHALL ISLANDS	UNITED STATES

and observers from the following international organizations and non-governmental organizations in consultative status:

EUROPEAN CHEMICAL INDUSTRY COUNCIL (CEFIC)
EUROPEAN COMMISSION
DANGEROUS GOODS ADVISORY COUNCIL (DGAC)
WORLD NUCLEAR TRANSPORT INSTITUTE (WNTI)

Instructions to the E&T Group

1.3 At CCC 4, the Sub-Committee authorized E&T 28 to finalize the draft amendments (39-18) to the IMDG Code, based on documents submitted to CCC 4 and taking into account comments made and decisions taken by the Sub-Committee, with a view to submitting the draft amendments to MSC 99 for consideration and adoption; and to submit a written report to CCC 5.

1.4 CCC 4 also instructed E&T 28 to finalize editorial corrections to amendment 38-16 of the Code (resolution MSC.406(96)) and requested the Secretariat to issue the aforementioned editorial corrections before 1 January 2018, the date when amendment 38-16 enters into force.

1.5 The group was further instructed to finalize the consolidated Revised Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods (EmS) Guide, with a view to submission to MSC 99 for approval.

Adoption of the agenda

1.6 The group adopted the agenda set out in document E&T 28/1.

1.7 The list of participants is contained in document E&T 28/INF.1.

2 FINALIZATION OF DRAFT EDITORIAL CORRECTIONS TO THE AMENDMENTS TO THE IMDG CODE (AMENDMENT 38-16)

Editorial corrections

2.1 Having considered the proposals in document CCC 4/6/17 (ICHCA), and the corrections to the nineteenth revised edition of the Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model Regulations (ST/SG/AC.10/C.3/100/Add.1), the Group finalized the editorial corrections to the English text of amendment 38-16 to the IMDG Code (resolution MSC. 406(96)), as set out in annex 1.

2.2 Based on document CCC 4/6/6 (France), the Group finalized the editorial corrections to the French text of amendment 38-16 to the IMDG Code (resolution MSC.406(96)), as set out in annex 2.

2.3 In this context, the delegation of Spain also provided the editorial corrections applicable to the Spanish text of amendment 38-16 to the IMDG Code (resolution MSC.406(96)), as set out in annex 3.

2.4 The Group requested the Secretariat to issue the separate corrigenda (English, French and Spanish) containing the editorial corrections to resolution MSC.406(96) on amendments to the IMDG Code, before the entry into force of amendment 38-16 (1 January 2018).

2.5 Furthermore, the Group also requested the Secretariat to draw the attention of E&T 29 to the editorial corrections regarding the terminology of "fish meal" and "fish scrap", when preparing the new amendments (05-19) to the IMSBC Code.

3 FINALIZATION OF DRAFT AMENDMENTS (39-18) TO THE IMDG CODE

Incorporation of proposals agreed in principle at CCC 4

Fish meal

3.1 The Group recalled the decision of CCC 4, regarding documents CCC 4/6/14 (Peru) and CCC 4/INF.12 (Peru), commenting on the report of E&T 27 (CCC 4/6, annex 2) and proposing amendments to the IMDG Code regarding FISH MEAL (FISH SCRAP), STABILIZED (UN 2216), in particular the removal of the restriction of 3,000 kg in SP 308 and the deletion of SP 945, and providing additional data (the complete self-heating test results), with a view to supporting the proposal regarding the draft amendments to SP 308 and SP 945 as contained in document CCC 4/6/14.

3.2 Having recalled the decisions of the Sub-Committee, the Group agreed to delete the restriction of 3,000 kg in SP 308 and to delete of SP 945. In this context, the Group noted that SP 308 should only be used within the context of goods in packaged form or in bulk containers under the IMDG Code. The bulk transport of fish meal should be dealt with separately in the context of the IMSBC Code.

3.3 The draft amendments in regard to fish meal, as prepared by the Group, are contained in annex 4.

Clarification in SP 963 for UN 3496

3.4 The Group considered document CCC 4/6/1 (Germany), proposing to amend SP 963, in order to clarify the exemption provided for nickel-metal hydride button cells, nickel-metal hydride cells or batteries packed with or contained in equipment. Having recalled the comments during CCC 4, the Group also carried out the consequential amendments to the entry for UN 3496 in the dangerous goods list according to the amended SP 963.

3.5 The draft amendments in regard to SP 963 and the entry for UN 3496 in the dangerous goods list, as prepared by the group, are contained in annex 4.

Segregation code SG1

3.6 The Group considered document CCC 4/6/2 (Germany), proposing to amend the description of the segregation code SG1, in order to clarify its intention and meaning, in particular that the segregation must take account of the (main) class as well as of the subsidiary risk.

3.7 During the discussion, the Group agreed to refine the descriptions of the draft SG1 to provide more clarifications. In this context, the Group agreed to add a new sentence "However, in relation to goods of class 1, segregation as for the primary hazard." in SG1.

3.8 The draft amendments in regard to segregation code SG1, as prepared by the group, are contained in annex 4.

Segregation provisions for uranium hexafluoride

3.9 Having recalled the decisions of the Sub-Committee, the Group considered the segregation provisions for uranium hexafluoride, based on document CCC 4/6/3 (Germany), proposing to amend the segregation codes and dangerous goods list, and to adapt the segregation requirements for uranium hexafluoride, in order to reflect the additional risk of class 6.1.

3.10 Taking into account provision 7.2.6.3.1, i.e. regarding dangerous goods of different classes which comprise the same substance but vary only in their water content, such as sodium sulphide in classes 4.2 and 8 or for class 7 if the difference is due to quantity only, the Group agreed that all of the entries of UN 2977, UN 2978 and UN 3507 refer to uranium hexafluoride and the separation should not apply. In this context, the Group agreed to add a new sentence "However, in relation to class 7, no segregation needs to be applied." at the end of proposed SG78.

3.11 Following the discussion, the Group also agreed to add a new SG78 "Stow "separated longitudinally by an intervening complete compartment or hold from" division 1.1, 1.2, and 1.5." for the entries of UN 2977 and UN 2978.

3.12 Subsequently, the draft amendments in regard to segregation provisions for uranium hexafluoride, as prepared by the group are contained in annex 4.

Packing instruction P403

3.13 The Group considered document CCC 4/6/4 (Germany), proposing to clarify the application of special packing provision PP31 in packing instruction P403, with a view to eliminating the inconsistency with PP31 in P410, i.e. in packing instruction P403 the words "except for solid fused material" should be deleted.

3.14 Following the discussion, the Group noted the view expressed that general provision 4.1.1.7.2 covers PP31 and with the deletion of "except for solid fused material", PP31 in P403 could be deleted. The Group also noted P403 is mainly assigned to class 4.3 substances while P410 is mainly assigned to class 4.1; therefore, in addition to the differences in packing groups, the different classes should also be taken into account.

3.15 In this context, the Group noted that there might be an inconsistency between provision 4.1.1.7.2 and the assignment for PP31 and that the assignment of PP31 is not harmonized with the UN Model Regulations, but that further amendments would require a comprehensive review. Subsequently, the Group decided to delete the "except for solid fused material" in P403 and invited interested Member States and international organizations to submit a proposal on the assignment on PP31 to CCC 5.

3.16 The draft amendments in regard to P403, as prepared by the Group are contained in annex 4.

Special provision 363

3.17 The Sub-Committee considered document CCC 4/6/7 (France), proposing to amend special provision 363 regarding the additional marking requirements for UN 3530, in order to differentiate the dimensions for marine pollutant marks according to the capacity of the engine or machinery.

3.18 In this context, the group noted that marking and placarding provisions do not apply to engines and machinery containing not more than 60 litres of liquid fuel and consequentially a marine pollutant mark also is not required.

3.19 With some editorial modifications based on document CCC 4/6/7, the Group prepared draft amendments in regard to additional marking requirements for UN 3530, as set out in annex 4.

Segregation Groups in the Dangerous Goods List

3.20 The Sub-Committee considered document CCC 4/6/10 (Germany), proposing to include the information on segregation groups in the dangerous goods list, and in particular to provide the name or the number of the segregation code to which a particular dangerous good is allocated within the dangerous goods table.

3.21 Having noted that the new abbreviation "SGG" will be more consistent with the referred description "segregation code", the Group prepared the draft amendments in regard to the insertion of segregation group codes as set out in annex 4.

Consideration of proposals referred to E&T 28 by CCC 4

Battery-vehicles

3.22 The Group considered document CCC 4/6/13 (CEFIC), proposing a set of amendments to the IMDG Code regarding sea transport of battery-vehicles for compressed gases, and noted that these battery-vehicles are currently shipped under exemptions, in accordance with paragraph 7.9.1.2 of the IMDG Code.

3.23 Having recalled the comments during CCC 4, the Group agreed to use the term "road gas elements vehicle" in order to avoid possible confusion caused by the term "battery-vehicle". The Group also agreed to delete the pressure drums, tanks and capacity of more than 450 litres in the definition of draft IMO type 9 tank, due to the fact that the existing definitions of "tube" and "cylinder" already provide clarification of the capacity.

3.24 During the discussion, the Group noted that the proposed provisions for the design, construction, inspection and testing of IMO type 9 tank referred to the provisions of 6.7.5 regarding MEGCs. In this context, having noted that the capability of withstanding the applied static forces are already covered by provision 6.7.5.2.8, the Group agreed that the proposed provision 6.8.1.1.3 is not necessary and should be deleted.

3.25 With regard to the proposed marking provisions, the Group noted that the references in chapter 6.8 to marking provisions in chapter 6.7 could be further considered, as not all marking elements might be applicable to road vehicles, in particular the UN marking. In this context, the Group agreed to add "as applicable" to the reference to provision 6.7.5.13 and invited interested Member States and international organizations to submit proposals to a future session.

3.26 After a lengthy discussion, the Group reached a consensus on the draft amendments in regard to road gas elements vehicles, and agreed to include these draft amendments into draft amendment 39-18, as set out in annex 4, with a view to submission to MSC 99 for adoption.

Fumigated cargo transport unit (UN 3359) and MSC.1/Circ.1361

3.27 The Group had for its consideration document CCC 4/6/5 (Germany), reviewing the structure and content of the provisions on fumigated cargo transport units and proposing amendments to the IMDG Code, and in particular to delete the mandatory reference to MSC.1/Circ.1361 in the IMDG Code.

3.28 Having recalled the decisions of the Sub-Committee, the Group carried out the amendments regarding the reference to MSC.1/Circ.1361. In this context, the Group agreed to delete provision 5.5.2.5.1 and insert a footnote referring to MSC.1/Circ.1361 to the heading

of 5.5.2. With regard to the entry for UN 3359 in column 17 of the dangerous goods list, the Group noted the text could be further amended after a comprehensive review of MSC.1/Circ.1361 and decided to keep the text as it is for time being. In this regard, the Group prepared the relevant amendments (5.5.2 and 5.5.2.5.1) to the IMDG Code, as set out in annex 4.

3.29 As instructed by the CCC 4, the Group also further considered the other proposals contained in document CCC 4/6/5 (paragraphs 17.1 and 18). Following the discussion, the Group noted the following views expressed on this matter:

- .1 some of the requirements in existing paragraph 5.5.2.5.4 are valid but not appropriate for inclusion in the IMDG Code;
- .2 paragraph 5.5.2.5.4 refers to national regulations or standards on fumigation and the responsibilities for compliance may be different,
- .3 requirements in existing provision 5.5.2.5.4 are necessary for the crew and master for the safe transport of fumigated cargo transport units;
- .4 the discussion on documents associated with the transport of fumigated cargo transport units is a multimodal issue and should be initiated at UNSCETDG;
- .5 information required in provision 5.5.2.4.3 may be not necessary for the crew on board a ship; and
- .6 provision 5.5.2.5.4 could be further improved.

3.30 After consideration, the Group:

- .1 agreed to the deletion of paragraph 5.5.2.5.2 regarding specific gas detecting devices;
- .2 agreed, by the majority of the Group, on the revised paragraph 5.5.2.5.4 regarding the periods between fumigation and loading, including the reference to a competent authority approval; and
- .3 could not reach an agreement on the amendments to paragraph 5.5.2.4 regarding documentation and invited interested Member States and international organizations to submit new proposals to CCC 5.

3.31 Subsequently, the Group prepared the draft amendments to the IMDG Code, as set out in annex 6, and invited CCC 5 to endorse these amendments to be included in amendment 40-20 to the IMDG Code.

3.32 Following the discussion, the Group also carried out a review of MSC.1/Circ.1361. In this context, the Group noted the following views expressed on this matter:

- .1 a thorough review on the MSC.1/Circ.1361 is necessary;
- .2 the reproduction of relevant regulations of the IMDG Code in the existing MSC.1/Circ.1361 should be deleted or should at least be not the main content;
- .3 the roles and responsibilities of personnel involved in the sea transport of fumigated transport units should be clarified;

- .4 international organizations, in particular those involved with fumigation and container operations, should be encouraged to contribute their practical experiences and expertise on this matter; and
- .5 the impacts and possible overlaps between the CTU Code should also be considered.

3.33 Subsequently, the Group invited interested Member States and, in particular, international organizations to submit new proposals to CCC 5.

Provisions for batteries installed in cargo transport units

3.34 As instructed by CCC 4, the Group had for its further consideration document CCC 4/6/11 (China), proposing a new special provision on the transport of batteries (UN 2800) installed in cargo transport units, acting as the emergency power supply equipment of the container data centres secured in the same cargo transport units, which also consist of fixed fire suppression systems (fire extinguishers) and air-conditioning systems (refrigerating machines).

3.35 Following the discussion, the Group noted the following recommendations:

- .1 an application of new provisions on the classification of the articles could be considered; and
- .2 the items could be transported under the individual dangerous goods requirements.

Corrections to the twentieth revised edition of the UN Model Regulations

3.36 The Group noted the information contained in document E&T 28/INF.2 (Secretariat), providing draft amendments the IMDG Code, based on the corrections to the twentieth revised edition of the *Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model Regulations*, as set out in document ST/SG/AC.10/C.3/102/Add.1. In this context, the Group had its consideration on these draft amendments and agreed to merge these draft amendments, as appropriate, into draft amendment 39-18, as set out in annex 4.

Contact information for the main designated national competent authorities

3.37 During the discussion, the Group noted that there were several updates regarding contact information for the main designated national competent authorities. Taking into account MSC.1/Circ.1563 and the information provided by the Member States, the Group prepared the related updated contact information as set out in annex 4.

Finalization of the draft amendments (39-18) and information relevant to the UNSCETDG

3.38 Finally, the Group finalized the draft amendments (39-18) to the IMDG Code as set out in annex 4, and requested the Secretariat to circulate the final draft amendment 39-18, in accordance with SOLAS article VIII, for consideration and subsequent adoption by MSC 99. In this context, the Group also requested the Secretariat, to inform UNSCETDG 52, on the following relevant amendments:

- .1 draft amendments to provision 5.3.1.1.2, regarding the addition of bulk containers: in subparagraph .2 not to insert "bulk containers" as they are not used for class 1 substances;
- .2 in the Appendix, glossary of terms, definition of "Initiation, means of", in .2, not to replace "significant risk" by "significant hazard";
- .3 in LP903, second sentence, replace the first sentence to read "The following large packagings are authorized for a single battery and for a single item of equipment containing cells or batteries..."; and
- .4 draft amendments to provision 5.2.2.2.1.1.2 regarding the provisions for labels (i.e. 2mm), which could be harmonized with the other mode of transport regulations.

4 FINALIZATION OF DRAFT AMENDMENTS TO THE IMDG CODE SUPPLEMENT

Consolidated EmS Guide

4.1 The Group had for its consideration document CCC 4/6/9 (Germany), proposing to reinsert special cases for UN 3332 and UN 3333 in schedule S-S of the EmS Guide. In this context, the Group agreed to the proposals in document CCC 4/6/9, and reinserted special cases for UN 3332 and UN 3333 in schedule S-S of the EmS Guide, with some editorial modifications.

4.2 Having recalled the comments during CCC 4, the Group also carried out the consequential amendments to UN 3332 and UN 3333 in the dangerous goods list in the IMDG Code, as set out in annex 4. Furthermore, the Group also incorporated the relevant corrections as proposed in document CCC 4/6/17.

4.3 Subsequently, the Group prepared the draft consolidated Revised Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods (EmS) Guide, also taking account of some editorial corrections, as set out in annex 5.

5 EXPRESSIONS OF APPRECIATION

5.1 The Group expressed its appreciation to Mr. Patrick Van Lancker (Belgium) (retirement) and Ms Heddy Lindeijer (Netherlands) (transfer to other duties), for their invaluable contribution to its work and wished them a long and happy retirement or, as the case might be, every success in their new duties:

6 ACTION REQUESTED OF THE SUB-COMMITTEE

- 6.1 The Sub-Committee is invited to approve the report in general and, in particular, to:
- .1 note that the Group finalized the editorial corrections to amendment 38-16 to the IMDG Code and requested the Secretariat to issue a corrigendum before 1 January 2018, the date when amendment 38-16 enters into force (paragraph 2.1 and annex 1);
 - .2 note that the Group agreed to the editorial corrections applicable to the French and Spanish text of amendment 38-16 to the IMDG Code and requested the Secretariat to issue separate corrigenda (French and Spanish) containing the editorial corrections (paragraphs 2.2 and 2.3 and annexes 2 and 3);

- .3 note that the Group finalized the draft amendments (39-18) to the IMDG Code for the Secretary-General to circulate the final draft amendment 39-18 to the IMDG Code in accordance with SOLAS article VIII, for consideration and subsequent adoption by MSC 99 (paragraph 3.38 and annex 4);
- .4 note that the Group requested the Secretariat to inform UNSCETDG 52 of the relevant amendments to the IMDG Code (paragraph 3.38);
- .5 endorse the draft amendments regarding fumigated cargo transport units, with a view to be included in the amendment 40-20 of the IMDG Code (paragraph 3.31 and annex 6);
- .6 note the Group invited interested Member States and international organizations to submit new proposals regarding fumigated cargo transport units to CCC 5, for the amendments of the IMDG Code and MSC.1/Circ.1361 (paragraphs 3.32 and 3.33); and
- .7 note that the Group finalized the consolidated EmS Guide and requested the Secretariat to submit it for approval to MSC 99 (paragraph 4.3 and annex 5).

ANNEX 1

DRAFT EDITORIAL CORRECTIONS TO THE ENGLISH VERSION OF THE IMDG CODE AMENDMENT 38-16 ADOPTED BY RESOLUTION MSC.406(96)

PART 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEFINITIONS AND TRAINING

Chapter 1.2 Definitions, units of measurement and abbreviations

1.2.1 Definitions

In the definition of *Self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT)*, replace the second sentence with "The self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT) shall be determined in accordance with Part II of the Manual of Tests and Criteria."

PART 2 CLASSIFICATION

Chapter 2.3 Class 3 – Flammable liquids

2.3.2 Assignment of packing group

2.3.2.2.1 In the first column of the table, in the last line, replace "700 < t" with "700 < v".

Chapter 2.7 Class 7 – Radioactive material

2.7.2 Classification

2.7.2.1 General provisions

2.7.2.3 Determination of other material characteristics

2.7.2.3.2 *Surface contaminated object (SCO)*

2.7.2.3.2.1.2 At the end of the subparagraph .2, replace "or" with "and".

2.7.2.3.2.2.2 At the end of the subparagraph .2, replace "or" with "and".

2.7.2.4 Classification of packages or unpacked material

2.7.2.4.1 Classification as excepted package

2.7.2.4.1.2 In table 2.7.2.4.1.2, replace "Item limits^a" with "Item limits^a", "Package limits^a" with "Package limits^a" and also replace "Material package limits^a" with "Material package limits^a".

Chapter 2.9
Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles
(class 9) and environmentally hazardous substances

2.9.3 Environmentally hazardous substances (aquatic environment)

2.9.3.4 Mixtures classification categories and criteria

2.9.3.4.6 Summation method

2.9.3.4.6.3.1 Add a full stop "." at the end of the paragraph.

PART 3
DANGEROUS GOODS LIST, SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND EXCEPTIONS

Chapter 3.2
Dangerous goods list

In the dangerous goods list, amend the following entries as follows:

0500	in column 15, replace "S-Y" with "S-X"
0501	in column 15, replace "S-X" with "S-Y"
1324	in column 15, replace "F-G" with "F-A"
1333	in column 2, replace "CERIUM slabs, ingots or rods" with "CERIUM, slabs, ingots or rods"
1374 PG II	in column 2, replace the word "FISHMEAL" with "FISH MEAL" and replace the word "FISHSCRAP" with "FISH SCRAP"
1374 PG III	in column 2, replace the word "FISHMEAL" with "FISH MEAL" and replace the word "FISHSCRAP" with "FISH SCRAP"
1396 PG III	in column 9, delete "PP40"
1398 PG III	in column 9, delete "PP40"
1402 PG I	in column 9, delete "PP40"
1403 PG III	in column 9, delete "PP40"
1405 PG III	in column 9, delete "PP40"
1418 PG II	in column 15, replace " <u>F-G</u> " with "F-G"
1418 PG III	in column 15, replace " <u>F-G</u> " with "F-G"
1712	in column 2, replace "ZINC ARSENATE or ZINC ARSENITE or ZINC ARSENATE, ZINC ARSENITE MIXTURE" with "ZINC ARSENATE or ZINC ARSENITE or ZINC ARSENATE AND ZINC ARSENITE MIXTURE"
2216	in column 2, replace the word "FISHMEAL" with "FISH MEAL" and replace the word "FISHSCRAP" with "FISH SCRAP"
2383	in column 16a, insert "SW1"
2441	in column 9, insert "PP31"

2465	in column 2, replace "or DICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, SALTS" with "or DICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID SALTS"
2735 PG I	in column 15, replace "F-E" with "F-A"
2870 PG I	in column 15, replace " <u>F-G</u> " with "F-G"
2908	in column 6, insert "368"
2913	in column 6, insert "325"
3132 PG III	in column 9, delete "PP 40"
3208 PG III	in column 9, delete "PP 40"
3326	in column 6, insert "326"
3391 PG I	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3392 PG I	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3393 PG I	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3394 PG I	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3395 PG I	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3395 PG II	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3395 PG III	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3396 PG I	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3396 PG II	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3396 PG III	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3397 PG I	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3397 PG II	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3397 PG III	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3398 PG I	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3398 PG II	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3398 PG III	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3399 PG I	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3399 PG II	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3399 PG III	in column 16b, add "SG72"

3400 PG II	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3400 PG III	in column 16b, add "SG72"
3482 PG I	in column 15, replace "F-G" with " <u>F-G</u> "
3513	in column 15, replace the dot "." with a comma ","
3530	in column 17, delete the words "or fuel cells"

Chapter 3.3 **Special provisions applicable to certain substances, materials or articles**

Amend the following special provisions:

SP 207 Replace "Moulding compounds" with "Plastics moulding compounds".

SP 225 In the second paragraph, delete the second sentence. Add a new third paragraph as follows:

"Fire extinguishers under this entry include:

- .1 portable fire extinguishers for manual handling and operation;
- .2 fire extinguishers for installation in aircraft;
- .3 fire extinguishers mounted on wheels for manual handling;
- .4 fire extinguishing equipment or machinery mounted on wheels or wheeled platforms or units transported similar to (small) trailers; and
- .5 fire extinguishers composed of a non-rollable pressure drum and equipment, and handled, e.g. by fork lift or crane when loaded or unloaded."

SP 369 In the first paragraph, replace "with radioactive material" by "with radioactivity". In the end of the second paragraph, replace "2.7.2.3.6" with "2.7.2.3.5".

SP 384 At the end, before the note, insert "However, for placarding of cargo transport units, the placard shall correspond to Model No.9."

SP 907 Replace the word "Fishmeal" with "Fish meal" once, and replace "fishmeal" with "fish meal" two times.

SP 928 Replace the word "fishmeal" with "fish meal" three times.

SP 945 Replace the word "fishmeal" with "fish meal".

Chapter 3.4 **Dangerous goods packed in limited quantities**

3.4.1.2.5 Replace "5.1.1.4" with "5.1.1.6" (see also amendments to chapter 5.1.1 below).

3.4.5 Marking and placarding

3.4.5.5.4 Replace "The marking shall" with "The mark shall".

PART 4 PACKING AND TANK PROVISIONS

Chapter 4.1 Use of packagings, including intermediate bulk containers (IBCs) and large packagings

4.1.1 General provisions for the packing of dangerous goods in packagings, including IBCs and large packagings

4.1.1.10 In the table, in the column for packing group, for entry UN 2056 Tetrahydrofuran, replace "I" with "II", and for entry UN 2247 *n*-Decane, replace "II" with "III".

4.1.4 List of packing instructions

4.1.4.1 Packing instructions concerning the use of packagings (except IBCs and large packagings)

P002 In special packing provision PP11, replace "UN Nos. 1361 and 1362, 5M1 bags" with "and UN 1362, 5H1, 5L1 and 5M1 bags".

P200 In paragraph (2)(a), replace the words "name and description" with the words "proper shipping name".

P200 In paragraph (3)(a) replace the reference to "(4)" with "(5)", to read as follows:

"(a) For compressed gases, the working pressure shall be not more than two thirds of the test pressure of the pressure receptacles. Restrictions to this upper limit on working pressure are imposed by special packing provision "o" in (5) below. In no case shall the internal pressure at 65°C exceed the test pressure."

In paragraph (3)(b) and (b)(i) replace the reference to "(4)" with "(5)", to read as follows:

"(b) For high pressure liquefied gases, the filling ratio shall be such that the settled pressure at 65°C does not exceed the test pressure of the pressure receptacles.

The use of test pressure and filling ratios other than those in the table is permitted, except where (5), special packing provision "o" applies, provided that:

(i) the criterion of (5), special packing provision "r" is met when applicable; or"

In paragraph (3)(d) replace the reference to "(4)" with "(5)" to read as follows:

"(d) For UN 1001, acetylene, dissolved, and UN 3374 acetylene, solvent free, see (5), special packing provision "p"."

P403 In special packing provision PP31, after 2813, delete "(PG I)".

P410 In special packing provision PP40, delete "1398," and "1403,".

P603 In the special provision, delete "and 6.4.11.2".

PART 5 CONSIGNMENT PROCEDURES

Chapter 5.1 General provisions

5.1.1 Application and general provisions

Renumber the current paragraphs 5.1.1.3.1, 5.1.1.3.2, 5.1.1.3.3 and 5.1.1.4 as the new paragraphs 5.1.1.3, 5.1.1.4, 5.1.1.5 and 5.1.1.6.

5.1.2 Use of overpacks and unit loads

5.1.2.1 Replace the word "markings" with the word "marks" twice and replace the word "marking" with the word "mark".

Chapter 5.2 Marking and labelling of packages including IBCs

In the second sentence of the note below the heading of chapter 5.2, replace the word "markings" with the word "marks".

5.2.1.10 Lithium battery mark

5.2.1.10.2 In the last paragraph, after "black on white", insert "or suitable contrasting background".

5.2.2.2 Provisions for labels

5.2.2.1.2.1 Replace "Fishmeal" with "Fish meal". In the corresponding footnote, replace "fishmeal" with "fish meal" twice.

5.2.2.2.1.3 Replace the second sentence with the following sentences:

"However, for label model No.9A, the upper half of the label shall only contain the seven vertical stripes of the symbol and the lower half shall contain the group of batteries of the symbol and the class number. Except for label model No.9A, the label may include such text as the UN number, or words describing the hazard class (e.g. "flammable") in accordance with 5.2.2.2.1.5 provided that the text does not obscure or detract from the other required label elements."

Chapter 5.3 Placarding and marking of cargo transport units

5.3.2 Marking of cargo transport units

5.3.2.0 Display of proper shipping name

5.3.2.0.2 In the first sentence, replace the words "not more than 65 mm" with the words "not less than 65 mm". In the third sentence, replace the words "capacity of less than" with the words "capacity of not more than".

Chapter 5.4 Documentation

5.4.4 Other required information and documentation

5.4.4.1.2 Replace the word "fishmeal" with "fish meal", and replace the word "seedcake" with "seed cake".

PART 6 CONSTRUCTION AND TESTING OF PACKAGINGS, INTERMEDIATE BULK CONTAINERS (IBCs), LARGE PACKAGINGS, PORTABLE TANKS, MULTIPLE- ELEMENT GAS CONTAINERS (MEGCs) AND ROAD TANK VEHICLES

Chapter 6.1 Provisions for the construction and testing of packagings (other than for class 6.2 substances)

6.1.2 Code for designating types of packagings

6.1.2.7 In the table, the two cells in column "paragraph" for section "B Aluminium" of "1 Drums" should be merged.

6.1.3 Marking

6.1.3.7 Replace the word "markings" with the word "marks".

Chapter 6.2 Provisions for the construction and testing of pressure receptacles, aerosol dispensers, small receptacles containing gas (gas cartridges) and fuel cell cartridges containing liquefied flammable gas

6.2.1.5 Initial inspection and test

6.2.1.5.2 In the second paragraph, replace "in 6.2.1.5.1, .7, .8, and .9," with "in 6.2.1.5.1.7, .8, and .9,".

Chapter 6.3
Provisions for the construction and testing of packagings
for class 6.2 infectious substances of category A

6.3.4 Marking

6.3.4.2 Under (f) replace ";" with "and". Under (g) at the end, replace ";" with "." and delete "(h) each element of the marking applied in accordance with subparagraphs (a) to (g)."

Chapter 6.4
Provisions for the construction, testing and approval of packages for radioactive
material and for the approval of such material

6.4.2 General provisions

6.4.2.11 In the fourth line, replace "4.1.9.1.10 and 4.1.9.1.11" with "4.1.9.1.11 and 4.1.9.1.12".

6.4.23 Applications for approval and approvals for radioactive material transport

6.4.23.12 (a) In the fourth line of the paragraph, replace "identification marking" with "identification mark".

6.4.23.19 Replace "under 6.4.22.2, 6.4.22.3, 6.4.22.4, 6.4.24.2 and 6.4.24.3" with "under 6.4.22.2, 6.4.22.3, 6.4.22.4 and 6.4.24.2".

Chapter 6.5
Provisions for the construction and testing
of intermediate bulk containers (IBCs)

6.5.2.1 Primary marking

6.5.2.1.2 Delete the following last sentence: "Each element of the marking applied in accordance with subparagraphs .1 to .8 and with 6.5.2.2 shall be clearly separated, such as by a slash or space, so as to be easily identifiable."

6.5.5.5 Specific provisions for fibreboard IBCs

6.5.5.5.3 Replace the words "The fluting or corrugated fibreboard" with the words "The fluting of corrugated fibreboard".

6.5.5.6 Specific provisions for wooden IBCs

6.5.5.6.4 Replace the paragraph with the following:

"Natural wood shall be well seasoned, commercially dry and free from defects that would materially lessen the strength of any part of the IBC. Each part of the IBC shall consist of one piece or be equivalent thereto. Parts are considered equivalent to one piece, when:

a suitable method of glued assembly, as for instance Lindermann joint, tongue and groove joint, ship lap or rabbet joint is used; or

a butt joint with at least two corrugated metal fasteners at each joint is used;
or

other methods at least equally effective are used."

Chapter 6.6
Provisions for the construction and testing of large packagings

6.6.5 Test provisions for large packagings

6.6.5.1 Performance and frequency of test

6.6.5.1.9 Large salvage packagings

6.6.5.1.9 (b) Replace "required by 6.6.5.4." with "required by 6.6.5.4; and".

Chapter 6.7
**Provisions for the design, construction, inspection and testing of portable tanks
and multiple-element gas containers (MEGCs)**

6.7.2 Provisions for the design, construction, inspection and testing of portable tanks intended for the transport of substances of class 1 and classes 3 to 9

6.7.2.1 Definitions

6.7.2.1.2.3 In the definitions of *Design pressure*, replace ", but not less than 0.35 bar." with ", but not less than 0.35 bar; or".

6.7.3 Provisions for the design, construction, inspection and testing of portable tanks intended for the transport of non-refrigerated liquefied gases of class 2

6.7.3.8 Capacity of relief devices

6.7.3.8.1.1 In the footnote, replace the word "tempratures" with "temperatures".

6.7.3.9 Marking of pressure relief devices

6.7.3.9.2 Replace "ISO 4126 1:2004" with "ISO 4126-1:2004".

PART 7
PROVISIONS CONCERNING TRANSPORT OPERATIONS

Chapter 7.1
General stowage provisions

7.1.4 Special stowage provisions

7.1.4.3 Stowage of limited quantities and excepted quantities

Replace the words "sections 3.4 and 3.5" with "chapters 3.4 and 3.5".

Chapter 7.2

General segregation provisions

7.2.7 Segregation of goods of class 1

7.2.7.2 Segregation from goods of other classes

7.2.7.2.1 Replace the words "AMMONIUM NITRATE FERTILIZERS" with "AMMONIUM NITRATE BASED FERTILIZER".

7.2.8 Segregation codes

In the entry for SG72, replace "See 7.2.6.3.2." by "See tables in 7.2.6.3.".

Annex

Segregation flow chart

Examples

2.3 Replace the words "For UN 1489, column 16b of the Dangerous Goods List states: ""separated from" ammonium compounds and cyanides"" with "For UN 1489, column 16b of the Dangerous Goods List states "SG38" ("separated from" ammonium compounds other than AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE (UN 1444)) and "SG49" ("separated from" cyanides)".

2.4 Replace the words "For UN 1653, column 16b of the Dangerous Goods List states: ""separated from" acids"" with "For UN 1653, column 16b of the Dangerous Goods List states "SG35" ("separated from" acids)".

3.5 Replace the words "For UN 1183, column 16b of the Dangerous Goods List states: "segregation as for class 3 but "away from" classes 3, 4.1 and 8"" with "For UN 1183, column 16b of the Dangerous Goods List states "SG5" (segregation as for class 3), "SG8" ("away from" class 4.1), "SG13" ("away from" class 8), "SG25" ("separated from" goods of classes 2.1 and 3) and "SG26" (in addition: from goods of classes 2.1 and 3 when stowed on deck of a containership a minimum distance of two container spaces athwartship shall be maintained, when stowed on ro-ro ships a distance of 6 m athwartship shall be maintained)".

3.6 Replace the words "as UN 1183 is required to be "away from" class 3, the substances are required to be "away from" one another" with "as UN 1183 is required to be "separated from" class 3, the substances are required to be "separated from" one another. In addition, when these substances are stowed on deck of a containership a minimum distance of two container spaces athwartship shall be maintained, and when they are stowed on ro-ro ships a distance of 6 m athwartship shall be maintained".

Chapter 7.3

Consigning operations concerning the packing and use of cargo transport units (CTUs) and related provisions

7.3.2 General provisions for cargo transport units

7.3.2.3 Replace the word "requirement" with "requirements".

7.3.7 Cargo transport units under temperature control

7.3.7.2.1 In the table, in column SADT, delete the symbol cross and the corresponding footnote.

Chapter 7.4

Stowage and segregation on containerships

7.4.1 Introduction

7.4.1.1 Replace the word "term" with "terms".

7.4.1.3 Replace the word "FISHMEAL" with "FISH MEAL" twice.

Chapter 7.5

Stowage and segregation on ro-ro ships

7.5.2 Stowage provisions

7.5.2.11 Replace the words "II 2/37" with "II-2/37".

Chapter 7.6

Stowage and segregation on general cargo ships

7.6.2 Stowage and handling provisions

7.6.2.7 Provisions for classes 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3

7.6.2.7.2 Replace the word "FISHMEAL" with "FISH MEAL" twice.

7.6.2.7.3.1 Replace the word "fishmeal" with "fish meal".

7.6.2.11 Stowage of goods of class 9

7.6.2.11.2 Replace the word "FISHMEAL" with "FISH MEAL".

7.6.2.11.2.1 Replace the word "FISHMEAL" with "FISH MEAL".

Chapter 7.8

Special requirements in the event of an incident and fire precautions involving dangerous goods

7.8.6 Special fire precautions for class 1

Renumber the current paragraphs 7.8.6.1.1, 7.8.6.1.2 and 7.8.6.1.3 as the new paragraphs 7.8.6.1, 7.8.6.2 and 7.8.6.3.

7.8.7 Special fire precautions for class 2

Renumber the current paragraphs 7.8.7.3.1 and 7.8.7.3.2 as the new paragraphs 7.8.7.3 and 7.8.7.4.

APPENDICES

Appendix A List of generic and N.O.S. proper shipping names

In the table for "Class 4.1", move the following entries for polymerizing substances from generic entries to specific entries:

"4.1	3531	POLYMERIZING SUBSTANCE, SOLID, STABILIZED, N.O.S.
4.1	3532	POLYMERIZING SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, STABILIZED, N.O.S.
4.1	3533	POLYMERIZING SUBSTANCE, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED, N.O.S.
4.1	3534	POLYMERIZING SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED, N.O.S."

INDEX

Alphabetical Index

Amend the following entries as indicated hereunder:

In the entry for "Arsenates, liquid, N.O.S., inorganic, see", replace "N.O.S." with "n.o.s."

In the entry for "Arsenates, solid, N.O.S., inorganic, see", replace "N.O.S." with "n.o.s."

In the entry for "Arsenic sulphides, liquid, N.O.S., inorganic, see", replace "N.O.S." with "n.o.s."

In the entry for "Arsenic sulphides, solid, N.O.S., inorganic, see", replace "N.O.S." with "n.o.s."

In the entry for "Arsenites, liquid, N.O.S., inorganic, see", replace "N.O.S." with "n.o.s."

In the entry for "Arsenites, solid, N.O.S., inorganic, see", replace "N.O.S." with "n.o.s."

In the entry for "DICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, SALTS", replace "DICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, SALTS" with "DICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID SALTS".

In the three entries for "FISHMEAL", replace "FISHMEAL" with "FISH MEAL" and replace "fishmeal" with "fish meal".

In the three entries for "FISHSCRAP", replace "FISHSCRAP" with "FISH SCRAP" and replace "fishscrap" with "fish scrap".

ANNEX 2

PROJET DE CORRECTIONS EDITORIALES A LA VERSION FRANÇAISE DES AMENDEMENTS 38-16 AU CODE IMDG ADOPTES PAR LA RESOLUTION MSC.406(96)

Note : Les propositions de corrections ci-dessous sont basées sur la version française du Code IMDG (amendement 38-16), telle que publiée sous la cote MSC 96/25/Add.2/Rev.1

PARTIE 1 DISPOSITIONS GÉNÉRALES, DÉFINITIONS ET DISPOSITIONS CONCERNANT LA FORMATION

Chapitre 1.2 Définitions, unités de mesure et abréviations

1.2.1 Définitions

Dans la définition de *Température de décomposition auto-accélérée (TDAA)*, remplacer la deuxième phrase par "La température de décomposition auto-accélérée (TDAA) doit être déterminée selon la Partie II du *Manuel d'épreuves et de critères* de l'ONU".

Chapitre 1.3 Dispositions concernant la formation

1.3.1.6 Tableau indicatif décrivant les sections du Code IMDG ou des autres instruments pertinents qu'il peut être approprié de considérer dans toute formation ayant trait au transport de marchandises dangereuses

Dans les têtes de colonnes du tableau, remplacer "Directives pour le chargement des cargaisons dans des engins de transport" par "Code CTU".

1.3.1.7 Recueils de règles, codes et publications pouvant être appropriés pour la formation spécifique:

Au 1.3.1.7.6, remplacer "Code de bonnes pratiques OMI/OIT/CEE-ONU pour le chargement des cargaisons dans des engins de transport (Code CTU)" par "Code CTU".

PARTIE 3 LISTE DES MARCHANDISES DANGEREUSES, DISPOSITIONS SPÉCIALES ET EXCEPTIONS

Chapitre 3.1 Généralités

Au 3.1.2.6, à la fin du premier paragraphe, supprimer le mot "utilisateur".

Chapitre 3.2 Liste des marchandises dangereuses

Dans la liste des marchandises dangereuses, modifier les rubriques ci-dessous comme suit:

1268 GE II	Dans la colonne 6, supprimer "363"
1268 GE III	Dans la colonne 6, supprimer "363"
1396 GE III	Dans la colonne 9, supprimer "PP40"
1398 GE III	Dans la colonne 9, supprimer "PP40"
1402 GE I	Dans la colonne 9, supprimer "PP40"
1403 GE III	Dans la colonne 9, supprimer "PP40" et ajouter "PP31"
1418 GE I	Dans la colonne 15, remplacer "F-G" par " <u>F-G</u> "
1483 GE II	Dans la colonne 9, supprimer "L3"
1483 GE III	Dans la colonne 9, ajouter "PP100" et "L3"
1509 GE II	Dans la colonne 9, ajouter "PP100"
1920 GE III	Dans la colonne 14, remplacer TP1 par TP2
2383	Dans la colonne 16a, ajouter "SW1"
2441	Dans la colonne 9, ajouter "PP31"
2793 GE III	Dans la colonne 9, remplacer "LP3" par "L3"
2858 GE III	Dans la colonne 9, intervertir "L3" et "PP100" (PP100 doit être au-dessus de L3)
2870 Première rubrique	Dans la colonne 15, remplacer " <u>F-G</u> " par "F-G"
3132 GE III	Dans la colonne 9, supprimer "PP40"
3148 GE I	Dans la colonne 15, remplacer "F-G" par " <u>F-G</u> "
3148 GE II	Dans la colonne 15, remplacer " <u>F-G</u> " par "F-G"
3208 GE III	Dans la colonne 9, supprimer "PP40"
3391 GE I	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3392 GE I	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3393 GE I	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3394 GE I	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"

3395 GE I	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3395 GE II	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3395 GE III	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3396 GE I	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3396 GE II	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3396 GE III	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3397 GE I	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3397 GE II	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3397 GE III	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3398 GE I	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3398 GE II	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3398 GE III	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3399 GE I	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3399 GE II	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3399 GE III	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3400 GE II	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3400 GE III	Dans la colonne 16b, ajouter "SG72"
3482 GE I	Dans la colonne 15, remplacer "F-G" par " <u>F-G</u> "
3530	Dans la colonne 17, supprimer les mots "ou de piles à combustible"

Chapitre 3.3
**Dispositions spéciales applicables à une substance,
une matière ou à un objet particulier**

Modifier les dispositions spéciales ci-dessous comme suit:

DS 29 Après "de la classe", insérer "ou de la division".

DS 295 Remplacer "le marquage et l'étiquette appropriés" par "la marque et l'étiquette appropriées".

DS 310 Dans le dernier paragraphe, remplacer "doivent être emballées" par "peuvent être emballées".

- DS 339 Dans le paragraphe « *Épreuve d'étanchéité en production* », remplacer "un marquage permanent" par "une marque permanente".
- DS 363 Dans le paragraphe .1, remplacer "alimentés par des carburants" par "fonctionnant à l'aide de combustibles".
- DS 363 Dans les paragraphes .2 à .7, remplacer "carburant" par "combustible" et "carburants" par "combustibles".
- DS 369 Dans le premier paragraphe, remplacer "de matière radioactive" par "de radioactivité".
- DS 384 Après la première phrase, avant le Nota, insérer la phrase suivante: "Cependant, pour le placardage des engins de transport, la plaque-étiquette doit correspondre au modèle N° 9."
- DS 961 Au début du .1, remplacer "Les véhicules sont arrimés sur le véhicule, dans les locaux de catégorie spéciale ..." par "Les véhicules sont arrimés dans les locaux à véhicules, dans les locaux de catégorie spéciale ..." (le reste du texte est inchangé).

Chapitre 3.4

Marchandises dangereuses emballées en quantités limitées

- 3.4.1.2.5 Remplacer "5.1.1.4" par "5.1.1.6" (Voir également les correctifs à la section 5.1.1 ci-dessous).

PARTIE 4

DISPOSITIONS RELATIVES À L'UTILISATION DES EMBALLAGES ET DES CITERNES

Chapitre 4.1

Utilisation des emballages, y compris les grands récipients pour vrac (GRV) et les grands emballages

4.1.4 Liste des instructions d'emballage

- P002 Dans la disposition spéciale d'emballage PP11, remplacer "et 1361 et 1362, les sacs 5M1" par "et le N° ONU 1362, les sacs 5H1, 5L1 et 5M1".
- P200 Dans le paragraphe 2) a), remplacer "le nom et la description" par "la désignation officielle de transport".
- P200 Dans le paragraphe 3) a), remplacer la référence au 4) par la référence au 5) pour lire comme suit:
- "a) Pour les gaz comprimés, la pression de service ne doit pas être supérieure aux deux tiers de la pression d'épreuve des récipients à pression. Des restrictions à cette limite supérieure de la pression de service sont imposées par la disposition spéciale d'emballage «o» indiquée ci-après en 5). En aucun cas, la pression interne à 65°C ne doit dépasser la pression d'épreuve."

- P200 Dans les paragraphes 3) b) et b) i), remplacer la référence au 4) par la référence au 5) pour lire comme suit:
- "b) Pour les gaz liquéfiés à haute pression, le taux de remplissage doit être tel que la pression stabilisée à 65°C ne dépasse pas la pression d'épreuve des récipients à pression.
Sauf dans les cas où la disposition spéciale «o» du paragraphe 5) s'applique, l'utilisation de pressions d'épreuve et de taux de remplissage différents de ceux qui sont indiqués au tableau est permise à condition:
- i) qu'il soit satisfait au critère de la disposition spéciale «r» du paragraphe 5), lorsqu'elle s'applique; ou"
- P200 Dans le paragraphe 3) d), remplacer la référence au 4) par la référence au 5) pour lire comme suit:
- "d) Pour le N° ONU 1001, acétylène dissous, et le N° ONU 3374, acétylène sans solvant, voir sous 5) la disposition spéciale d'emballage «p»;"
- P410 Dans la disposition spéciale d'emballage PP40, supprimer "1398" et "1403".

PARTIE 5 PROCÉDURES D'EXPÉDITION

Chapitre 5.1 Dispositions générales

5.1.1 Application et dispositions générales

Renommer les paragraphes actuels "5.1.1.3.1, 5.1.1.3.2, 5.1.1.3.3 et 5.1.1.4" en "5.1.1.3, 5.1.1.4, 5.1.1.5 et 5.1.1.6".

5.1.2 Emploi de suremballages et d'unités de charge

5.1.2.1 Dans la dernière phrase, remplacer "Les lettres du marquage" par "Les lettres de la marque".

Chapitre 5.2 Marquage et étiquetage des colis, y compris des GRV

5.2.1.10 Marque pour les batteries au lithium

5.2.1.10.2 Dans le dernier paragraphe, après "noir sur fond blanc", ajouter "ou d'une couleur offrant un contraste suffisant avec le fond".

5.2.2.2 Dispositions relatives aux étiquettes

5.2.2.2.1.3 Remplacer la deuxième phrase existante comme suit (homogénéité avec les Recommandations de l'ONU):

"Toutefois, pour l'étiquette du modèle N° 9A, la moitié supérieure de l'étiquette ne doit contenir que les sept lignes verticales du signe conventionnel et la moitié inférieure doit contenir le groupe de piles du signe conventionnel et le numéro de la classe. Sauf

pour le modèle N° 9A, les étiquettes peuvent contenir du texte comme le numéro ONU ou des mots décrivant la classe de risque (par exemple "inflammable") conformément au 5.2.2.2.1.5 à condition que ce texte ne masque pas ou ne diminue pas l'importance des autres informations devant figurer sur l'étiquette."

PARTIE 6
CONSTRUCTION DES EMBALLAGES, DES GRANDS RÉCIPIENTS POUR VRAC (GRV),
DES GRANDS EMBALLAGES, DES CITERNES MOBILES,
DES CONTENEURS À GAZ À ÉLÉMENTS MULTIPLES (CGEM)
ET DES VÉHICULES-CITERNES ROUTIERS
ET ÉPREUVES QU'ILS DOIVENT SUBIR

Chapitre 6.1
Dispositions relatives à la construction des emballages
(autres que les emballages pour les matières de la classe 6.2)
et aux épreuves qu'ils doivent subir

6.1.3 Marquage

Au 6.1.3.7, remplacer "les alinéas h) à g)" par "les alinéas h) à j)".

Chapitre 6.2
Dispositions relatives à la construction des récipients à pression, générateurs
d'aérosols, récipients de faible capacité contenant du gaz (cartouches à gaz) et
cartouches pour pile à combustible contenant un gaz liquéfié inflammable
et aux épreuves qu'ils doivent subir

6.2.1.5 Contrôles et épreuves initiaux

6.2.1.5.2 Dans le deuxième paragraphe, remplacer "aux 6.2.1.5.1, .7, .8 et .9," par "aux 6.2.1.5.1.7, .8 et .9,".

Chapitre 6.3
Dispositions relatives à la construction des emballages
pour les matières infectieuses (catégorie A)
de la classe 6.2 et aux épreuves qu'ils doivent subir

6.3.4 Marquage

6.3.4.2 Au f) remplacer ";" par "et";
Au g) remplacer "; et" par ".";
Supprimer "h) chaque élément de la marque apposée conformément aux alinéas a)
à g)."

Chapitre 6.4
Dispositions relatives à la construction des colis pour les matières radioactives, aux
épreuves qu'ils doivent subir, à leur agrément et à l'agrément de ces matières

6.4.23 Demandes d'approbation et approbations concernant le transport de matières radioactives

6.4.23.12 Au a) remplacer "la cote appropriée" par "les marques d'identification appropriées".

Chapitre 6.5

Dispositions relatives à la construction des grands récipients pour vrac (GRV) et aux épreuves qu'ils doivent subir

6.5.2 Marquage

6.5.2.1 Marque principale

6.5.2.1.2 Supprimer la dernière phrase "Chaque élément de la marque apposée conformément aux alinéas .1 a .8 et au 6.5.2.2 doit être clairement séparé, par exemple par une barre oblique ou par un espace, de manière à être aisément identifiable."

6.5.5.6 Dispositions particulières applicables aux GRV en bois

6.5.5.6.4 Remplacer le texte du paragraphe par le texte suivant:

"Quand le corps est en bois naturel, celui-ci doit être bien séché, commercialement exempt d'humidité et net de défauts susceptibles de réduire sensiblement la résistance de tout élément constitutif du GRV. Chaque élément du GRV doit être d'une seule pièce ou considéré comme équivalent. Les éléments sont considérés comme équivalant à des éléments d'une seule pièce lorsqu'ils sont assemblés:

- par collage selon une méthode appropriée (par exemple, assemblage à queue d'aronde, à rainure et languette, à mi-bois); ou
- à plat joint avec au moins deux agrafes ondulées en métal à chaque joint; ou
- par d'autres méthodes au moins aussi efficaces."

Chapitre 6.7

Dispositions relatives à la conception et la construction des citernes mobiles et des conteneurs à gaz à éléments multiples (CGEM) et aux contrôles et épreuves qu'ils doivent subir

6.7.2 Dispositions relatives à la conception et la construction des citernes mobiles destinées au transport de matières de la classe 1 et des classes 3 à 9, ainsi qu'aux contrôles et épreuves qu'elles doivent subir

6.7.2.1 Définitions

6.7.2.1.2.3 Dans la définition de "*Pression de calcul*", remplacer "mais d'au moins 0,35 bar;" par "mais d'au moins 0,35 bar; ou".

**PARTIE 7
DISPOSITIONS RELATIVES AUX OPÉRATIONS DE TRANSPORT**

**Chapitre 7.1
Dispositions générales relatives à l'arrimage**

7.1.4 Dispositions spéciales relatives à l'arrimage

7.1.4.3 Arrimage des quantités limitées et des quantités exceptées

Remplacer "voir les sections 3.4 et 3.5." par "voir les chapitres 3.4 et 3.5."

**Chapitre 7.2
Dispositions générales relatives à la séparation des matières**

7.2.8 Codes de séparation des matières

Dans l'entrée correspondant au code SG72, remplacer "Voir le 7.2.6.3.2." par "Voir les tableaux du 7.2.6.3."

7.3.7 Engins de transport sous régulation de température

Dans le tableau du 7.3.7.2.1, supprimer l'appel de note de bas de page "***".

**Chapitre 7.8
Dispositions spéciales à appliquer en cas d'événement mettant en cause des
marchandises dangereuses et précautions contre l'incendie**

7.8.7 Précautions particulières contre l'incendie pour la classe 2

Renommer les paragraphes actuels "7.8.7.3.1" et "7.8.7.3.2" en "7.8.7.3" et "7.8.7.4".

INDEX

Index alphabétique

Dans la rubrique "MOTEUR PILE A COMBUSTION CONTENANT DU GAZ INFLAMMABLE (2.1, 3529)", remplacer "COMBUSTION" par "COMBUSTIBLE".

Dans la rubrique "MOTEUR PILE A COMBUSTION CONTENANT DU LIQUIDE INFLAMMABLE (3, 3528)", remplacer "COMBUSTION" par "COMBUSTIBLE".

Dans la rubrique "MATIÈRE LIQUIDE QUI POLYMÉRISE, AVEC RÉGULATION DE TEMPÉRATURE, N.S.A (41, 3534)", remplacer "41" par "4.1" (Correction éditoriale).

ANNEX 3

CORRECCIONES EDITORIALES A LA VERSIÓN ESPAÑOLA DE LAS ENMIENDAS 38-16 AL CÓDIGO IMDG ADOPTADAS POR RESOLUCIÓN MSC.406(96)

PARTE 1 DISPOSICIONES GENERALES, DEFINICIONES Y CAPACITACIÓN

Capítulo 1.3

1.3.1.6. Cuadro indicativo en el que se describen las secciones del Código IMDG o de otros instrumentos pertinentes que puede ser apropiado considerar en relación con la formación sobre el transporte de mercancías peligrosas

En la cabecera de las columnas remplazar "*Directrices sobre la arrumazón de las unidades de transporte*" por "*Código CTU*".

PARTE 2 CLASIFICACIÓN

Capítulo 2.5

Clase 5 – Sustancias comburentes y peróxidos orgánicos

En 2.5.3.2.4, desplazar el párrafo "*2 5 3 2 4 lista de peróxidos orgánicos ya clasificados transportados en embalajes/envases*" a antes de la tabla. (similar que la versión inglesa).

PARTE 3 LISTA DE MERCANCÍAS PELIGROSAS, DISPOSICIONES ESPECIALES Y EXCEPCIONES

Capítulo 3.2 Lista de mercancías peligrosas

En la lista de mercancías peligrosas enmendar como sigue (notando que el cuadro es similar en francés y en español):

1268 GE II	en la columna 6, suprimir "363"
1268 GE III	en la columna 6, suprimir "363"
1396 GE III	en la columna 9, suprimir "PP40"
1398 GE III	en la columna 9, suprimir "PP40"
1402 GE I	en la columna 9, suprimir "PP40"
1403 GE III	en la columna 9, suprimir "PP40" y agregar "PP31"
1418 GE I	en la columna 15, remplazar "F-G" por " <u>F-G</u> "

1483 GE II	en la columna 9, suprimir "L3"
1483 GE III	en la columna 9, agregar "PP100" y "L3"
1509 GE II	en la columna 9, agregar "PP100"
1920 GE III	en la columna 14, reemplazar TP1 por TP2
2383	en la columna 16a, agregar "SW1"
2441	en la columna 9, agregar "PP31"
2793 GE III	en la columna 9, reemplazar "LP3" por "L3"
2858 GE III	en la columna 9, intercambiar "L3" y "PP100" (PP100 debe estar arriba de L3)
2870 Primer fila	en la columna 15, reemplazar " <u>F-G</u> " par "F-G"
3132 GE III	en la columna 9, suprimir "PP40"
3148 GE I	en la columna 15, reemplazar "F-G" por " <u>F-G</u> "
3148 GE II	en la columna 15, reemplazar " <u>F-G</u> " por "F-G"
3208 GE III	en la columna 9, suprimir "PP40"
3391 GE I	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3392 GE I	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3393 GE I	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3394 GE I	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3395 GE I	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3395 GE II	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3395 GE III	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3396 GE I	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3396 GE II	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3396 GE III	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3397 GE I	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3397 GE II	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3397 GE III	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3398 GE I	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"

3398 GE II	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3398 GE III	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3399 GE I	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3399 GE II	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3399 GE III	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3400 GE II	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3400 GE III	en la columna 16b, agregar "SG72"
3482 GE I	en la columna 15, reemplazar "F-G" por " <u>F-G</u> "
3530	en la columna 17, suprimir las palabras "o pilas de combustible"

Capítulo 3.3.

Disposiciones especiales relativas a sustancias, materias u objetos determinados

Modificar las disposiciones especiales como sigue:

DE 29 Después de "de la clase" insertar "o de la división".

DE 295 Reemplazar "marcar y etiquetar individualmente " por " la marca y la etiqueta apropiada".

DS 369 En el primer párrafo reemplazar "por material radioactivo y corrosividad " por "por radioactividad y corrosividad"

DE 384 Después de la primera frase, después de la Nota insertar la frase : "Sin embargo, para la indicación de las unidades de transporte, el cartel deberá corresponder al modelo N° 9"

DE 961 Al comienzo de .1 reemplazar "los vehículos van estibados sobre el vehículo, espacio de categoría especial" por "los vehículos van estibados en los espacios para vehículos dentro de los espacios de categoría especial" (el resto se mantiene igual.

Capítulo 3.4.

Mercancías peligrosas embaladas/envasadas en cantidades limitadas

3.4.1.2.5 Reemplazar "5.1.1.4" por "5.1.1.6" (ver igualmente las correcciones a la parte 5.1.1).

PARTE 4
DISPOSICIONES RELATIVAS AL EMBALAJE/ENVASADO Y A LAS CISTERNAS

Capítulo 4.1

Utilización de embalajes/envases, incluidos los recipientes intermedios para graneles (RIG) y los embalajes/envases de gran tamaño

4.1.4. Lista de instrucciones de embalaje/envasado

P002 En la disposición especial de embalaje PP1 reemplazar " de los N^{os} UN 1361 y 1362, se permiten los sacos 5M1" por "del número ONU 1362, se permiten los sacos 5H1, 5L1 y 5M1"

P200 En el párrafo 2)a), reemplazar "el nombre y la descripción" por "la designación oficial de transporte"

P200 En el párrafo 3) a), reemplazar la referencia en 4) por la referencia 5) como sigue:

"a) En el caso de los gases comprimidos, la presión de servicio no será superior a los dos tercios de la presión de ensayo de los recipientes a presión. La disposición especial de embalaje/envasado «o» en el párrafo 5) siguiente impone restricciones a este límite superior de la presión de servicio. La presión interna a 65 °C no excederá, en ningún caso, la presión de ensayo."

P200 en los párrafos 3) b) y b) i) reemplazar la referencia 4 por la referencia 5) como sigue:

"b) En el caso de los gases licuados a alta presión, la razón de llenado será tal que la presión estabilizada a 65°C no supere la presión de ensayo de los recipientes a presión.

Salvo en los casos en los que la disposición especial o del párrafo 5) se aplica a la utilización de presiones de ensayo y razones de llenado distintas de las que figuran en el cuadro se autorizará, salvo en los casos en que sea aplicable la disposición especial de embalaje/envasado «o» del párrafo 5), siempre que:

i) se satisfaga el criterio de la disposición especial de embalaje/envasado «r» del párrafo 5), cuando proceda; o"

P200 en el párrafo 3)d) reemplazar la referencia al 4) por la referencia 5) para que se lea como se indica a continuación:

"d) En el caso del No UN 1001, acetileno disuelto, y del No ONU 3374, acetileno exento de disolvente, véase la disposición especial de embalaje/envasado «p» en el párrafo 5)"

P403 PP 31, Después de 2813 borrar "(PG I)"

P410 En la disposición especial de embalaje PP40 suprimir "1398" y "1403"

**PARTE 5
PROCEDIMIENTOS RELATIVOS A LA REMESA**

**Capítulo 5.1.
Disposiciones generales**

5.1.1 Aplicación y disposiciones generales

Renumerar los párrafos actuales "5.1.1.3.1, 5.1.1.3.2, 5.1.1.3.3 y 5.1.1.4" como "5.1.1.3, 5.1.1.4, 5.1.1.5 y 5.1.1.6".

**Capítulo 5.2.
Marcado y etiquetado de los bultos y los RIG**

5.2.1.10. Marca para las baterías de litio

5.2.1.10.2 En el último párrafo, donde indica "*negro sobre fondo blanco*" añadir "*o de un color que ofrezca un contraste suficiente sobre el fondo*".

5.2.2.2. Disposiciones aplicables a las etiquetas

5.2.2.2.1.3 Reemplazar la segunda frase existente como sigue para armonizar con las recomendaciones de la ONU):

"Sin embargo, para la etiqueta del modelo N° 9A, la mitad superior de la etiqueta contendrá sólo las siete líneas verticales del letrero convencional y la mitad inferior deberá contener el grupo de pilas del signo convencional y el número de la clase. Excepto para el modelo No. 9A, las etiquetas pueden contener texto como el número ONU o las palabras que describen la clase de riesgo (por ejemplo, "inflamable") de acuerdo con 5.2.2.2.1.5 siempre que este texto no diluya o disminuya la importancia de la otra información que debe figurar en la etiqueta"

**PARTE 6
CONSTRUCCIÓN Y ENSAYO DE EMBALAJES/ENVASES, RECIPIENTES
INTERMEDIOS PARA GRANELES (RIG), EMBALAJES/ENVASES DE GRAN TAMAÑO,
CISTERNAS PORTÁTILES, CONTENEDORES DE GAS DE ELEMENTOS MÚLTIPLES
(CGEM) Y VEHÍCULOS CISTERNA PARA EL TRANSPORTE POR CARRETERA**

Capítulo 6.1

Disposiciones relativas a la construcción y el ensayo de los embalajes/envases (salvo los embalajes/envases utilizados para las sustancias de la clase 6.2)

6.1.3. Marcado

En 6.1.3.7 reemplazar "los apartados h) a g)" por "los apartados h) a j)

Capítulo 6.2.

Disposiciones relativas a la construcción y el ensayo de recipientes a presión, generadores de aerosoles, recipientes pequeños que contienen gas (cartuchos de gas) y cartuchos para pilas de combustible que contienen gas licuado inflamable

6 2 1 5 Inspección y ensayo iniciales

6.2.1.5.2 En el segundo párrafo reemplazar "en 6.2.1.5.1, .7, .8 y.9," por "en 6.2.1.5.1.7, .8 y .9,".

Capítulo 6.3

Disposiciones relativas a la construcción y el ensayo de los embalajes/envases para sustancias infecciosas de categoría A de la clase 6.2

6.3.4. Marcado

6.3.4.2 En f) Reemplazar ";" por "y"; Suprimir el punto h) "*h) todos los elementos que constituyan el marcado según se ha establecido en los apartados a) a g) supra*".

Capítulo 6.5.

Disposiciones relativas a la construcción y el ensayo de recipientes intermedios para graneles (RIG)

6.5.2. Marcado

6 5 2 1 Marcado principal

6.5.2.1.2 Suprimir la última frase "*Cada elemento del marcado aplicado de conformidad con los apartados .1 a .8 y con 6.5.2.2 deberá estar claramente separado, por ejemplo, con una barra o un espacio, de modo que pueda identificarse fácilmente*".

6 5 5 6 Disposiciones específicas relativas a los RIG de madera

6.5.5.6.4 Reemplazar el texto por el siguiente:

"La madera natural estará bien curada, comercialmente seca y exenta de defectos que puedan reducir en grado apreciable la resistencia del RIG en cualquiera de sus partes. Cada elemento del RIG deberá ser de una sola pieza o equivalente a una sola pieza. Se considera que equivalen a una sola pieza las partes ensambladas por encolado mediante un procedimiento al menos de igual eficacia que alguno de los siguientes, por ejemplo: ensamblaje por cola de milano, de ranura y lengüeta o machihembrado, junta a tope con al menos dos grapas onduladas de metal en cada unión, o por otros métodos que sean al menos igual de eficaces".

PARTE 7

DISPOSICIONES RELATIVAS A LAS OPERACIONES DE TRANSPORTE

Capítulo 7.1

7.1.4. Disposiciones especiales de estiba

7.1.4.3. Estiba de cantidades limitadas y cantidades exceptuadas

Reemplazar " véanse las secciones 3.4 y 3.5." por " véanse los capítulos 3.4 y 3.5.".

Capítulo 7.2.
Disposiciones generales de segregación

7.2.8. Códigos de segregación

En la entrada de SG72 reemplazar " Ver 7.2.6.3.2." por "Ver las tablas del 7.2.6.3.".

7.3.7. Unidades de transporte a temperatura regulada

En la tabla de 7.3.7.2.1, suprimir la nota pie de página « * ».

Capítulo 7.8.
**Prescripciones especiales en caso de sucesos y precauciones contra incendios
en que intervengan mercancías peligrosas**

7.8.7. Precauciones especiales contra incendios para la clase 2

Renumerar los párrafos actuales "7.8.7.3.1" y "7.8.7.3.2" en "7.8.7.3" y "7.8.7.4".

Capítulo 7.9.
Exenciones, aprobaciones y certificados

**7.9.3 Datos de contacto de las principales autoridades nacionales competentes
designadas**

Nota: esta corrección no aplica a otras versiones del código

ANNEX 4

DRAFT AMENDMENTS (39-18) TO THE IMDG CODE

Table of Contents

Insert a new line for "2.0.6 Transport of articles containing dangerous goods N.O.S."

Amend the contents for chapter 2.8 as follows:

- "2.8.1 Definition, general provisions and properties
- 2.8.2 General classification provisions
- 2.8.3 Packing group assignment for substances and mixtures
- 2.8.4 Alternative packing group assignment methods for mixtures: step-wise approach
- 2.8.5 Substances not accepted for transport"

Amend the title of 4.2.6 to read "Additional provisions for the use of road vehicles".

Amend the title of chapter 5.3 to read "Placarding and marking of cargo transport units and bulk containers".

Amend the title of chapter 5.3.2 to read "Marking".

In the title of chapter 6.1, delete "(other than for class 6.2 substances)".

Amend the title of chapter 6.8 to read "Provisions for road tank vehicles and road gas elements vehicles"

PART 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEFINITIONS AND TRAINING

Chapter 1.2 Definitions, units of measurement and abbreviations

1.2.1 Definitions

Amend the following definitions as indicated:

Animal material: replace "or animal foodstuffs" by "foodstuffs or feedstuffs derived from animals".

GHS: replace "sixth" by "seventh" and replace "ST/SG/AC.10/30/Rev.6" by "ST/SG/AC.10/30/Rev.7".

Liquids: in the footnote, replace "ECE/TRANS/225 (Sales No. E.14.VIII.1)" by "ECE/TRANS/257 (Sales No. E.16.VIII.1)".

Manual of Tests and Criteria: after "ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev.6", insert "and Amend.1".

Add the following new definition:

"*IMO type 9 tank* means a road gas elements vehicle for the transport of compressed gases of class 2 with elements linked to each other by a manifold, permanently

attached to a chassis, which is fitted with items of service equipment and structural equipment necessary for the transport of gases. Elements are cylinders, tubes and bundles of cylinders, intended for the transport of gases as defined in 2.2.1.1."

Chapter 1.3 Training

1.3.1 Training of shore-side personnel

1.3.1.5 Recommended training needs for shore-side personnel involved in the transport of dangerous goods under the IMDG Code

In the table, in function 3 ("Mark, label or placard dangerous goods"), in the column for "Specific training requirements", in the first indent, replace "risk" with "hazard".

Chapter 1.4 Security provisions

1.4.3 Provisions for high consequence dangerous goods

1.4.3.1.5 Replace "subsidiary risks" by "subsidiary hazards".

1.4.3.2.1 At the end, insert the following note:

Note: In addition to the security provisions of this Code, competent authorities may implement further security provisions for reasons other than safety of dangerous goods during transport. In order to not impede international and multimodal transport by different explosives security marks, it is recommended that such marks be formatted consistent with an internationally harmonized standard (e.g. European Union Commission Directive 2008/43/EC)."

Chapter 1.5 General provisions concerning radioactive material

1.5.5 Radioactive material possessing other dangerous properties

1.5.5.1 Replace "subsidiary risk" by "subsidiary hazard".

PART 2 CLASSIFICATION

Chapter 2.0 Introduction

2.0.0 Responsibilities

2.0.0.2 In the second indent, replace "subsidiary risk(s)" by "subsidiary hazard(s)".

2.0.1 Classes, divisions, packing groups

2.0.1.5 At the end of the last sentence, replace "subsidiary risk(s)" by "subsidiary hazard(s)".

2.0.1.6 At the end of the sentence, replace "subsidiary risk(s)" by "subsidiary hazard(s)".

2.0.2 UN numbers and proper shipping names

2.0.2.2 In the second paragraph, replace "subsidiary risk(s)" by "subsidiary hazard(s)".

2.0.2.5.3 Replace "subsidiary risk(s)" by "subsidiary hazard(s)".

2.0.2.10 Replace "subsidiary risk(s)" by "subsidiary hazard(s)".

2.0.3 Classification of substances, mixtures and solutions with multiple hazards (precedence of hazard characteristics)

2.0.3.1 At the end of the first sentence, add "or to assign the appropriate entry for articles containing dangerous goods N.O.S (UN 3537 to 3548, see 2.0.6)".

2.0.4 Transport of samples

2.0.4 Add the following new paragraph 2.0.4.3:

"2.0.4.3 Samples of energetic materials for testing purposes

2.0.4.3.1 Samples of organic substances carrying functional groups listed in tables A6.1 and/or A6.3 in appendix 6 (Screening Procedures) of the Manual of Tests and Criteria may be transported under UN 3224 (self-reactive solid type C) or UN 3223 (self-reactive liquid type C), as applicable, of class 4.1 provided that:

- .1 the samples do not contain any:
 - known explosives;
 - substances showing explosive effects in testing;
 - compounds designed with the view of producing a practical explosive or pyrotechnic effect; or
 - components consisting of synthetic precursors of intentional explosives;
- .2 for mixtures, complexes or salts of inorganic oxidizing substances of class 5.1 with organic material(s), the concentration of the inorganic oxidizing substance is:
 - less than 15%, by mass, if assigned to packing group I (high hazard) or II (medium hazard); or
 - less than 30%, by mass, if assigned to packing group III (low hazard);
- .3 available data do not allow a more precise classification;
- .4 the sample is not packed together with other goods; and

- .5 the sample is packed in accordance with packing instruction P520 and special packing provisions PP94 or PP95 of 4.1.4.1, as applicable."

2.0.5 Transport of wastes

Add the following new paragraph 2.0.6:

"2.0.6 Classification of articles as articles containing dangerous goods N.O.S.

Note: For articles which do not have an existing proper shipping name and which contain only dangerous goods within the permitted limited quantity amounts specified in column 7a of the Dangerous Goods List, see UN 3363 and special provision 301 of chapter 3.3.

- 2.0.6.1 Articles containing dangerous goods may be classified as otherwise provided by this Code under the proper shipping name for the dangerous goods they contain or in accordance with this section. For the purposes of this section "article" means machinery, apparatus or other devices containing one or more dangerous goods (or residues thereof) that are an integral element of the article, necessary for its functioning, and that cannot be removed for the purpose of transport. An inner packaging shall not be an article.
- 2.0.6.2 Such articles may in addition contain batteries. Lithium batteries that are integral to the article shall be of a type proven to meet the testing requirements of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, part III, subsection 38.3, except when pre-production prototype batteries or batteries of a small production run, consisting of not more than 100 batteries, are installed in the article. Where a lithium battery installed in an article is damaged or defective, the battery shall be removed.
- 2.0.6.3 This section does not apply to articles for which a more specific proper shipping name already exists in the Dangerous Goods List of chapter 3.2.
- 2.0.6.4 This section does not apply to dangerous goods of class 1, class 6.2, class 7 or radioactive material contained in articles.
- 2.0.6.5 Articles containing dangerous goods shall be assigned to the appropriate class determined by the hazards present using, where applicable, the Precedence of Hazards table in 2.0.3.6 for each of the dangerous goods contained in the article. If dangerous goods classified as class 9 are contained within the article, all other dangerous goods present in the article shall be considered to present a higher hazard.
- 2.0.6.6 Subsidiary hazards shall be representative of the primary hazard posed by the other dangerous goods contained within the article. When only one dangerous good is present in the article, the subsidiary hazard(s), if any, shall be the subsidiary hazard(s) identified in column 4 of the Dangerous Goods List. If the article contains more than one dangerous good and these could react dangerously with one another during transport, each of the dangerous goods shall be enclosed separately (see 4.1.1.6)."

Chapter 2.1 Class 1 – Explosives

2.1.1 Definitions and general provisions

2.1.1.1.3 After "producing a practical", delete the comma.

2.1.1.4 Hazard divisions

In the note under division 1.6, replace "risk" by "hazard".

2.1.2 Compatibility groups and classification codes

2.1.2.2 Compatibility groups and classification codes

In the first column of the table, for compatibility group L, replace "risk" by "hazard".

2.1.3 Classification procedure

2.1.3.4.2.5 In note 2, at the end of the sentence, replace "risk" by "hazard".

2.1.3.5 Assignment of fireworks to hazard divisions

2.1.3.5.1.1 Replace "giving a positive result when tested in one of the HSL Flash composition tests in appendix 7 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria" by "containing flash composition (see note 2 of 2.1.3.5.5)".

2.1.3.5.5 Amend note 2 to read as follows:

Note 2: "Flash composition" in this table refers to pyrotechnic substances in powder form or as pyrotechnic units as presented in the fireworks that are used in waterfalls, or to produce an aural effect or used as a bursting charge, or propellant charge unless:

- (a) the time taken for the pressure rise in the HSL Flash Composition Test in appendix 7 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria is demonstrated to be more than 6 ms for 0.5 g of pyrotechnic substance; or
- (b) the pyrotechnic substance gives a negative "-" result in the US Flash Composition Test in Appendix 7 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria."

In the table, amend the entry for "Waterfall" as follows: for classification 1.1G, amend the entry under "Specification" to read "Containing flash composition regardless of the results of Test Series 6 (see 2.1.3.5.1.1)". For classification 1.3G, amend the entry under "Specification" to read "Not containing flash composition".

Chapter 2.2 Class 2 – Gases

2.2.2.3 Class 2.3 Toxic gases

In the note, replace "risk" by "hazard".

2.2.3 Mixtures of gases

2.2.3.3 In the first sentence, replace "risk" by "hazard".

Chapter 2.3 Class 3 – Flammable liquids

2.3.2 Assignment of packing group

2.3.2.1 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

2.3.2.1.1 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

2.3.2.1.2 Replace "risk(s)" by "hazard(s)" twice.

2.3.2.2 In subparagraph .4, replace "30 litre" with "450 litre".

2.3.2.5 Replace provision 2.3.2.5 to read as follows:

"2.3.2.5 Viscous liquids which:

- have a flashpoint of 23°C or above and less than or equal to 60°C;
- are not toxic or corrosive;
- are not environmentally hazardous or are environmentally hazardous transported in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 litres or less, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8;
- contain not more than 20% nitrocellulose provided the nitrocellulose contains not more than 12.6% nitrogen by dry mass; and
- are packed in receptacles of not more than 450 litre capacity,

are not subject to the provisions for the marking, labelling and testing of packages in chapters 4.1, 5.2 and 6.1, if:

- .1 in the solvent separation test (see part III, 32.5.1 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria) the height of the separated layer of solvent is less than 3% of the total height; and
- .2 the flowtime in the viscosity test (see part III, 32.4.3 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria) with a jet diameter of 6 mm is equal to or greater than:
 - .1 60 s; or
 - .2 40 s if the viscous liquid contains not more than 60% of class 3 substances.

The following statement shall be included in the transport document: "Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code" (see 5.4.1.5.10)."

Chapter 2.4

Class 4 – Flammable solids; substances liable to spontaneous combustion; substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases

2.4.0 Introductory note

In the introductory notes, replace "additional subsidiary risk" by "additional subsidiary hazard".

2.4.2.3.2 Classification of self-reactive substances

2.4.2.3.2.2 In the second sentence, replace "subsidiary risks" by "subsidiary hazards".

2.4.2.3.2.3 At the end of the first paragraph, add a new sentence to read as follows:

"The formulations listed in packing instruction IBC520 of 4.1.4.2 and in portable tank instruction T23 of 4.2.5.2.6 may also be transported packed in accordance with packing method OP8 of packing instruction P520 of 4.1.4.1, with the same control and emergency temperatures, if applicable."

In the table, insert a new entry to read as follows:

3227	Phosphorothioic acid, O-[(cyanophenyl methylene) azanyl] O,O-diethyl ester	82-91 (Z isomer)	OP8		(10)
------	--	---------------------	-----	--	------

In remark (2) after the table, replace "risk" by "hazard".

After remark (9), add a new remark (10) to read as follows:

"(10) This entry applies to the technical mixture in n-butanol within the specified concentration limits of the (Z) isomer."

2.4.2.3.3.2 In subparagraphs .2 and .3, replace "risk" by "hazard".

2.4.2.5 Class 4.1 – Polymerizing substances and mixtures (stabilized)

2.4.2.5.2 Add the following note at the end:

Note: Substances meeting the criteria of a polymerizing substance and also for inclusion in classes 1 to 8 are subject to the requirements of special provision 386 of chapter 3.3."

Chapter 2.5

Class 5 – Oxidizing substances and organic peroxides

2.5.2 Class 5.1 – Oxidizing substances

Note Renumber the existing note as note 1, and add a new note 2 as follows:

Note 2: By exception, solid ammonium nitrate based fertilizers shall be classified in accordance with the procedure as set out in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, part III, section 39."

2.5.3 Class 5.2 – Organic peroxides

2.5.3.2 Classification of organic peroxides

2.5.3.2.3 In the second sentence, replace "risks" by "hazards".

2.5.3.2.4 At the end of the note, add a new sentence to read as follows:

"The formulations listed in packing instruction IBC520 of 4.1.4.2 and in portable tank instruction T23 of 4.2.5.2.6 may also be transported packed in accordance with packing method OP8 of packing instruction P520 of 4.1.4.1, with the same control and emergency temperatures, if applicable."

In the table header, last column, replace "risks" by "hazards". In the table, insert the following new entries:

3109	1-PHENYLETHYL HYDROPEROXIDE	≤ 38		≥ 62			OP8			
3116	DI-(4-tert-BUTYLCYCLOHEXYL) PEROXYDICARBONATE	≤ 42 (as a paste)					OP7	35	40	
3119	DIISOBUTYRYL PEROXIDE	≤ 42 (as a stable dispersion in water)					OP8	-20	-10	

After the table, in remarks (3), (13), (18) and (27), replace "risk" by "hazard".

2.5.3.3 Principles for classification of organic peroxides

2.5.3.3.2.2 In the first sentence, replace "risk" by "hazard".

2.5.3.3.2.3 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

Chapter 2.6 Class 6 – Toxic and infectious substances

2.6.2 Class 6.1 – Toxic substances

2.6.2.2 Assignment of packing groups to toxic substances

2.6.2.2.1 Replace "risk" by "hazard" three times.

2.6.2.4 Classification of pesticides

2.6.2.4.1 In the second sentence, replace "risks" by "hazards".

2.6.2.4.3 Replace "risks" by "hazards".

2.6.3 Class 6.2 – Infectious substances

2.6.3.1 Definitions

2.6.3.1.4 In the definition of "Patient specimens", after "*Patient specimens* are" replace "human or animal materials," by "those".

2.6.3.6 Infected animals

2.6.3.6.2 Delete paragraph 2.6.3.6.2.

Chapter 2.8 Class 8 – Corrosive substances

Replace chapter 2.8 to read as follows:

"Chapter 2.8

Class 8 – Corrosive substances

2.8.1 Definition, general provisions and properties

2.8.1.1 Definition

2.8.1.1.1 *Corrosive substances* are substances which, by chemical action, will cause irreversible damage to the skin, or, in the case of leakage, will materially damage, or even destroy, other goods or the means of transport.

2.8.1.1.2 For substances and mixtures that are corrosive to skin, general classification provisions are provided in section 2.8.2. Skin corrosion refers to the production of irreversible damage to the skin, namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis occurring after exposure to a substance or mixture.

2.8.1.1.3 Liquids and solids which may become liquid during transport, which are judged not to be skin corrosive shall still be considered for their potential to cause corrosion to certain metal surfaces in accordance with the criteria in 2.8.3.3.2.

2.8.1.2 Properties

2.8.1.2.1 In cases where particularly severe personal damage is to be expected, a note to that effect is made in the Dangerous Goods List in chapter 3.2 in the wording "causes (severe) burns to skin, eyes and mucous membranes".

2.8.1.2.2 Many substances are sufficiently volatile to evolve vapour irritating to the nose and eyes. If so, this fact is mentioned in the Dangerous Goods List in chapter 3.2 in the wording "vapour irritates mucous membranes".

2.8.1.2.3 A few substances may produce toxic gases when decomposed by very high temperatures. In these cases the statement "when involved in a fire, evolves toxic gases" appears in the Dangerous Goods List in chapter 3.2.

2.8.1.2.4 In addition to direct destructive action in contact with skin or mucous membranes, some substances in this class are toxic or harmful. Poisoning may result if they are swallowed, or if their vapour is inhaled; some of them even may penetrate the skin. Where appropriate, a statement is made to that effect in the Dangerous Goods List in chapter 3.2.

2.8.1.2.5 All substances in this class have a more or less destructive effect on materials such as metals and textiles.

2.8.1.2.5.1 In the Dangerous Goods List, the term "corrosive to most metals" means that any metal likely to be present in a ship, or in its cargo, may be attacked by the substance or its vapour.

2.8.1.2.5.2 The term "corrosive to aluminium, zinc, and tin" implies that iron or steel is not damaged in contact with the substance.

2.8.1.2.5.3 A few substances in this class can corrode glass, earthenware and other siliceous materials. Where appropriate, this is stated in the Dangerous Goods List in chapter 3.2.

2.8.1.2.6 Many substances in this class only become corrosive after having reacted with water, or with moisture in the air. This fact is indicated in the Dangerous Goods List in chapter 3.2 by the words "in the presence of moisture...". The reaction of water with many substances is accompanied by the liberation of irritating and corrosive gases. Such gases usually become visible as fumes in the air.

2.8.1.2.7A few substances in this class generate heat in reaction with water or organic materials, including wood, paper, fibres, some cushioning materials and certain fats and oils. Where appropriate, this is indicated in the Dangerous Goods List in chapter 3.2.

2.8.2 General classification provisions

2.8.2.1 Substances and mixtures of class 8 are divided among the three packing groups according to their degree of danger in transport:

- .1 Packing group I: very dangerous substances and mixtures;
- .2 Packing group II: substances and mixtures presenting medium danger;
- .3 Packing group III: substances and mixtures that present minor danger.

2.8.2.2 Allocation of substances listed in the Dangerous Goods List in chapter 3.2 to the packing groups in class 8 has been made on the basis of experience taking into account such additional factors as inhalation risk (see 2.8.2.4) and reactivity with water (including the formation of dangerous decomposition products).

2.8.2.3 New substances and mixtures can be assigned to packing groups on the basis of the length of time of contact necessary to produce irreversible damage of intact skin tissue in accordance with the criteria in 2.8.3. Alternatively, for mixtures, the criteria in 2.8.4 can be used.

2.8.2.4 A substance or mixture meeting the criteria of class 8 having an inhalation toxicity of dusts and mists (LC_{50}) in the range of packing group I, but toxicity through oral ingestion or dermal contact only in the range of packing group III or less, shall be allocated to class 8 (see note under 2.6.2.2.4.1).

2.8.3 Packing group assignment for substances and mixtures

2.8.3.1 Existing human and animal data including information from single or repeated exposure shall be the first line of evaluation, as they give information directly relevant to effects on the skin.

2.8.3.2 In assigning the packing group in accordance with 2.8.2.3, account shall be taken of human experience in instances of accidental exposure. In the absence of human experience the grouping shall be based on data obtained from experiments in accordance with OECD Test Guideline 404¹ or 435². A substance or mixture which is determined not to be corrosive in accordance with OECD Test Guideline 430³ or 431⁴ may be considered not to be corrosive to skin for the purposes of these regulations without further testing.

2.8.3.3 Packing groups are assigned to corrosive substances in accordance with the following criteria (see table 2.8.3.4):

- .1 Packing group I is assigned to substances that cause irreversible damage of intact skin tissue within an observation period of up to 60 minutes starting after the exposure time of three minutes or less.
- .2 Packing group II is assigned to substances that cause irreversible damage of intact skin tissue within an observation period of up to 14 days starting after the exposure time of more than three minutes but not more than 60 minutes.
- .3 Packing group III is assigned to substances that:
 - .1 cause irreversible damage of intact skin tissue within an observation period up to 14 days starting after the exposure time of more than 60 minutes but not more than 4 hours; or
 - .2 are judged not to cause irreversible damage of intact skin tissue but which exhibit a corrosion rate on either steel or aluminium surfaces exceeding 6.25 mm a year at a test temperature of 55°C when tested on both materials. For the purposes of testing steel, type S235JR+CR (1.0037 resp. St 37-2), S275J2G3+CR (1.0144 resp. St 44-3), ISO 3574 or Unified Numbering System (UNS) G10200 or a similar type or SAE 1020, and for testing aluminium, non-clad, types 7075-T6 or AZ5GU-T6 shall be used. An acceptable test is prescribed in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, part III, section 37.

Note: Where an initial test on either steel or aluminium indicates the substance being tested is corrosive, the follow-up test on the other metal is not required.

¹ OECD Guideline for the testing of chemicals No. 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion 2015.

² OECD Guideline for the testing of chemicals No. 435 In Vitro Membrane Barrier Test Method for Skin Corrosion 2015.

³ OECD Guideline for the testing of chemicals No. 430 In Vitro Skin Corrosion: Transcutaneous Electrical Resistance Test (TER) 2015.

⁴ OECD Guideline for the testing of chemicals No. 431 In Vitro Skin Corrosion: Human Skin Model Test 2015.

Table 2.8.3.4: Table summarizing the criteria in 2.8.3.3

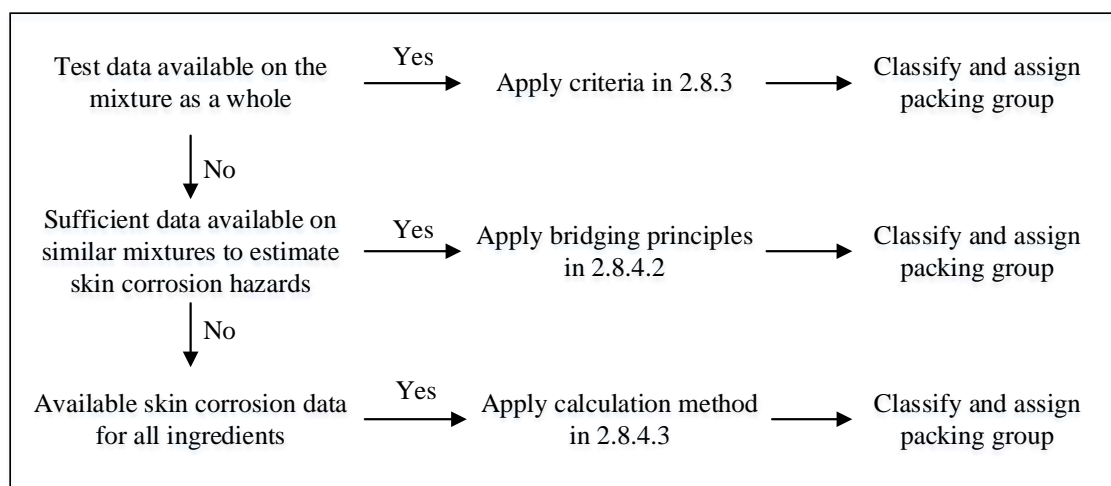
Packing Group	Exposure Time	Observation Period	Effect
I	≤ 3 min	≤ 60 min	Irreversible damage of intact skin
II	> 3 min ≤ 1 h	≤ 14 d	Irreversible damage of intact skin
III	> 1 h ≤ 4 h	≤ 14 d	Irreversible damage of intact skin
III	-	-	Corrosion rate on either steel or aluminium surfaces exceeding 6.25 mm a year at a test temperature of 55°C when tested on both materials

2.8.4 Alternative packing group assignment methods for mixtures: step-wise approach

2.8.4.1 General provisions

2.8.4.1.1 For mixtures it is necessary to obtain or derive information that allows the criteria to be applied to the mixture for the purpose of classification and assignment of packing groups. The approach to classification and assignment of packing groups is tiered, and is dependent upon the amount of information available for the mixture itself, for similar mixtures and/or for its ingredients. The flow chart of figure 2.8.4.1 below outlines the process to be followed:

Figure 2.8.4.1: Step-wise approach to classify and assign packing group of corrosive mixtures



2.8.4.2 Bridging principles

2.8.4.2.1 Where a mixture has not been tested to determine its skin corrosion potential, but there are sufficient data on both the individual ingredients and similar tested mixtures to adequately classify and assign a packing group for the mixture, these data will be used in accordance with the following bridging principles. This ensures that the classification process uses the available data to the greatest extent possible in characterizing the hazards of the mixture.

- .1 **Dilution:** If a tested mixture is diluted with a diluent which does not meet the criteria for class 8 and does not affect the packing group of other ingredients, then the new diluted mixture may be assigned to the same packing group as the original tested mixture.
- Note:** in certain cases, diluting a mixture or substance may lead to an increase in the corrosive properties. If this is the case, this bridging principle cannot be used.
- .2 **Batching:** The skin corrosion potential of a tested production batch of a mixture can be assumed to be substantially equivalent to that of another untested production batch of the same commercial product when produced by or under the control of the same manufacturer, unless there is reason to believe there is significant variation such that the skin corrosion potential of the untested batch has changed. If the latter occurs, a new classification is necessary.
- .3 **Concentration of mixtures of packing group I:** If a tested mixture meeting the criteria for inclusion in packing group I is concentrated, the more concentrated untested mixture may be assigned to packing group I without additional testing.
- .4 **Interpolation within one packing group:** For three mixtures (A, B and C) with identical ingredients, where mixtures A and B have been tested and are in the same skin corrosion packing group, and where untested mixture C has the same class 8 ingredients as mixtures A and B but has concentrations of class 8 ingredients intermediate to the concentrations in mixtures A and B, then mixture C is assumed to be in the same skin corrosion packing group as A and B.
- .5 **Substantially similar mixtures:** Given the following:
- .1 two mixtures: (A+B) and (C+B);
 - .2 the concentration of ingredient B is the same in both mixtures;
 - .3 the concentration of ingredient A in mixture (A+B) equals the concentration of ingredient C in mixture (C+B); and
 - .4 data on skin corrosion for ingredients A and C are available and substantially equivalent, i.e. they are the same skin corrosion packing group and do not affect the skin corrosion potential of B.

if mixture (A+B) or (C+B) is already classified based on test data, then the other mixture may be assigned to the same packing group.

2.8.4.3 Calculation method based on the classification of the substances

2.8.4.3.1 Where a mixture has not been tested to determine its skin corrosion potential, nor is sufficient data available on similar mixtures, the corrosive properties of the substances in the mixture shall be considered to classify and assign a packing group.

Applying the calculation method is only allowed if there are no synergistic effects that make the mixture more corrosive than the sum of its substances. This restriction applies only if packing group II or III would be assigned to the mixture.

2.8.4.3.2 When using the calculation method, all class 8 ingredients present at a concentration of $\geq 1\%$ shall be taken into account, or $< 1\%$ if these ingredients are still relevant for classifying the mixture to be corrosive to skin.

2.8.4.3.3 To determine whether a mixture containing corrosive substances shall be considered a corrosive mixture and to assign a packing group, the calculation method in the flow chart in figure 2.8.4.3 shall be applied.

2.8.4.3.4 When a specific concentration limit (SCL) is assigned to a substance following its entry in the Dangerous Goods List or in a special provision, this limit shall be used instead of the generic concentration limits (GCL). This appears where 1% is used in the first step for the assessment of the packing group I substances, and where 5% is used for the other steps respectively in figure 2.8.4.3.

2.8.4.3.5 For this purpose, the summation formula for each step of the calculation method shall be adapted. This means that, where applicable, the generic concentration limit shall be substituted by the specific concentration limit assigned to the substance(s) (SCL_i), and the adapted formula is a weighted average of the different concentration limits assigned to the different substances in the mixture:

$$\frac{PGx_1}{GCL} + \frac{PGx_2}{SCL_2} + \dots + \frac{PGx_i}{SCL_i} \geq 1$$

Where:

PGx_i = concentration of substance 1, 2 ...i in the mixture, assigned to packing group x (I, II or III)

GCL = generic concentration limit

SCL_i = specific concentration limit assigned to substance i

The criterion for a packing group is fulfilled when the result of the calculation is ≥ 1 . The generic concentration limits to be used for the evaluation in each step of the calculation method are those found in figure 2.8.4.3.

Examples for the application of the above formula can be found in the note below.

Note: *Examples for the application of the above formula*

Example 1: A mixture contains one corrosive substance in a concentration of 5% assigned to packing group I without a specific concentration limit:

Calculation for packing group I: $\frac{5}{5 (GCL)} = 1 \rightarrow$ assign to class 8, packing group I.

Example 2: A mixture contains three substances corrosive to skin; two of them (A and B) have specific concentration limits; for the third one (C) the generic concentration limits applies. The rest of the mixture needs not to be taken into consideration.

Substance X in the mixture and its packing group assignment within class 8	Concentration (conc) in the mixture in %	Specific concentration limit (SCL) for packing group I	Specific concentration limit (SCL) for packing group II	Specific concentration limit (SCL) for packing group III
A, assigned to packing group I	3	30%	none	none
B, assigned to packing group I	2	20%	10%	none
C, assigned to packing group III	10	none	none	none

Calculation for packing group I: $\frac{3 (\text{conc A})}{30 (\text{SCL PGI})} + \frac{2 (\text{conc B})}{20 (\text{SCL PGI})} = 0,2 < 1$

The criterion for packing group I is not fulfilled.

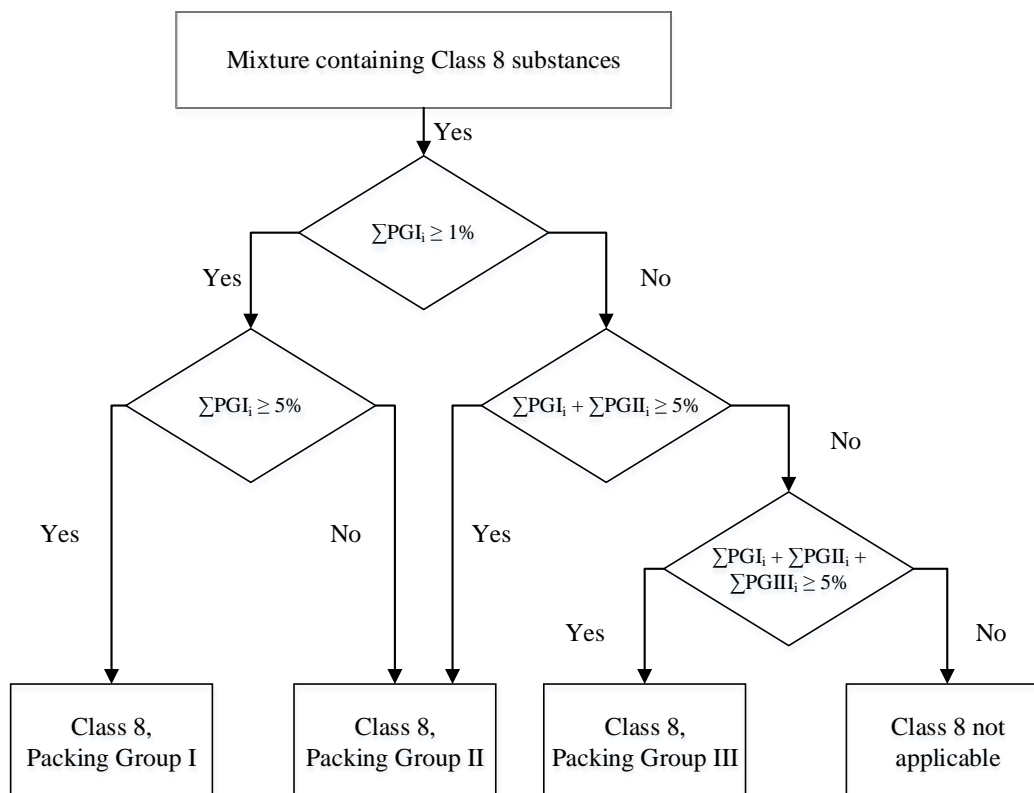
Calculation for packing group II: $\frac{3 (\text{conc A})}{5 (\text{GCL PG II})} + \frac{2 (\text{conc B})}{10 (\text{SCL PG II})} = 0,8 < 1$

The criterion for packing group II is not fulfilled.

Calculation for packing group III: $\frac{3 (\text{conc A})}{5 (\text{GCL PG III})} + \frac{2 (\text{conc B})}{5 (\text{GCL PG III})} + \frac{10 (\text{conc C})}{5 (\text{GCL PG III})} = 3 \geq 1$

The criterion for packing group III is fulfilled, the mixture shall be assigned to class 8, packing group III.

Figure 2.8.4.3: Calculation method



2.8.5 Substances not accepted for transport

Chemically unstable substances of class 8 shall not be accepted for transport unless the necessary precautions have been taken to prevent the possibility of a dangerous decomposition or polymerization under normal conditions of transport. For the precautions necessary to prevent polymerization, see special provision 386 of chapter 3.3. To this end particular care shall be taken to ensure that receptacles and tanks do not contain any substances liable to promote these reactions.

"

Chapter 2.9 Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles (class 9) and environmentally hazardous substances

2.9.2 Assignment to class 9

2.9.2.2 Under the heading "Lithium batteries", add the following new entry:

"3536 LITHIUM BATTERIES INSTALLED IN CARGO TRANSPORT UNIT".

Before "Other substances or articles presenting a danger during transport, but not meeting the definitions of another class", insert the following new sub-division:

"Ammonium nitrate based fertilizers

2071 AMMONIUM NITRATE BASED FERTILIZER

Solid ammonium nitrate based fertilizers shall be classified in accordance with the procedure as set out in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, part III, section 39."

Under "Other substances or articles presenting a danger during transport, but not meeting the definitions of another class", delete entry "2071 AMMONIUM NITRATE BASED FERTILIZER" and add the following new entry at the end of the list:

"3548 ARTICLES CONTAINING MISCELLANEOUS DANGEROUS GOODS N.O.S."

2.9.3 Environmentally hazardous substances (aquatic environment)

2.9.3.4.6.5 Classification of mixtures with ingredients without any useable information

2.9.3.4.6.5.1 At the end of the paragraph, delete "with the additional statement that: "x percent of the mixture consists of ingredients(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment"".

2.9.4 Lithium batteries

Add the following new subparagraphs .6 and .7:

- .6 Lithium batteries, containing both primary lithium metal cells and rechargeable lithium ion cells, that are not designed to be externally charged (see special provision 387 of chapter 3.3) shall meet the following conditions:
 - .1 the rechargeable lithium ion cells can only be charged from the primary lithium metal cells;
 - .2 overcharge of the rechargeable lithium ion cells is precluded by design;
 - .3 the battery has been tested as a lithium primary battery; and
 - .4 component cells of the battery shall be of a type proved to meet the respective testing requirements of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, part III, subsection 38.3.
- .7 Manufacturers and subsequent distributors of cells or batteries shall make available the test summary as specified in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, subsection 38.3, paragraph 38.3.5."

PART 3 DANGEROUS GOODS LIST, SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND EXCEPTIONS

Chapter 3.1 General

3.1.1 Scope and general provisions

3.1.1.2 At the end of the last sentence, replace "risks" by "hazards".

3.1.2 Proper shipping names

3.1.2.2 Amend the first sentence to read as follows:

"When a combination of several distinct proper shipping names are listed under a single UN number, and these are separated by "and" or "or" in lower case or are punctuated by commas, only the most appropriate shall be shown in the transport document and package marks.",

and delete the second sentence.

3.1.2.6 Add the following new subparagraph .2:

.2 Unless it is already included in capital letters in the name indicated in the Dangerous Goods List, the words "TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED" shall be added as part of the proper shipping name.",

and renumber subparagraph .2 as .3.

3.1.2.8 Generic or "not otherwise specified" (N.O.S.) entries

3.1.2.8.1.2 Amend the first sentence to read as follows:

"When a mixture of dangerous goods or articles containing dangerous goods are described by one of the "N.O.S." or "generic" entries to which special provision 274 has been allocated in the Dangerous Goods List, not more than the two constituents which most predominantly contribute to the hazard or hazards of the mixture or of the articles need to be shown, excluding controlled substances when their disclosure is prohibited by national law or international convention."

In the second sentence, replace "risk" by "hazard" twice.

3.1.2.8.1.3 Add the following new example at the end of the paragraph:

"UN 3540 ARTICLES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (pyrrolidine)".

3.1.3 Mixtures or solutions

3.1.3.2.3 Replace "risk(s)" by "hazard(s)".

3.1.3.4 Replace "subsidiary risk(s)" by "subsidiary hazard(s)".

3.1.4 Segregation groups

Amend 3.1.4.1 to read as follows:

"3.1.4.1 For the purpose of segregation, dangerous goods having certain similar chemical properties have been grouped together in segregation groups, see 7.2.5."

Amend the headings in 3.1.4.4 to read as follows:

- 1 Acids (SGG1 or SGG1a)
- 2 Ammonium compounds (SGG2)

- 3 Bromates (SGG3)
- 4 Chlorates (SGG4)
- 5 Chlorites (SGG5)
- 6 Cyanides (SGG6)
- 7 Heavy metals and their salts (including their organometallic compounds) (SGG7)
- 8 Hypochlorites (SGG8)
- 9 Lead and its compounds (SGG9)
- 10 Liquid halogenated hydrocarbons (SGG10)
- 11 Mercury and mercury compounds (SGG11)
- 12 Nitrites and their mixtures (SGG12)
- 13 Perchlorates (SGG13)
- 14 Permanganates (SGG14)
- 15 Powdered metals (SGG15)
- 16 Peroxides (SGG16)
- 17 Azides (SGG17)
- 18 Alkalis (SGG18)

3.1.4.4 Under "3 Bromates", delete the entry "3213 Ammonium bromate". Under "7 Heavy metals and their salts (including their organometallic compounds)", delete the entries "1366 Diethylzinc" and "1370 Dimethylzinc".

Chapter 3.2 Dangerous Goods List

3.2.1 Structure of the Dangerous Goods List

In the description of column 4, replace "subsidiary risk(s)" by "subsidiary hazard(s)" twice.

In the description of column 16b, insert "the segregation group codes as specified in 7.2.5.2 and" after "contains".

In the Dangerous Goods List, in the heading of column 4, replace "risk" by "hazard", and amend the following entries:

0004	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
0005	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0006	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0007	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0033	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0034	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0035	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0037	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0038	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0042	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0043	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0048	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0056	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0059	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0060	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0065	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0099	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0102	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"

0124	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03" and insert "SW30"
0129	in column 16b, insert "SGG7", "SGG9" and "SGG17"
0130	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG9"
0135	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
0136	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0137	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0138	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0167	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0168	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0169	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0180	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0181	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0182	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0183	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0186	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0204	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0221	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0222	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
0224	in column 16b, insert "SGG17"
0242	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0271	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0272	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0275	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0277	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0279	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0280	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0283	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0284	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0285	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0286	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0287	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0290	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0291	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0292	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0293	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0294	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0295	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0296	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0321	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0324	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0326	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0327	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0328	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0329	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0330	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0346	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0348	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0349	in column 6, insert "347"
0367	in column 6, insert "347"
0369	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0371	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0374	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"

0375	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0381	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0384	in column 6, insert "347"
0402	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
0408	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0409	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0413	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0414	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0415	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0417	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0426	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0427	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0436	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0437	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0439	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0442	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0443	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0447	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0451	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0457	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0458	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0462	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0463	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0464	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0465	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0466	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0467	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0468	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0469	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0470	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
0472	in column 16a, amend "Category 05" to "Category 03"
0481	in column 6, insert "347"
0494	in column 16a, insert "SW30"
0502	in column 16a, amend "Category 04" to "Category 03"
1005	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1011	in column 6, insert "392"
1016	in column 6, insert "974"
1032	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1036	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1046	in column 6, insert "974"
1049	in column 6, insert "392" and "974"
1052	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1061	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1075	in column 6, insert "392"
1083	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1099	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1100	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1106 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1106 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1107	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"

1125	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1126	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1127	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1134	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1150	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1152	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1154	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1158	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1160	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1163	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1182	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1183	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1184	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1214	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1221	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1235	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1238	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1242	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1244	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1250	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1277	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1278	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1279	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1295	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1296	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1297 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1297 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1297 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1298	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1303	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1305	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1309 PG II	in column 6b, insert "SGG15"
1309 PG III	in column 6b, insert "SGG15"
1310	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
1325 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
1325 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
1326	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
1327	in column 6, insert "973"
1347	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
1352	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
1358	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
1363	in column 6, insert "973"
1364	in column 6, insert "973"
1365	in column 6, insert "973"
1382	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"

1383	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
1385	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1386 (both entries)	in column 6, insert "973"
1389	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1392	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1396 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
1396 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
1398	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
1418 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
1418 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
1418 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
1435	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
1436 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
1436 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
1436 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
1439	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
1442	in column 16b, insert "SGG2" and "SGG13"
1444	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
1445	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
1447	in column 16b, insert "SGG13"
1448	in column 16b, insert "SGG14"
1449	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
1450	in column 16b, insert "SGG3"
1452	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
1453	in column 16b, insert "SGG5"
1455	in column 16b, insert "SGG13"
1456	in column 16b, insert "SGG14"
1457	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
1458 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
1458 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
1459 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
1459 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
1461	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
1462	in column 16b, insert "SGG5"
1469	in column 16b, insert "SGG7", "SGG9"
1470	in column 16b, insert "SGG7", "SGG9" and "SGG13"
1471 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"

1471 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
1472	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
1473	in column 16b, insert "SGG3"
1475	in column 16b, insert "SGG13"
1476	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
1481 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG13"
1481 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG13"
1482 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG14"
1482 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG14"
1483 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
1483 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
1484	in column 16b, insert "SGG3"
1485	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
1487	in column 16b, insert "SGG12"
1488	in column 16b, insert "SGG12"
1489	in column 16b, insert "SGG13"
1490	in column 16b, insert "SGG14"
1491	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
1493	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
1494	in column 16b, insert "SGG3"
1495	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
1496	in column 16b, insert "SGG5"
1500	in column 16b, insert "SGG12"
1502	in column 16b, insert "SGG13"
1503	in column 16b, insert "SGG14"
1504	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
1506	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
1508	in column 16b, insert "SGG13"
1509	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
1512	in column 16b, insert "SGG2", "SGG7" and "SGG12"
1513	in column 16b, insert "SGG4" and "SGG7"
1514	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
1515	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG14"
1516	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG16"
1541	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1546	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
1565	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1571	in column 16b, insert "SGG17"
1572	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1575	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1587	in column 16b, insert "SGG6" and "SGG7"
1588 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1588 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"

1588 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1591	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1593	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1595	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1604	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1605	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1616	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG9"
1617	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG9"
1618	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG9"
1620	in column 16b, insert "SGG6", "SGG7" and "SGG9"
1623	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1624	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1625	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1626	in column 16b, insert "SGG6", "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1627	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1629	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1630	in column 16b, insert "SGG2", "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1631	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1634	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1636	in column 16b, insert "SGG6", "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1637	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1638	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1639	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1640	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1641	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1642	in column 16b, insert "SGG6", "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1643	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1644	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1645	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1646	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1647	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1649	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG9"
1653	in column 16b, insert "SGG6" and "SGG7"
1669	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1674	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
1679	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1680	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1683	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
1684	in column 16b, insert "SGG6" and "SGG7"
1687	in column 16b, insert "SGG17"
1689	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1694	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1701	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1702	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1710	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1712	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
1713	in column 16b, insert "SGG6" and "SGG7"
1714	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
1715	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1716	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1717	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"

1718	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1719	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1722	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1723	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG10", "SG36" and "SG49"
1724	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1725	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1726	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1727	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG2", "SG36" and "SG49"
1728	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1729	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1730	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1731 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1731 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1732	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1733	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1736	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1737	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG10", "SG36" and "SG49"
1738	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG10", "SG36" and "SG49"
1739	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1740 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1740 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1742	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1743	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1744	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1745	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1746	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1747	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1748	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
1750	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1751	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1752	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1753	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1754	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1755 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1755 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1756	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1757 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1757 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1758	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1761 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1761 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1762	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"

1763	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1764	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1765	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1766	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1767	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1768	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1769	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1770	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1771	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1773	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1775	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1776	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1777	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1778	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1779	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1780	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1781	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1782	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1783 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1783 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
1784	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1786	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1787 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1787 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1788 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1788 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1789 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1789 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1790 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1790 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1791 PG II	in column 6, insert "274" and "900"; in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
1791 PG III	in column 6, insert "274" and "900"; in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
1792	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1793	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1794	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG7", "SGG9", "SG36" and "SG49"
1796 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1796 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1798	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"

1799	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1800	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1801	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1802	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1803	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1804	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1805	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1806	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1807	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1808	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1809	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1810	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1811	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1813	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1814 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1814 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1815	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1816	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1817	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1818	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1819 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1819 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1823	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1824 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1824 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1825	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1826 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1826 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1827	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1828	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1829	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1830	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1831	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1832	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1833	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1834	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1835 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG2" and "SGG18"
1835 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG2" and "SGG18"
1836	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1837	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1838	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG7", "SG36" and "SG49"
1839	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"

1840	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG7", "SG36" and "SG49"
1843	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
1846	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1847	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1848	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1849	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1854	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
1856	in column 6, insert "973"
1872	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG9"
1873	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1887	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1888	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1889	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1891	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1894	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1895	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
1897	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
1898	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1902	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1905	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1906	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
1907	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1908	in column 6, insert "274" and "352"; in column 16b, insert "SGG5"
1922	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
1931	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
1935 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1935 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1935 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
1938 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1938 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1939	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1940	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
1942	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
1945	in column 6, add "293"
1954	in column 6, insert "392"
1965	in column 6, insert "392"
1969	in column 6, insert "392"
1971	in column 6, insert "392" and "974"
1978	in column 6, insert "392"
1991	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2008 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
2008 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
2008 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
2009	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"

2014	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
2015	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
2024 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2024 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2024 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2025 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2025 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2025 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2026 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2026 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2026 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2029	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2030 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2030 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2030 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2031 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
2031 PG II (both entries)	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
2032	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
2033	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2051	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2067	in column 6, delete "186"; in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
2071	in column 6, delete "186"; in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
2073	in column 16b, insert "SGG2" and "SGG18"
2079	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2205	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
2208	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
2214	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2215 (both entries)	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2216	in column 6, insert "973"
2217	in column 6, remove "117" and insert "973"
2218	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2225	in column 16b, insert "SGG1"
2226	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2234	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2238	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2240	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"

2248	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2258	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2259	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2260	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2262	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2264	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2266	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2267	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2269	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2270	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2276	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2279	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2280 (both entries)	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2289	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2291	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG9"
2305	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2308	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
2316	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
2317	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
2318	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2320	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2321	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2322	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2326	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2327	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2331	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG7", "SG36" and "SG49"
2334	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2339	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2341	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2342	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2343	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2344 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2344 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2353	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2356	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2357	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2359	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2361	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2362	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2379	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2382	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2383	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2386	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2387	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2388	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2390	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2391	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2392	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2395	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"

2399	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2401	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2407	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2426	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
2427 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
2427 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
2428 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
2428 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
2429 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
2429 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
2434	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2435	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2437	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2438	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2439	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2440	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2441	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
2442	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2443	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2444	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2456	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2466	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
2469	in column 16b, insert "SGG3" and "SGG7"
2475	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2491	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2495	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2496	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2502	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2503	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2504	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2505	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
2506	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG2", "SG36" and "SG49"
2507	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2508	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2509	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2511	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2513	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG49"
2515	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2526	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2531	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2545	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
2546 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
2546 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"

2546 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
2547	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
2554	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2556	in column 16a, add "SW1" and "H2"
2564 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2564 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2565	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2571	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2573	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
2576	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2577	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2578	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2579	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2580	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2581	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2582	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2583	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2584	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2585	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2586	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2604	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2610	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2619	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2626	in column 16b, insert "SGG1" and "SG36"
2627	in column 16b, insert "SGG12"
2642	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2644	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2646	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2664	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2670	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2671	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2672	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2677 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2677 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2678	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2679 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2679 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2680	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2681	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2682	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2683	in column 16b, insert "SGG2" and "SGG18"
2684	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2685	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2686	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2687	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"

2688	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2691	in column 16b, insert "SGG1" and "SG49"
2692	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2698	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"; in column 6, insert "973"
2699	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2714	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
2719	in column 16b, insert "SGG3"
2721	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
2723	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
2726	in column 16b, insert "SGG12"
2733 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2733 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2733 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2734 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2734 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2735 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2735 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2735 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2739	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2740	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2741	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
2742	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2743	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2744	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2745	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2746	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2748	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2751	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2777 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2777 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2777 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2778 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2778 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2789	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2790 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2790 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2794	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"

2795	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2796	in column 16b, insert "SGG1a", "SG36" and "SG49"
2797	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2798	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2799	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2800	in column 6, delete "29"
2802	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2809	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
2815	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2817 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG2", "SG36" and "SG49"
2817 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG2", "SG36" and "SG49"
2818 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG2" and "SGG18"
2818 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG2" and "SGG18"
2819	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2820	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2823	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2826	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2829	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2831	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2834	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2841	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2850	in column 17, at the end, add "1-dodecene is not marine pollutant."
2851	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2854	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
2855	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
2859	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
2861	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
2863	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
2865	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG35", "SG36" and "SG49"
2869 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG7", "SG36" and "SG49"
2869 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SGG7", "SG36" and "SG49"
2872 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2872 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG10"
2878	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
2879	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2880 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
2880 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
2881 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
2881 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"

2881 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
2945	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
2949	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
2950	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
2967	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2977	in column 16b, insert "SG17", "SG76" and "SG78"
2978	in column 16b, insert "SG17", "SG76" and "SG78"
2985	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2986	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2987	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2988	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
2989 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG9"
2989 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG9"
3011 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
3011 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
3011 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
3012 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
3012 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
3012 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
3028	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3055	in column 16b, insert "SG35"
3073	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3078	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
3089 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
3089 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
3090	in column 6, insert "387"; in column 8, insert "P911", "LP905" and "LP906"
3091	in column 6, insert "387"; in column 8, insert "P911", "LP905" and "LP906"
3101	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3102	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3103	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3104	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3105	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3106	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3107	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3108	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3109	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3110	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3111	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3112	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3113	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3114	in column 16b, insert "SG72"

3115	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3116	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3117	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3118	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3119	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3120	in column 16b, insert "SG72"
3149	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
3166	in column 6, delete "312", delete "380", delete "385" and insert "388"
3170 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
3170 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG15"
3171	in column 6, delete "240" and insert "388"
3174	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
3181 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
3181 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7"
3189 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
3189 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG15"
3211	in column 16b, insert "SGG13"
3212	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
3213 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG3"
3213 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG3"
3214	in column 16b, insert "SGG14"
3219 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG12"
3219 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG12"
3223	in column 9, add "PP94 PP95"
3224	in column 9, add "PP94 PP95"
3246	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3250	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3253	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3255	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
3259 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3259 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3259 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3260 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3260 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3260 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3261 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"

3261 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3261 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3262	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3263	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3264 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3264 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3264 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3265 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3265 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3265 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3266 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3266 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3266 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3267 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3267 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3267 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3277	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3293	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3302	in column 2, at the end of the designation, add ", STABILIZED"; in column 6, add "386"
3316 PG II	in column 5, delete "II"
3316 PG III	delete this entire entry
3318	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3320 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3320 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3332	in column 15, replace "S-S" with " <u>S-S</u> "
3333	in column 15, replace "S-S" with " <u>S-S</u> "
3360	in column 6, insert "973"
3361	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3362	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3375	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
3377	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
3378	in column 16b, insert "SGG16"
3401	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"

3402	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG11"
3405 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
3405 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
3406 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG13"
3406 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG13"
3407 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
3407 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG4"
3408 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG7", "SGG9" and "SGG13"
3408 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG7", "SGG9" and "SGG13"
3412 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3412 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3413 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
3413 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
3413 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
3414 PG I	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
3414 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
3414 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
3419	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3420	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3421 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3421 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3423	in column 16b, insert "SGG2" and "SGG18"
3424 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
3424 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG2"
3425	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3449	in column 16b, insert "SGG6"
3453	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3456	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3463	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3472	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3480	in column 6, insert "387"; in column 8, insert "P911", "LP905" and "LP906"
3481	in column 6, insert "387"; in column 8, insert "P911", "LP905" and "LP906"
3483	in column 16b, insert "SGG7" and "SGG9"

3484	in column 16b, insert "SGG18"
3485	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
3486	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
3487 PG II	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
3487 PG III	in column 16b, insert "SGG8"
3496	in column 17, replace the sentence by "Nickel-metal hydride button cells or nickel-metal hydride cells or batteries packed with or contained in equipment are not subject to the provisions of this Code."
3498	in column 16b, insert "SGG1", "SG36" and "SG49"
3507	in column 16b, insert "SG77"

Add the following new entries:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16a)	(16b)	(17)
3535	TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	4.1	I	274	0	E5	P002	-	IBC99	-	-	T6	TP33	F-A, S-G	Category B	-	Toxic if swallowed, by skin contact or by dust inhalation.
3535	TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	4.1	II	274	500 g	E4	P002	-	IBC08	B4 B21	-	T3	TP33	F-A, S-G	Category B	-	See entry above.
3536	LITHIUM BATTERIES INSTALLED IN CARGO TRANSPORT UNIT lithium ion batteries or lithium metal batteries	9	-	-	389	0	E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-A, S-I	Category A	-	Cargo transport unit containing lithium metal or lithium ion batteries which is designed to serve as mobile power supply unit.
3537	ARTICLES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE GAS, N.O.S.	2.1	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	P006 LP03	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-D, <u>S-U</u>	Category D SW2	-	-
3538	ARTICLES CONTAINING NON-FLAMMABLE, NON-TOXIC GAS, N.O.S.	2.2	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	P006 LP03	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-C, <u>S-V</u>	Category A	-	-
3539	ARTICLES CONTAINING TOXIC GAS, N.O.S.	2.3	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-C, <u>S-U</u>	-	-	-
3540	ARTICLES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.	3	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	P006 LP03	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-E, <u>S-D</u>	Category B	-	-
3541	ARTICLES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE SOLID, N.O.S.	4.1	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	P006 LP03	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-A, <u>S-G</u>	Category B	-	-
3542	ARTICLES CONTAINING A SUBSTANCE LIABLE TO SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION, N.O.S.	4.2	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	* F-G, <u>S-M</u> for pyrophoric substances, F-A, <u>S-J</u> for self-heating substances
3543	ARTICLES CONTAINING A SUBSTANCE WHICH EMITS FLAMMABLE GAS IN CONTACT WITH WATER, N.O.S.	4.3	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-G, <u>S-N</u>	-	-	-
3544	ARTICLES CONTAINING OXIDIZING SUBSTANCE, N.O.S.	5.1	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-A, <u>S-Q</u>	-	-	-

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16a)	(16b)	(17)
3545	ARTICLES CONTAINING ORGANIC PEROXIDE, N.O.S.	5.2	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-J, <u>S-R</u>	-	-	-
3546	ARTICLES CONTAINING TOXIC SUBSTANCE, N.O.S.	6.1	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	P006 LP03	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-A, <u>S-A</u>	Category B SW2 *	-	Toxic if swallowed, by skin contact or by dust inhalation. *When competent authority approval is required by SP391, the stowage and handling will be specified by the competent authority.
3547	ARTICLES CONTAINING CORROSIVE SUBSTANCE, N.O.S.	8	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	P006 LP03	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-A, <u>S-B</u>	Category B SW2	-	Causes burns to skin, eyes and mucous membranes.
3548	ARTICLES CONTAINING MISCELLANEOUS DANGEROUS GOODS, N.O.S.	9	See 2.0.6.6	-	274 391	0	E0	P006 LP03	-	-	-	-	-	-	F-A, <u>S-P</u>	Category A	-	-

Chapter 3.3 Special provisions applicable to certain substances, materials or articles

3.3.1 In the third sentence, replace "such as "Damaged Lithium Batteries"" by "such as "LITHIUM BATTERIES FOR DISPOSAL"".

SP 29 Amend to read as follows:

"29 The packages, including bales, are exempt from labelling provided that they are marked with the appropriate class (e.g. "class 4.2")."

SP 63 In the introductory text, replace "risks" by "hazard(s)". In .5 replace "risk" by "hazard". In .7 replace "risk" by "hazard" and replace "risk(s)" by "hazard(s)".

SP 122 Replace "risk(s)" by "hazard(s)".

SP 133 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

SP 172 Replace "risk(s)" by "hazard(s)". In .1, .2 and .3, replace "risk" by "hazard" four times.

SP 181 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

SP 186 is deleted.

SP 188 In subparagraph .3, replace "2.9.4.1 and 2.9.4.5" by "2.9.4.1, 2.9.4.5, 2.9.4.6 if applicable and 2.9.4.7"

In subparagraph .4, replace "protection against contact with conductive materials" by "protection against contact with electrically conductive material". At the end of .4, replace "." by ";

In subparagraph .5, at the end, add the following two new sentences:

"When packages are placed in an overpack, the lithium battery mark shall either be clearly visible or be reproduced on the outside of the overpack and the overpack shall be marked with the word "OVERPACK". The lettering of the "OVERPACK" mark shall be at least 12 mm high;"

In subparagraph .6, rename the existing note as note 1 and add the following new note 2:

Note 2: Packages containing lithium batteries packed in conformity with the provisions of part 4, chapter 11, packing instructions 965 or 968, Section IB of the ICAO Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air that bear the mark as shown in 5.2.1.10 (lithium battery mark) and the label shown in 5.2.2.2.2, Model No. 9A shall be deemed to meet the provisions of this special provision."

In the first paragraph after subparagraph .8, at the end, add the following sentence:

"As used in this special provision "equipment" means apparatus for which the lithium cells or batteries will provide electrical power for its operation."

SP 193 Amend to read as follows:

"193 This entry may only be used for ammonium nitrate based compound fertilizers. They shall be classified in accordance with the procedure as set out in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, part III, section 39. "

SP 204 Replace "risk" by "hazard" twice and add the word "hazard" between "subsidiary" and "label" in the last sentence.

SP 240 is deleted.

SP 251 In the first paragraph, replace the last sentence with:

"Such kits shall only contain dangerous goods that are permitted as:

- .1 excepted quantities not exceeding the quantity indicated by the code in column 7b of the Dangerous Goods List of chapter 3.2, provided that the net quantity per inner packaging and net quantity per package are as prescribed in 3.5.1.2 and 3.5.1.3; or
- .2 limited quantities as indicated in column 7a of the Dangerous Goods List of chapter 3.2, provided that the net quantity per inner packaging does not exceed 250 ml or 250 g."

In the second paragraph, delete the last sentence.

In the third paragraph, insert a new first sentence to read as follows:

"For the purposes of completion of the dangerous goods transport document as set out in 5.4.1.4.1, the packing group shown on the document shall be the most stringent packing group assigned to any individual substance in the kit."

SP 271 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

SP 290 In subparagraph .2, replace "risk" by "hazard".

SP 293 In subparagraph .2, after "Safety matches are", insert "matches that".

SP 296 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

SP 301 At the beginning, replace "substance" by "goods". Amend the fifth and sixth sentences to read as follows:

"If the machinery or apparatus contains more than one item of dangerous goods, the individual dangerous goods shall be enclosed to prevent them reacting dangerously with one another during transport (see 4.1.1.6). When it is required to ensure liquid dangerous goods remain in their intended orientation, orientation arrows shall be displayed on at least two opposite vertical sides with the arrows pointing in the correct direction in accordance with 5.2.1.7.1."

Delete the last sentence.

SP 307 Amend to read as follows:

"307 This entry may only be used for ammonium nitrate based fertilizers. They shall be classified in accordance with the procedure as set out in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, part III, section 39."

SP 308 Amend to read as follows:

"308* Stabilization of fish meal shall be achieved to prevent spontaneous combustion by effective application of ethoxyquin, BHT (butylated hydroxytoluene) or tocopherols (also used in a blend with rosemary extract) at the time of production. The said application shall occur within twelve months prior to shipment. Fish scrap or fish meal shall contain at least 50 ppm (mg/kg) of ethoxyquin, 100 ppm (mg/kg) of BHT or 250 ppm (mg/kg) of tocopherol based antioxidant at the time of shipment."

* For the transport of fish meal in bulk, see the IMSBC Code.

SP 310 In the first paragraph, replace "cells and batteries" by "cells or batteries", twice, and add "or LP905 of 4.1.4.3, as applicable" at the end.

SP 312 is deleted.

SP 362 In subparagraph .2 and .3, replace "risk" by "hazard".

SP 363 Add the following new introductory sentence:

"This entry may only be used when the conditions of this special provision are met. No other provisions of this Code apply, except for special provision 972, chapter 5.4, part 7 and column 16a and 16b of the Dangerous Goods List."

Replace the existing subparagraph .7 with the following:

".7 The engine or machinery, including the means of containment containing dangerous goods, shall be in compliance with the construction requirements specified by the competent authority.

.8 Any valves or openings (e.g. venting devices) shall be closed during transport.

.9 The engines or machinery shall be oriented to prevent inadvertent leakage of dangerous goods and secured by means capable of restraining the engines or machinery to prevent any movement during transport which would change the orientation or cause them to be damaged.

.10 For UN 3528 and UN 3530:

- where the engine or machinery contains more than 60 L of liquid fuel and has a capacity of not more than 450 L, the labelling requirements of 5.2.2 shall apply;
- where the engine or machinery contains more than 60 L of liquid fuel and has a capacity of more than 450 L but not more than 3,000 L, it shall be labelled on two opposing sides in accordance with 5.2.2;

- where the engine or machinery contains more than 60 L of liquid fuel and has a capacity of more than 3,000 L, it shall be placarded on two opposing sides in accordance with 5.3.1.1.2; and
 - in addition to the above requirements, for UN 3530, where the engine or machinery contains more than 60 L of liquid fuel and the capacity does not exceed 3,000 L, the marking requirements of 5.2.1.6 apply; and where the engine or machinery contains more than 60 L of liquid fuel and the capacity exceeds 3,000 L, the marking requirements of 5.3.2.3.2 apply.
- .11 For UN 3529:
- where the fuel tank of the engine or machinery has a water capacity of not more than 450 L, the labelling requirements of 5.2.2 shall apply;
 - where the fuel tank of the engine or machinery has a water capacity of more than 450 L but not more than 1,000 L, it shall be labelled on two opposing sides in accordance with 5.2.2; and
 - where the fuel tank of the engine or machinery has a water capacity of more than 1,000 L, it shall be placarded on two opposing sides in accordance with 5.3.1.1.2.
- .12 The transport document shall contain the following additional statement "Transport in accordance with special provision 363".
- .13 The requirements specified in packing instruction P005 of 4.1.4.1 shall be met."
- SP 369 In the first paragraph, replace "risks" by "hazards". In the third paragraph, replace "risk" by "hazard".
- SP 376 Amend the text after the third paragraph to read as follows:
- "Cells and batteries shall be packed in accordance with packing instructions P908 of 4.1.4.1 or LP904 of 4.1.4.3, as applicable.
- Cells and batteries identified as damaged or defective and liable to rapidly disassemble, dangerously react, produce a flame or a dangerous evolution of heat or a dangerous emission of toxic, corrosive or flammable gases or vapours under normal conditions of transport shall be packed and transported in accordance with packing instruction P911 of 4.1.4.1 or LP906 of 4.1.4.3, as applicable. Alternative packing and/or transport conditions may be authorized by the competent authority.
- Packages shall be marked "DAMAGED/DEFECTIVE" in addition to the proper shipping name, as stated in 5.2.1.
- The transport document shall include the following statement "Transport in accordance with special provision 376".
- If applicable, a copy of the competent authority approval shall accompany the transport."

SP 377 At the end, add a new paragraph as follows:

"The transport document shall include the following statement: "Transport in accordance with special provision 377"."

SP 380 is deleted.

SP 384 Delete the note.

SP 385 is deleted.

SP 907 Replace the terms "which must exceed 100 mg/kg" with "see special provision 308".

SP 945 is deleted.

SP 961 In subparagraph .1, replace "2.9.4.1 does" by "2.9.4.1 and 2.9.4.7 do".

SP 962 In subparagraph .4, replace "2.9.4.1 does" by "2.9.4.1 and 2.9.4.7 do".

SP 963 Replace the first sentence with the following:

"Nickel-metal hydride cells or batteries packed with or contained in equipment and nickel-metal hydride button cells are not subject to the provisions of this Code."

SP 972 Replace "2.9.4.1 does" by "2.9.4.1 and 2.9.4.7 do".

Add the following new special provisions:

"387 Lithium batteries in conformity with 2.9.4.6 containing both primary lithium metal cells and rechargeable lithium ion cells shall be assigned to UN 3090 or 3091 as appropriate. When such batteries are transported in accordance with special provision 188, the total lithium content of all lithium metal cells contained in the battery shall not exceed 1.5 g and the total capacity of all lithium ion cells contained in the battery shall not exceed 10 Wh."

"388 UN 3166 entries apply to vehicles powered by flammable liquid or gas internal combustion engines or fuel cells.

Vehicles powered by a fuel cell engine shall be assigned to the entries UN 3166 VEHICLE, FUEL CELL, FLAMMABLE GAS POWERED or UN 3166 VEHICLE, FUEL CELL, FLAMMABLE LIQUID POWERED, as appropriate. These entries include hybrid electric vehicles powered by both a fuel cell and an internal combustion engine with wet batteries, sodium batteries, lithium metal batteries or lithium ion batteries, transported with the battery(ies) installed.

Other vehicles which contain an internal combustion engine shall be assigned to the entries UN 3166 VEHICLE, FLAMMABLE GAS POWERED or UN 3166 VEHICLE, FLAMMABLE LIQUID POWERED, as appropriate. These entries include hybrid electric vehicles powered by both an internal combustion engine and wet batteries, sodium batteries, lithium metal batteries or lithium ion batteries, transported with the battery(ies) installed.

If a vehicle is powered by a flammable liquid and a flammable gas internal combustion engine, it shall be assigned to UN 3166 VEHICLE, FLAMMABLE GAS POWERED.

Entry UN 3171 only applies to vehicles powered by wet batteries, sodium batteries, lithium metal batteries or lithium ion batteries and equipment powered by wet batteries or sodium batteries transported with these batteries installed.

For the purpose of this special provision, vehicles are self-propelled apparatus designed to carry one or more persons or goods. Examples of such vehicles are cars, motorcycles, scooters, three- and four-wheeled vehicles or motorcycles, trucks, locomotives, bicycles (pedal cycles with a motor) and other vehicles of this type (e.g. self-balancing vehicles or vehicles not equipped with at least one seating position), wheelchairs, lawn tractors, self-propelled farming and construction equipment, boats and aircraft. This includes vehicles transported in a packaging. In this case some parts of the vehicle may be detached from its frame to fit into the packaging.

Examples of equipment are lawnmowers, cleaning machines or model boats and model aircraft. Equipment powered by lithium metal batteries or lithium ion batteries shall be assigned to the entries UN 3091 LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or UN 3091 LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT or UN 3481 LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or UN 3481 LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, as appropriate.

Dangerous goods, such as batteries, airbags, fire extinguishers, compressed gas accumulators, safety devices and other integral components of the vehicle that are necessary for the operation of the vehicle or for the safety of its operator or passengers, shall be securely installed in the vehicle and are not otherwise subject to this Code."

"389 This entry only applies to lithium ion batteries or lithium metal batteries installed in a cargo transport unit and designed only to provide power external to the cargo transport unit. The lithium batteries shall meet the requirements of 2.9.4.1 to .7 and contain the necessary systems to prevent overcharge and overdischarge between the batteries.

The batteries shall be securely attached to the interior structure of the cargo transport unit (e.g. by means of placement in racks, cabinets, etc.) in such a manner as to prevent short circuits, accidental operation, and significant movement relative to the cargo transport unit under the shocks, loadings and vibrations normally incident to transport. Dangerous goods necessary for the safe and proper operation of the cargo transport unit (e.g. fire-extinguishing systems and air-conditioning systems), shall be properly secured to or installed in the cargo transport unit and are not otherwise subject to this Code. Dangerous goods not necessary for the safe and proper operation of the cargo transport unit shall not be transported within the cargo transport unit.

The batteries inside the cargo transport unit are not subject to marking or labelling requirements. The cargo transport unit shall display the UN number in accordance with 5.3.2.1.2 and be placarded on two opposing sides in accordance with 5.3.1.1.2."

"391 Articles containing dangerous goods of class 2.3, or class 4.2, or class 4.3, or class 5.1, or class 5.2 or class 6.1 for substances of inhalation toxicity requiring packing group I and articles containing more than one of the hazards listed in 2.0.3.4.2 to 2.0.3.4.4 shall be transported under conditions approved by the competent authority."

"392 For the transport of fuel gas containment systems designed and approved to be fitted in motor vehicles containing this gas, the provisions of subsection 4.1.4.1 and chapter 6.2 of this Code need not be applied when transported for disposal, recycling, repair, inspection, maintenance or from where they are manufactured to a vehicle assembly plant, provided the following conditions are met:

.1 The fuel gas containment systems shall meet the requirements of the standards or regulations for fuel tanks for vehicles, as applicable. Examples of applicable standards and regulations are:

LPG tanks	
ECE Regulation No. 67 Revision 2	Uniform provisions concerning: I. Approval of specific equipment of vehicles of category M and N using liquefied petroleum gases in their propulsion system; II. Approval of vehicles of category M and N fitted with specific equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum gases in their propulsion system with regard to the installation of such equipment
ECE Regulation No. 115	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of: I. Specific LPG (liquefied petroleum gases) retrofit systems to be installed in motor vehicles for the use of LPG in their propulsion systems; II. Specific CNG (compressed natural gas) retrofit systems to be installed in motor vehicles for the use of CNG in their propulsion system
CNG tanks	
ECE Regulation No. 110	Uniform provisions concerning: I. Specific components of motor vehicles using compressed natural gas (CNG) and/or liquefied natural gas (LNG) in their propulsion system; II. Vehicles with regard to the installation of specific components of an approved type for the use of compressed natural gas (CNG) and/or liquefied natural gas (LNG) in their propulsion system
ECE Regulation No. 115	(Uniform provisions concerning the approval of I. Specific LPG (liquefied petroleum gases) retrofit systems to be installed in motor vehicles for the use of LPG in their propulsion systems; II. Specific CNG (compressed natural gas) retrofit systems to be installed in motor vehicles for the use of CNG in their propulsion system)

ISO 11439:2013	Gas cylinders – High pressure cylinders for the on-board storage of natural gas as a fuel for automotive vehicles
ISO 15500-Series	ISO 15500: Road vehicles – Compressed natural gas (CNG) fuel system components – several parts as applicable
ANSI NGV 2	Compressed natural gas vehicle fuel containers
CSA B51 Part 2: 2014	Boiler, pressure vessel, and pressure piping code Part 2 Requirements for high-pressure cylinders for on-board storage of fuels for automotive vehicles
Hydrogen pressure tanks	
Global Technical Regulation (GTR) No. 13	Global technical regulation on hydrogen and fuel cell vehicles (ECE/TRANS/180/Add.13)
ISO/TS 15869:2009	Gaseous hydrogen and hydrogen blends – Land vehicle fuel tanks
Regulation (EC) No.79/2009	Regulation (EC) No. 79/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 January 2009 on type approval of hydrogen-powered motor vehicles, and amending Directive 2007/46/EC
Regulation (EU) No. 406/2010	Commission Regulation (EU) No. 406/2010 of 26 April 2010 implementing Regulation (EC) No. 79/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council on type-approval of hydrogen-powered motor vehicles.
ECE Regulation No. 134	Hydrogen and fuel cell vehicles (HFCV)
CSA B51 Part 2: 2014	Boiler, pressure vessel, and pressure piping code Part 2 Requirements for high-pressure cylinders for on-board storage of fuels for automotive vehicles

Gas tanks designed and constructed in accordance with previous versions of relevant standards or regulations for gas tanks for motor vehicles, which were applicable at the time of the certification of the vehicles for which the gas tanks were designed and constructed may continue to be transported;

- .2 The fuel gas containment systems shall be leakproof and shall not exhibit any signs of external damage which may affect their safety;

Note 1: Criteria may be found in standard ISO 11623:2015 *Transportable gas cylinders – Periodic inspection and testing of composite gas cylinders* (or ISO 19078:2013 *Gas cylinders – Inspection of the cylinder installation, and requalification of high pressure cylinders for the on-board storage of natural gas as a fuel for automotive vehicles*).

Note 2: If the fuel gas containment systems are not leakproof or are overfilled or if they exhibit damage that could affect their safety (e.g. in case of a safety-related recall), they shall only be carried in salvage pressure receptacles in conformity with this Code.

- .3 If a fuel gas containment system is equipped with two valves or more integrated in line, the two valves shall be closed as to be gastight under normal conditions of transport. If only one valve exists or only one valve works, all openings with the exception of the opening of the pressure relief device shall be closed as to be gastight under normal conditions of transport;
- .4 Fuel gas containment systems shall be transported in such a way as to prevent obstruction of the pressure relief device or any damage to the valves and any other pressurised part of the fuel gas containment systems and unintentional release of the gas under normal conditions of transport. The fuel gas containment system shall be secured in order to prevent slipping, rolling or vertical movement;
- .5 Valves shall be protected by one of the methods described in 4.1.6.1.8.1 to 4.1.6.1.8.5;
- .6 Except for the case of fuel gas containment systems removed for disposal, recycling, repair, inspection or maintenance, they shall be filled with not more than 20% of their nominal filling ratio or nominal working pressure, as applicable;
- .7 Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 5.2, when fuel gas containment systems are consigned in a handling device, markings and labels may be affixed to the handling device; and
- .8 Notwithstanding the provisions of 5.4.1.5, the information on the total quantity of dangerous goods may be replaced by the following information:
 - .1 the number of fuel gas containment systems; and
 - .2 in the case of liquefied gases the total net mass (kg) of gas of each fuel gas containment system and, in the case of compressed gases, the total water capacity (l) of each fuel gas containment system followed by the nominal working pressure.

Examples for information in the transport document:

Example 1: "UN 1971 natural gas, compressed, 2.1, 1 fuel gas containment system of 50 l in total, 200 bar".

Example 2: "UN 1965 hydrocarbon gas mixture, liquefied, n.o.s., 2.1, 3 fuel gas containment systems, each of 15 kg net mass of gas".

"973 Packages, with the exception of bales, shall also display the proper shipping name and the UN number of the substance that they contain in accordance with 5.2.1. In any case, the packages, including bales, are exempt from class marking provided that they are loaded in a cargo transport unit and that they contain goods to which only one UN number has been assigned. The cargo transport units in which the packages, including bales, are loaded shall display any relevant labels, placards and marks in accordance with chapter 5.3."

"974 These substances may be transported in IMO type 9 tanks."

Chapter 3.4
Dangerous goods packed in limited quantities

3.4.6 Documentation

3.4.6.1 Replace the words "dangerous goods declaration" with "dangerous goods transport document".

Chapter 3.5
Dangerous goods packed in excepted quantities

3.5.6 Documentation

3.5.6.1 Replace the words "dangerous goods declaration" with "dangerous goods transport document".

PART 4
PACKING AND TANK PROVISIONS

Chapter 4.1
Use of packagings, including intermediate bulk containers (IBCs)
and large packagings

4.1.4 List of packing instructions

4.1.4.1 Packing instructions concerning the use of packagings (except IBCs and large packagings)

P001 Under "Composite packagings", in the first line, replace "Plastics receptacle in steel or aluminium drum (6HA1, 6HB1)" with "Plastics receptacle in steel, aluminium or plastics drum (6HA1, 6HB1, 6HH1)". In the second line, replace "Plastics receptacle in fibre, plastics or plywood drum (6HG1, 6HH1, 6HD1)" with "Plastics receptacle in fibre or plywood drum (6HG1, 6HD1)".

P101 Replace "The State's distinguishing sign for motor vehicles in international traffic" by "The distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

Table note * reads as follows:

** Distinguishing sign of the State of registration used on motor vehicles and trailers in international road traffic, e.g. in accordance with the Geneva Convention on Road Traffic of 1949 or the Vienna Convention on Road Traffic of 1968."

P200 In paragraph (3) (e), in the first paragraph, replace "liquid phase" by "liquefied gas". In subparagraph (i), replace "liquid component" by "liquefied gas". In subparagraph (iv), replace "liquid component" by "liquefied gas". In subparagraph (v), replace "liquid component" by "liquefied gas". In the last paragraph, replace "liquid component" by "liquid phase".
In the header of column 4 of tables 1, 2 and 3, replace "risk" by "hazard".

P203 In paragraph (7), replace "risk" by "hazard".

P206 In paragraph (3), in the first paragraph, replace "liquid phase" by "liquefied gas". In subparagraph (a), replace "liquid component" by "liquefied gas". In subparagraph (d), replace "liquid component" by "liquefied gas". In subparagraph (e), replace "liquid component" by "liquefied gas". In the last paragraph, replace "liquid component" by "liquid phase".

P208 In the header of column 4 of table 1, replace "risk" by "hazard".

P403 In special packing provisions PP31, delete ", except for solid fused material".

P410 Replace the table note (4) with the following:

"For packing group II substances, these packagings may only be used when transported in a closed cargo transport unit."

P520 In additional provision 4, replace "risk" by "hazard". Furthermore, add the following new special packing provisions PP94 and PP95:

"PP94 Very small amounts of energetic samples of section 2.0.4.3 may be carried under UN 3223 or UN 3224, as appropriate, provided that:

- .1 only combination packaging with outer packaging comprising boxes (4A, 4B, 4N, 4C1, 4C2, 4D, 4F, 4G, 4H1 and 4H2) are used;
- .2 the samples are carried in microtiter plates or multi-titer plates made of plastics, glass, porcelain or stoneware as inner packaging;
- .3 the maximum amount per individual inner cavity does not exceed 0.01 g for solids or 0.01 ml for liquids;
- .4 the maximum net quantity per outer packaging is 20 g for solids or 20 ml for liquids, or in the case of mixed packing the sum of grams and millilitres does not exceed 20; and
- .5 when dry ice or liquid nitrogen is optionally used as a coolant for quality control measures, the requirements of 5.5.3 are complied with. Interior supports shall be provided to secure the inner packagings in their original position. The inner and outer packagings shall maintain their integrity at the temperature of the refrigerant used as well as the temperatures and the pressures which could result if refrigeration were lost.

PP95 Small amounts of energetic samples of section 2.0.4.3 may be carried under UN 3223 or UN 3224, as appropriate, provided that:

- .1 the outer packaging consist only of corrugated fibreboard of type 4G having minimum dimensions of 60 cm (length) by 40.5 cm (width) by 30 cm (height) and minimum wall thickness of 1.3 cm;
- .2 the individual substance is contained in an inner packaging of glass or plastics of maximum capacity 30 ml placed in an expandable polyethylene foam matrix of at least 130 mm thickness having a density of 18 ± 1 g/l;
- .3 within the foam carrier, inner packagings are segregated from each other by a minimum distance of 40 mm and from the wall of the outer packaging by a minimum distance of 70 mm. The package may contain up to two layers of such foam matrices, each carrying up to 28 inner packagings;

- .4 the maximum content of each inner packaging does not exceed 1 g for solids or 1 ml for liquids;
- .5 the maximum net quantity per outer packaging is 56 g for solids or 56 ml for liquids, or in the case of mixed packing the sum of grams and millilitres does not exceed 56; and
- .6 when dry ice or liquid nitrogen is optionally used as a coolant for quality control measures, the requirements of 5.5.3 are complied with. Interior supports shall be provided to secure the inner packagings in their original position. The inner and outer packagings shall maintain their integrity at the temperature of the refrigerant used as well as the temperatures and the pressures which could result if refrigeration were lost."

P620 In additional provision 3, at the end, delete "and temperatures in the range -40°C to +55°C" and add the following new sentence: "This primary receptacle or secondary packaging shall also be capable of withstanding temperatures in the range -40°C to +55°C."

P801 In additional provision 2, replace "non-conductive" by "electrically non-conductive".

P901 Under "Additional requirement", delete "not exceed either 250 ml or 250 g and shall".

P902 In the paragraph under "Unpackaged articles:", amend the end of the sentence to read "when moved to, from, or between where they are manufactured and an assembly plant including intermediate handling locations."

P903 Before the introductory sentence that starts with "The following packagings...", insert a new sentence to read "For the purpose of this packing instruction, "equipment" means apparatus for which the lithium cells or batteries will provide electrical power for its operation.". In paragraph (3), delete the last sentence.

P906 In paragraph (2), in the introductory sentence and in subparagraph (b), replace "devices" by "articles" three times.

P907 At the beginning, add a new box with the following sentence:

"This instruction applies to UN 3363."

P908 In paragraphs (2) and (4), replace "non-conductive" by "electrically non-conductive".

P909 In paragraphs (1)(c) and (2)(b), in the fourth indent of additional requirement 2 and in additional requirement 3, replace "non-conductive" by "electrically non-conductive".

P910 In the introductory sentence, replace "cells and batteries" by "cells or batteries" twice.

In paragraphs (1)(c), (1)(d), (2)(c), and fourth indent of the additional requirements, replace "non-conductive" by "electrically non-conductive".

Insert the following new packing instructions:

P006	PACKING INSTRUCTION	P006
This instruction applies to UN Nos. 3537, 3538, 3540, 3541, 3546, 3547 and 3548.		
<p>(1) The following packagings are authorized, provided that the general provisions of 4.1.1 and 4.1.3 are met: Drums (1A2, 1B2, 1N2, 1H2, 1D, 1G); Boxes (4A, 4B, 4N, 4C1, 4C2, 4D, 4F, 4G, 4H1, 4H2); Jerricans (3A2, 3B2, 3H2). Packagings shall conform to the packing group II performance level.</p> <p>(2) In addition, for robust articles the following packagings are authorized: Strong outer packagings constructed of suitable material and of adequate strength and design in relation to the packaging capacity and its intended use. The packagings shall meet the provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2, 4.1.1.8 and 4.1.3 in order to achieve a level of protection that is at least equivalent to that provided by chapter 6.1. Articles may be transported unpackaged or on pallets when the dangerous goods are afforded equivalent protection by the article in which they are contained.</p> <p>(3) Additionally, the following conditions shall be met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Receptacles within articles containing liquids or solids shall be constructed of suitable materials and secured in the article in such a way that, under normal conditions of transport, they cannot break, be punctured or leak their contents into the article itself or the outer packaging;(b) Receptacles containing liquids with closures shall be packed with their closures correctly oriented. The receptacles shall in addition conform to the internal pressure test provisions of 6.1.5.5;(c) Receptacles that are liable to break or be punctured easily, such as those made of glass, porcelain or stoneware or of certain plastics materials shall be properly secured. Any leakage of the contents shall not substantially impair the protective properties of the article or of the outer packaging;(d) Receptacles within articles containing gases shall meet the requirements of section 4.1.6 and chapter 6.2 as appropriate or be capable of providing an equivalent level of protection to packing instructions P200 or P208;(e) Where there is no receptacle within the article, the article shall fully enclose the dangerous substances and prevent their release under normal conditions of transport. <p>(4) Articles shall be packed to prevent movement and inadvertent operation during normal conditions of transport.</p>		

P911	PACKING INSTRUCTION	P911
This instruction applies to damaged or defective cells and batteries of UN Nos. 3090, 3091, 3480 and 3481 liable to rapidly disassemble, dangerously react, produce a flame or a dangerous evolution of heat or a dangerous emission of toxic, corrosive or flammable gases or vapours under normal conditions of transport.		
<p>The following packagings are authorized, provided that the general provisions of 4.1.1 and 4.1.3 are met:</p> <p>For cells and batteries and equipment containing cells and batteries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Drums (1A2, 1B2, 1N2, 1H2, 1D, 1G);Boxes (4A, 4B, 4N, 4C1, 4C2, 4D, 4F, 4G, 4H1, 4H2);Jerricans (3A2, 3B2, 3H2). <p>The packagings shall conform to the packing group I performance level.</p>		

P911	PACKING INSTRUCTION	P911
	<p>(1) The packaging shall be capable of meeting the following additional performance requirements in case of rapid disassembly, dangerous reaction, production of a flame or a dangerous evolution of heat or a dangerous emission of toxic, corrosive or flammable gases or vapours of the cells or batteries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) The outside surface temperature of the completed package shall not have a temperature of more than 100°C. A momentary spike in temperature up to 200°C is acceptable; (b) No flame shall occur outside the package; (c) No projectiles shall exit the package; (d) The structural integrity of the package shall be maintained; (e) The packagings shall have a gas management system (e.g. filter system, air circulation, containment for gas, gas tight packaging, etc.), as appropriate. <p>(2) The additional packaging performance requirements shall be verified by a test as specified by the competent authority^a.</p> <p>A verification report shall be available on request. As a minimum requirement, the cell or battery name, the cell or battery number, the mass, type, energy content of the cells or batteries, the packaging identification and the test data according to the verification method as specified by the competent authority shall be listed in the verification report.</p> <p>(3) When dry ice or liquid nitrogen is used as a coolant, the requirements of section 5.5.3 shall apply. The inner packaging and outer packaging shall maintain their integrity at the temperature of the refrigerant used as well as the temperatures and the pressures which could result if refrigeration were lost.</p>	
	<p>Additional requirement:</p> <p>Cells or batteries shall be protected against short circuit.</p>	
<p>^a</p>	<p><i>The following criteria, as relevant, may be considered to assess the performance of the packaging:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>(a) The assessment shall be done under a quality management system (as described e.g. in section 2.9.4.5) allowing for the traceability of tests results, reference data and characterization models used;</i> <i>(b) The list of hazards expected in case of thermal runaway for the cell or battery type, in the condition it is transported (e.g. usage of an inner packaging, state of charge (SOC), use of sufficient non-combustible, electrically non-conductive and absorbent cushioning material, etc.), shall be clearly identified and quantified; the reference list of possible hazards for lithium cells or batteries (rapidly disassemble, dangerously react, produce a flame or a dangerous evolution of heat or a dangerous emission of toxic, corrosive or flammable gases or vapours) can be used for this purpose. The quantification of these hazards shall rely on available scientific literature;</i> <i>(c) The mitigating effects of the packaging shall be identified and characterized, based on the nature of the protections provided and the construction material properties. A list of technical characteristics and drawings shall be used to support this assessment (Density [$\text{kg}\cdot\text{m}^{-3}$], specific heat capacity [$\text{J}\cdot\text{kg}^{-1}\cdot\text{K}^{-1}$], heating value [$\text{kJ}\cdot\text{kg}^{-1}$], thermal conductivity [$\text{W}\cdot\text{m}^{-1}\cdot\text{K}^{-1}$], melting temperature and flammability temperature [K], heat transfer coefficient of the outer packaging [$\text{W}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}\cdot\text{K}^{-1}$], ...);</i> <i>(d) The test and any supporting calculations shall assess the result of a thermal runaway of the cell or battery inside the packaging in the normal conditions of transport;</i> <i>(e) In case the SOC of the cell or battery is not known, the assessment used shall be done with the highest possible SOC corresponding to the cell or battery use conditions;</i> 	

P911	PACKING INSTRUCTION	P911
<p>(f) The surrounding conditions in which the packaging may be used and transported shall be described (including for possible consequences of gas or smoke emissions on the environment, such as ventilation or other methods) according to the gas management system of the packaging;</p> <p>(g) The tests or the model calculation shall consider the worst case scenario for the thermal runaway triggering and propagation inside the cell or battery: this scenario includes the worst possible failure in the normal transport condition, the maximum heat and flame emissions for the possible propagation of the reaction;</p> <p>(h) These scenarios shall be assessed over a period long enough to allow all the possible consequences to occur (e.g. 24 hours).</p>		

4.1.4.2 Packing instructions concerning the use of IBCs

IBC 08 In the special packing provisions of B21, add a new substance of UN 3535 in the first sentence, to read "For substances, UN Nos. 1374, 2590 and 3535 in IBCs other than..."

IBC520 In the third line, after "4.1.7.2 are met.", insert a new sentence to read as follows:

"The formulations listed below may also be transported packed in accordance with packing method OP8 of packing instruction P520 of 4.1.4.1, with the same control and emergency temperatures, if applicable."

For UN 3109, in the entry "tert-Butyl hydroperoxide, not more than 72% with water", add a new line under the column "Type of IBC" and "quantity" to read:

"31HA1" "1000"

Add the following new entries to packing instruction IBC520:

UN No.	Organic peroxide	Type of IBC	Maximum quantity (litres)	Control temperature	Emergency Temperature
3109	2,5-Dimethyl-2,5-di(tert-butylperoxy)hexane, not more than 52% in diluent type A	31HA1	1000		
3109	3,6,9-Triethyl-3,6,9-trimethyl-1,4,7-triperoxonane not more than 27% in diluent type A	31HA1	1000		
3119	tert-Amyl peroxy-2-ethylhexanoate, not more than 62% in diluent type A	31HA1	1000	+15 °C	+20 °C

4.1.4.3 Packing instructions concerning the use of large packagings

LP902 Under "Packaged articles", replace "Packagings conforming to the packing group III performance level." by:

"Rigid large packagings conforming to the packing group III performance level, made of:

steel (50A);
aluminium (50B);
metal other than steel or aluminium (50N);
rigid plastics (50H);
natural wood (50C);
plywood (50D);
reconstituted wood (50F);
rigid fibreboard (50G)"

In the paragraph under "Unpackaged articles:", amend the end of the sentence to read "when moved to, from, or between where they are manufactured and an assembly plant including intermediate handling locations."

LP903 Replace the second sentence with the following:

"The following large packagings are authorized for a single battery and for a single item of equipment containing cells or batteries, provided that the general provisions of 4.1.1 and 4.1.3 are met:"

LP904 Replace the first sentence with the following:

"This instruction applies to single damaged or defective batteries and to single items of equipment containing damaged or defective cells or batteries of UN Nos. 3090, 3091, 3480 and 3481."

Replace the second sentence with the following:

"The following large packagings are authorized for a single damaged or defective battery and for a single item of equipment containing damaged or defective cells or batteries, provided the general provisions of 4.1.1 and 4.1.3 are met."

In the third sentence, replace "containing batteries" by "containing cells and batteries". Before "steel (50A)", insert the following new line: "Rigid large packagings conforming to the packing group II performance level, made of:". After "plywood (50D)", delete "Packagings shall conform to the packing group II performance level."

Amend the beginning of the first sentence of paragraph .1 to read as follows:

"The damaged or defective battery or equipment containing such cells or batteries shall be ...".

In .2, amend the beginning of the sentence to read "The inner packaging". Replace "non-conductive" by "electrically non-conductive".

In .4, after "movement of the battery" add "or the equipment". Replace "non-conductive" by "electrically non-conductive". In the last sentence, after "For leaking batteries", add "and cells,"

In the additional requirement, after "Batteries", add "and cells".

Insert the following new packing instructions:

LP03	PACKING INSTRUCTION	LP03
This instruction applies to UN Nos. 3537, 3538, 3540, 3541, 3546, 3547 and 3548.		
<p>(1) The following large packagings are authorized, provided that the general provisions of 4.1.1 and 4.1.3 are met:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Rigid large packagings conforming to the packing group II performance level, made of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> steel (50A); aluminium (50B); metal other than steel or aluminium (50N); rigid plastics (50H); natural wood (50C); plywood (50D); reconstituted wood (50F); rigid fibreboard (50G). <p>(2) Additionally, the following conditions shall be met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Receptacles within articles containing liquids or solids shall be constructed of suitable materials and secured in the article in such a way that, under normal conditions of transport, they cannot break, be punctured or leak their contents into the article itself or the outer packaging; (b) Receptacles containing liquids with closures shall be packed with their closures correctly oriented. The receptacles shall in addition conform to the internal pressure test provisions of 6.1.5.5; (c) Receptacles that are liable to break or be punctured easily, such as those made of glass, porcelain or stoneware or of certain plastics materials shall be properly secured. Any leakage of the contents shall not substantially impair the protective properties of the article or of the outer packaging; (d) Receptacles within articles containing gases shall meet the requirements of section 4.1.6 and chapter 6.2 as appropriate or be capable of providing an equivalent level of protection as packing instructions P200 or P208; and (e) Where there is no receptacle within the article, the article shall fully enclose the dangerous substances and prevent their release under normal conditions of transport. <p>(3) Articles shall be packed to prevent movement and inadvertent operation during normal conditions of transport.</p>		

LP905	PACKING INSTRUCTION	LP905
This instruction applies to UN Nos. 3090, 3091, 3480 and 3481 production runs consisting of not more than 100 cells and batteries and to pre-production prototypes of cells and batteries when these prototypes are transported for testing.		
The following large packagings are authorized for a single battery and for a single item of equipment containing cells or batteries, provided that the general provisions of 4.1.1 and 4.1.3 are met:		
<p>(1) For a single battery:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Rigid large packagings conforming to the packing group II performance level, made of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> steel (50A); aluminium (50B); 		

metal other than steel or aluminium (50N);
rigid plastics (50H);
natural wood (50C);
plywood (50D);
reconstituted wood (50F);
rigid fibreboard (50G).

Large packagings shall also meet the following requirements:

- (a) A battery of different size, shape or mass may be packed in an outer packaging of a tested design type listed above provided the total gross mass of the package does not exceed the gross mass for which the design type has been tested;
 - (b) The battery shall be packed in an inner packaging and placed inside the outer packaging;
 - (c) The inner packaging shall be completely surrounded by sufficient non-combustible and electrically non-conductive thermal insulation material to protect against a dangerous evolution of heat;
 - (d) Appropriate measures shall be taken to minimize the effects of vibration and shocks and prevent movement of the battery within the package that may lead to damage and a dangerous condition during transport. When cushioning material is used to meet this requirement it shall be non-combustible and electrically non-conductive; and
 - (e) Non-combustibility shall be assessed according to a standard recognized in the country where the large packaging is designed or manufactured.
- (2) For a single item of equipment:

Rigid large packagings conforming to the packing group II performance level, made of:

steel (50A);
aluminium (50B);
metal other than steel or aluminium (50N);
rigid plastics (50H);
natural wood (50C);
plywood (50D);
reconstituted wood (50F);
rigid fibreboard (50G).

Large packagings shall also meet the following requirements:

- (a) A single item of equipment of different size, shape or mass may be packed in an outer packaging of a tested design type listed above provided the total gross mass of the package does not exceed the gross mass for which the design type has been tested;
- (b) The equipment shall be constructed or packed in such a manner as to prevent accidental operation during transport;
- (c) Appropriate measures shall be taken to minimize the effects of vibration and shocks and prevent movement of the equipment within the package that may lead to damage and a dangerous condition during transport. When cushioning material is used to meet this requirement, it shall be non-combustible and electrically non-conductive; and
- (d) Non-combustibility shall be assessed according to a standard recognized in the country where the large packaging is designed or manufactured.

Additional requirement:

Cells and batteries shall be protected against short circuit.

LP906	PACKING INSTRUCTION	LP906
<p>This instruction applies to damaged or defective batteries of UN Nos. 3090, 3091, 3480 and 3481 liable to rapidly disassemble, dangerously react, produce a flame or a dangerous evolution of heat or a dangerous emission of toxic, corrosive or flammable gases or vapours under normal conditions of transport.</p>		
<p>The following large packagings are authorized, provided that the general provisions of 4.1.1 and 4.1.3 are met:</p>		
<p>For a single battery and for a single item of equipment containing cells or batteries:</p>		
<p>Rigid large packagings conforming to the packing group I performance level, made of:</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none">steel (50A);aluminium (50B);metal other than steel or aluminium (50N);rigid plastics (50H);plywood (50D);rigid fibreboard (50G).		
<p>(1) The large packaging shall be capable of meeting the following additional performance requirements in case of rapid disassembly, dangerous reaction, production of a flame or a dangerous evolution of heat or a dangerous emission of toxic, corrosive or flammable gases or vapours of the battery:</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) The outside surface temperature of the completed package shall not have a temperature of more than 100 °C. A momentary spike in temperature up to 200°C is acceptable;(b) No flame shall occur outside the package;(c) No projectiles shall exit the package;(d) The structural integrity of the package shall be maintained; and(e) The large packagings shall have a gas management system (e.g. filter system, air circulation, containment for gas, gas tight packaging etc.), as appropriate.		
<p>(2) The additional large packaging performance requirements shall be verified by a test as specified by the competent authority^a.</p>		
<p>A verification report shall be available on request. As a minimum requirement, the battery name, the battery number, the mass, type, energy content of the batteries, the large packaging identification and the test data according to the verification method as specified by the competent authority shall be listed in the verification report.</p>		
<p>(3) When dry ice or liquid nitrogen is used as a coolant, the requirements of section 5.5.3 shall apply. The inner packaging and outer packaging shall maintain their integrity at the temperature of the refrigerant used as well as the temperatures and the pressures which could result if refrigeration were lost.</p>		
<p>Additional requirement:</p>		
<p>Batteries shall be protected against short circuit.</p>		
<p>^a <i>The following criteria, as relevant, may be considered to assess the performance of the large packaging:</i></p>		
<p>(a) <i>The assessment shall be done under a quality management system (as described e.g. in section 2.9.4.5) allowing for the traceability of tests results, reference data and characterization models used;</i></p>		
<p>(b) <i>The list of hazards expected in case of thermal runaway for the battery type, in the condition it is transported (e.g. usage of an inner packaging, state of charge (SOC), use of sufficient non-combustible, electrically non-conductive and absorbent cushioning material etc.), shall be clearly identified and quantified; the reference list of possible hazards for lithium batteries</i></p>		

LP906	PACKING INSTRUCTION	LP906
<i>(rapidly disassemble, dangerously react, produce a flame or a dangerous evolution of heat or a dangerous emission of toxic, corrosive or flammable gases or vapours) can be used for this purpose. The quantification of these hazards shall rely on available scientific literature;</i>		
<i>(c) The mitigating effects of the large packaging shall be identified and characterized, based on the nature of the protections provided and the construction material properties. A list of technical characteristics and drawings shall be used to support this assessment (Density [$\text{kg}\cdot\text{m}^3$], specific heat capacity [$\text{J}\cdot\text{kg}^{-1}\cdot\text{K}^{-1}$], heating value [$\text{kJ}\cdot\text{kg}^{-1}$], thermal conductivity [$\text{W}\cdot\text{m}^{-1}\cdot\text{K}^{-1}$], melting temperature and flammability temperature [K], heat transfer coefficient of the outer packaging [$\text{W}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}\cdot\text{K}^{-1}$], ...);</i>		
<i>(d) The test and any supporting calculations shall assess the result of a thermal run-away of the battery inside the large packaging in the normal conditions of transport;</i>		
<i>(e) In case the SOC of the battery is not known, the assessment used shall be done with the highest possible SOC corresponding to the battery use conditions;</i>		
<i>(f) The surrounding conditions in which the large packaging may be used and transported shall be described (including for possible consequences of gas or smoke emissions on the environment, such as ventilation or other methods) according to the gas management system of the large packaging;</i>		
<i>(g) The tests or the model calculation shall consider the worst case scenario for the thermal runaway triggering and propagation inside the battery: this scenario includes the worst possible failure in the normal transport condition, the maximum heat and flame emissions for the possible propagation of the reaction;</i>		
<i>(h) These scenarios shall be assessed over a period long enough to allow all the possible consequences to occur (e.g. 24 hours).</i>		

4.1.6 Special packing provisions for goods of class 2

4.1.6.1.4 In the third sentence, replace "risk" by "hazard".

4.1.9 Special packing provisions for radioactive material

4.1.9.1 General

4.1.9.1.5 Replace "risk" by "hazard" twice.

Chapter 4.2

Use of portable tanks and multiple-element gas containers (MEGCs)

4.2.0 Transitional provisions

4.2.0.1 In the note, after the definition for IMO type 8 tank, insert IMO type 9 tank definition as follows:

"IMO type 9 tank means a road gas elements vehicle for the transport of compressed gases of class 2 with elements linked to each other by a manifold, permanently attached to a chassis, which is fitted with items of service equipment and structural equipment necessary for the transport of gases. Elements are cylinders, tubes and bundles of cylinders, intended for the transport of gases as defined in 2.2.1.1."

4.2.1 General provisions for the use of portable tanks for the transport of substances of class 1 and classes 3 to 9

4.2.1.19 Additional provisions applicable to the transport of solid substances transported above their melting point

4.2.1.19.1 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

4.2.5.2 Portable tank instructions

T23 In the first box, at the end, add a new sentence to read as follows:

"The formulations listed below may also be transported packed in accordance with packing method OP8 of packing instruction P520 of 4.1.4.1, with the same control and emergency temperatures, if applicable."

In footnote §, replace risk" by "hazard".

4.2.5.3 Portable tank special provisions

TP10 Add the following new sentence at the end:

"A portable tank may be offered for transport after the date of expiry of the last lining inspection for a period not to exceed three months beyond the date of expiry of the last testing, after emptying but before cleaning, for purposes of performing the next required test or inspection prior to refilling."

4.2.6 Amend title of 4.2.6 to read "Additional provisions for the use of road tank vehicles and road gas elements vehicles"

4.2.6.1 Replace paragraph 4.2.6.1 with the following:

"4.2.6.1 The tank of a road tank vehicle or the elements of a road gas elements vehicle shall be attached to the vehicle during normal operations of filling, discharge and transport. IMO type 4 tanks shall be attached to the chassis when transported on board ships. Road tank vehicles and road gas elements vehicles shall not be filled or discharged while they remain on board. A road tank vehicle or road gas elements vehicle shall be driven on board on its own wheels and be fitted with permanent tie-down attachments for securing on board the ship."

4.2.6.2 Replace the words "Road tank vehicles shall comply" with "Road tank vehicles and road gas elements vehicles shall comply" and add the following new paragraph:

"4.2.6.3 Substances permitted to be transported in IMO type 9 tanks are assigned special provision 974."

PART 5 CONSIGNMENT PROCEDURES

Chapter 5.1 General provisions

5.1.1 Application and general provisions

At the end, add the following note:

Note: In accordance with the GHS, a GHS pictogram not required by this Code should only appear in transport as part of a complete GHS label and not independently (see GHS 1.4.10.4.4)."

5.1.4 Mixed packing

Replace "risk" by "hazard" twice.

5.1.5 General provisions for class 7

Replace paragraph 5.1.5.4.2 as follows:

"5.1.5.4.2 The documentation requirements of 5.4.1 and 5.4.5 do not apply to excepted packages of radioactive material of class 7, except that:

- .1 the UN number preceded by the letters "UN" and the name and address of the consignor and the consignee and, if relevant, the identification mark for each competent authority certificate of approval (see 5.4.1.5.7.1.7.) shall be shown on a special transport document such as a bill of lading, air waybill or other similar document complying with the requirements of 5.4.1.2.1 to 5.4.1.2.4; and
- .2 the requirements of 5.4.1.6.2 and, if relevant, those of 5.4.1.5.7.1.7, 5.4.1.5.7.3 and 5.4.1.5.7.4 shall apply."

Chapter 5.2 Marking and labelling of packages including IBCs

5.2.1 Marking of packages including IBCs

5.2.1.3 After "Salvage packagings", add "including large salvage packagings".

5.2.1.7.1 Replace the first four lines with the following:

"Except as provided in 5.2.1.7.2:

- combination packagings having inner packagings containing liquid dangerous goods;
- single packagings fitted with vents;
- cryogenic receptacles intended for the transport of refrigerated liquefied gases; and
- machinery or apparatus containing liquid dangerous goods when it is required to ensure the liquid dangerous goods remain in their intended orientation (see special provision 301 of chapter 3.3),"

5.2.2 Labelling of packages including IBCs

5.2.2.1.1 Replace "risks" by "hazards" and "risk" by "hazard".

5.2.2.1.2 Replace "risk" by "hazard" 6 times.

5.2.2.1.2.1 Delete the entry of "Batteries, wet, non-spillable 2800 8 Class 8⁺" and the corresponding footnote.

5.2.2.1.3 Replace "risk" by "hazard" 3 times.

5.2.2.1.3.1 Replace "risk" by "hazard" twice.

5.2.2.1.4 Replace "risk(s)" by "hazard(s)" 2 times and "risk" by "hazard" twice.

5.2.2.1.5 Replace "risks" by "hazards".

5.2.2.1.6.3 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

5.2.2.1.9 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

5.2.2.1.10 Replace "risk" by "hazard" four times.

5.2.2.1.11 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

Add the following new subsection 5.2.2.1.13:

"5.2.2.1.13 Labels for articles containing dangerous goods transported as UN Nos. 3537, 3538, 3539, 3540, 3541, 3542, 3543, 3544, 3545, 3546, 3547 and 3548

- .1 Packages containing articles or articles transported unpackaged shall bear labels according to 5.2.2.1.2 reflecting the hazards established according to 2.0.6. If the article contains one or more lithium batteries with, for lithium metal batteries, an aggregate lithium content of 2 g or less, and for lithium ion batteries, a Watt-hour rating of 100Wh or less, the lithium battery mark (5.2.1.10.2) shall be affixed to the package or unpackaged article. If the article contains one or more lithium batteries with, for lithium metal batteries, an aggregate lithium content of more than 2 g and for lithium ion batteries, a Watt-hour rating of more than 100Wh, the lithium battery label (5.2.2.2.2 No. 9A) shall be affixed to the package or unpackaged article.
- .2 When it is required to ensure articles containing liquid dangerous goods remain in their intended orientation, orientation marks meeting 5.2.1.7.1 shall be affixed and visible on at least two opposite vertical sides of the package or of the unpackaged article where possible, with the arrows pointing in the correct upright direction."

5.2.2.2 Provisions for labels

5.2.2.2.1.1.2 Replace the first three sentences with the following:

"The label shall be in the form of a square set at an angle of 45 degrees (diamond-shaped). The minimum dimensions shall be 100 mm x 100 mm. There shall be a line inside the edge forming the diamond which shall be parallel and approximately 5 mm from the outside of that line to the edge of the label."

5.2.2.2.1.1.3 In the first sentence, after "the dimensions may be reduced," add "proportionally". Delete the second and third sentences ("The line inside the edge shall remain 5 mm to the edge of the label. The minimum width of the line inside the edge shall remain 2 mm.").





5.2.2.2.1.2 In the first sentence, insert "*Gas cylinders – Precautionary labels*" after "ISO 7225:2005" and delete it in the second sentence.


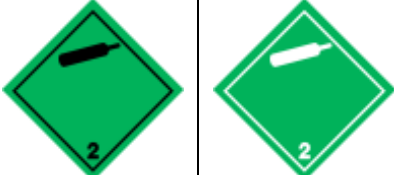

5.2.2.2.1.5 Replace "risk" by "hazard".





5.2.2.2.2 Amend 5.2.2.2.2 to read as follows:





"5.2.2.2.2 Specimen labels





Note: Labels shall satisfy the provisions below and conform, in terms of colour, symbols and general format, to the models shown in 5.2.2.2.2. Corresponding models required for other modes of transport, with minor variations which do not affect the obvious meaning of the label, are also acceptable.




Label model No.	Class, Division or Category	Symbol and symbol colour	Background	Figure in bottom corner (and figure colour)	Specimen labels	Note
Class 1: Explosive substances or articles						
1	Divisions 1.1, 1.2, 1.3	Exploding bomb: black	Orange	1 (black)		** Place for division – to be left blank if explosive is the subsidiary hazard * Place for compatibility group – to be left blank if explosive is the subsidiary hazard
1.4	Division 1.4	1.4: black Numerals shall be about 30 mm in height and be about 5 mm thick (for a label measuring 100 mm x 100 mm)	Orange	1 (black)		* Place for compatibility group
1.5	Division 1.5	1.5: black Numerals shall be about 30 mm in height and be about 5 mm thick (for a label measuring 100 mm x 100 mm)	Orange	1 (black)		* Place for compatibility group
1.6	Division 1.6	1.6: black Numerals shall be about 30 mm in height and be about 5 mm thick (for a label measuring 100 mm x 100 mm)	Orange	1 (black)		* Place for compatibility group

Label model No.	Class, Division or Category	Symbol and symbol colour	Background	Figure in bottom corner (and figure colour)	Specimen labels	Note
Class 2: Gases						
2.1	Class 2.1: Flammable gases (except as provided for in 5.2.2.2.1.6.4)	Flame: black or white	Red	2 (black or white)		-
2.2	Class 2.2: Non-flammable, non-toxic gases	Gas cylinder: black or white	Green	2 (black or white)		-
2.3	Class 2.3: Toxic gases	Skull and crossbones: black	White	2 (black)		-

Label model No.	Class, Division or Category	Symbol and symbol colour	Background	Figure in bottom corner (and figure colour)	Specimen labels	Note
Class 3: Flammable liquids						
3	-	Flame: black or white	Red	3 (black or white)		-
Class 4: Flammable solids; substances liable to spontaneous combustion; substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases						
4.1	Class 4.1: Flammable solids, self-reactive substances, solid desensitized explosives and polymerizing substances	Flame: black	White with 7 vertical red stripes	4 (black)		-
4.2	Class 4.2: Substances liable to spontaneous combustion	Flame: black	Upper half white, lower half red	4 (black)		-
4.3	Class 4.3: Substances which, in contact with water emit flammable gases	Flame: black or white	Blue	4 (black or white)		-

Label model No.	Class, Division or Category	Symbol and symbol colour	Background	Figure in bottom corner (and figure colour)	Specimen labels	Note
Class 5: Oxidizing substances and organic peroxides						
5.1	Class 5.1: Oxidizing substances	Flame over circle: black	Yellow	5.1 (black)		-
5.2	Class 5.2: Organic peroxides	Flame: black or white	Upper half red, lower half yellow	5.2 (black)		-
Class 6: Toxic substances and infectious substances						
6.1	Class 6.1: Toxic substances	Skull and crossbones: black	White	6 (black)		-
6.2	Class 6.2: Infectious substances	Three crescents superimposed on a circle: black	White	6 (black)		The lower half of the label may bear the inscriptions: "INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE" and "In the case of damage or leakage immediately notify Public Health Authority" in black colour

Label model No.	Class, Division or Category	Symbol and symbol colour	Background	Figure in bottom corner (and figure colour)	Specimen labels	Note
Class 7: Radioactive material						
7A	Category I	Trefoil: black	White	7 (black)		Text (mandatory), black in lower half of label: "RADIOACTIVE" "CONTENTS ..." "ACTIVITY ..." One red vertical bar shall follow the word: "RADIOACTIVE"
7B	Category II	Trefoil: black	Upper half yellow with white border, lower half white	7 (black)		Text (mandatory), black in lower half of label: "RADIOACTIVE" "CONTENTS ..." "ACTIVITY ..." In a black outlined box: "TRANSPORT INDEX"; Two red vertical bars shall follow the word: "RADIOACTIVE"
7C	Category III	Trefoil: black	Upper half yellow with white border, lower half white	7 (black)		Text (mandatory), black in lower half of label: "RADIOACTIVE" "CONTENTS ..." "ACTIVITY ..." In a black outlined box: "TRANSPORT INDEX". Three red vertical bars shall follow the word: "RADIOACTIVE"
7E	Fissile material	-	White	7 (black)		Text (mandatory): black in upper half of label: "FISSILE"; In a black outlined box in the lower half of label: "CRITICALITY SAFETY INDEX"

Label model No.	Class, Division or Category	Symbol and symbol colour	Background	Figure in bottom corner (and figure colour)	Specimen labels	Note
Class 8: Corrosive substances						
8	-	Liquids, spilling from two glass vessels and attacking a hand and a metal: black	Upper half white, lower half black with white border	8 (white)		-
Class 9: Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles, including environmentally hazardous substances						
9	-	7 vertical stripes in upper half: black	White	9 underlined (black)		-
9A	-	7 vertical stripes in upper half: black; battery group, one broken and emitting flame in lower half: black	White	9 underlined (black)		-

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Chapter 5.3 Placarding and marking of cargo transport units

Amend the title of chapter 5.3 to read "Placarding and marking of cargo transport units and bulk containers".

5.3.1 Placarding

5.3.1.1.1 Replace subparagraphs .1 to .3 as follows:

- .1 Enlarged labels (placards) and marks and signs shall be affixed to the exterior surfaces of a cargo transport unit or bulk container to provide a warning that the contents of the unit or bulk container are dangerous goods and present hazards, unless the labels and/or marks affixed to the packages are clearly visible from the exterior of the cargo transport unit or bulk container.
- .2 The methods of placarding and marking as required in 5.3.1.1.4 and 5.3.2 on cargo transport units and bulk containers shall be such that this information will still be identifiable on cargo transport units and bulk containers surviving at least three months' immersion in the sea. In considering suitable marking methods, account shall be taken of the ease with which the surface of the cargo transport unit or bulk container can be marked.
- .3 All placards, orange panels, marks and signs shall be removed from cargo transport units and bulk containers or masked as soon as both the dangerous goods or their residues which led to the application of those placards, orange panels, marks or signs are discharged."

5.3.1.1.2 In the first sentence, replace "risks" by "hazards" and after "transport units" add "and bulk containers". In the second sentence, replace "risk" by "hazard" and after "transport unit" add "and bulk container". In subparagraph .2, replace "risk" by "hazard".

5.3.1.1.3 In the first sentence, replace "risks" by "hazards" and "risk" by "hazard". In the second sentence, replace "risk" by "hazard" twice, and after "transport units" add "and bulk containers".

5.3.1.1.4.1 Replace paragraph 5.3.1.1.4.1 as follows:

"5.3.1.1.4.1 A cargo transport unit or bulk container containing dangerous goods or residues of dangerous goods shall clearly display placards as follows:

- .1 *a freight container, semi-trailer, a closed or sheeted bulk container or portable tank*: one on each side and one on each end of the unit. Portable tanks having a capacity of not more than 3,000 L may be placarded or, alternatively, may be labelled instead, on only two opposite sides;
- .2 *a railway wagon*: at least on each side;
- .3 *a multiple-compartment tank containing more than one dangerous substance or their residues*: along each side at the positions of the relevant compartments. If all compartments are required to display the same placards, these placards need to be displayed only once along each side of the cargo transport unit;

- .4 *a flexible bulk container*: in at least two opposing positions; and
- .5 *any other cargo transport unit*: at least on both sides and on the back of the unit."

5.3.1.2.1 At the end, delete the note.

5.3.2 Marking of cargo transport units

Amend the title of chapter 5.3.2 to read "Marking".

5.3.2.3.1 After "transport units", add "or bulk containers".

5.3.2.3.2 After "cargo transport units", add "and bulk containers".

Chapter 5.4 Documentation

5.4.1 Dangerous goods transport information

5.4.1.4.1.4 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

5.4.1.5 Information required in addition to the dangerous goods description

5.4.5.1 Replace the existing text under 5.4.5.1 as follows:

"5.4.5.1 This form meets the requirements of SOLAS, chapter VII, regulation 4, MARPOL, Annex III, regulation 4 and the provisions of this chapter. The information required by the provisions of this chapter is mandatory; however, the layout of this form is not mandatory.

This form may be used as a combined dangerous goods transport document and container packing certificate for multimodal carriage of dangerous goods."

Delete the existing text under the title of "MULTIMODAL DANGEROUS GOODS FORM".

5.4.1.5.3 In the heading and the following sentence, after "salvage packagings", add "including large salvage packagings".

5.4.1.5.5 Replace the paragraph as follows:

"For self-reactive substances, organic peroxides and polymerizing substances which require temperature control during transport, the control and emergency temperatures (see 7.3.7.2) shall be indicated on the dangerous goods transport document, as follows:

"Control temperature: ... °C Emergency temperature: ... °C". "

5.4.1.5.5.1 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

5.4.1.5.15 In the second paragraph, replace "the distinguishing sign for motor vehicles in international traffic" by "the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*", with footnote * reading as follows:

"* Distinguishing sign of the State of registration used on motor vehicles and trailers in international road traffic, e.g. in accordance with the Geneva Convention on Road Traffic of 1949 or the Vienna Convention on Road Traffic of 1968."

Renumber subsequent footnotes accordingly.

5.4.3 Documentation required aboard the ship

Replace the provisions of 5.4.3 as follows:

"5.4.3 Documentation required aboard the ship

5.4.3.1 Each ship carrying dangerous goods and marine pollutants shall have a special list, manifest⁵ or stowage plan setting out, in accordance with regulation VII/ 4.2 of SOLAS, as amended, and with regulation 4.2 of Annex III of MARPOL, the dangerous goods (except dangerous goods in excepted packages of class 7) and marine pollutants and the location thereof. This special list or manifest shall be based on the documentation and certification required in this Code. It shall contain in addition to the information in 5.4.1.4, 5.4.1.5 and, for UN 3359, in 5.5.2.4.1.1, the stowage location and the total quantity of dangerous goods and marine pollutants. A detailed stowage plan, which identifies by class and sets out the location of all dangerous goods and marine pollutants, may be used in place of such special list or manifest.

5.4.3.2 Each ship carrying excepted packages of class 7 shall have a special list, manifest or stowage plan setting out these excepted packages and the location thereof. This special list or manifest shall be based upon the documents listed in 5.1.5.4.2.1.

5.4.3.3 A copy of the documents according to 5.4.3.1 and, if applicable, 5.4.3.2 shall be made available before departure to the person or organization designated by the port State authority."

The existing 5.4.3.2 is renumbered to 5.4.3.4 and the existing 5.4.3.2.1 is renumbered to 5.4.3.4.1.

Chapter 5.5 Special provisions

5.5.2 Special provisions applicable to fumigated cargo transport units (UN 3359)

Add a footnote "*" at the end of the heading, as follows:

* *Refer to the Revised Recommendations on the safe use of pesticides in ships applicable to the fumigation of cargo transport units (MSC.1/Circ.1361)*

⁵ Refer to Amendments to the Annex to the Convention on Facilitation of International Maritime Traffic, 1965 (resolution FAL.10(35), adopted on 16 January 2009).

5.5.2.5 Additional provisions

Delete the paragraph 5.5.2.5.1 and renumber the subsequent paragraphs accordingly.

PART 6 CONSTRUCTION AND TESTING OF PACKAGINGS, INTERMEDIATE BULK CONTAINERS (IBCs), LARGE PACKAGINGS, PORTABLE TANKS, MULTIPLE- ELEMENT GAS CONTAINERS (MEGCs) AND ROAD TANK VEHICLES

Chapter 6.1 Provisions for the construction and testing of packagings (other than for class 6.2 substances)

In the heading of the chapter, delete "(other than for class 6.2 substances)".

6.1.1 Applicability and general provisions

6.1.1.1 Applicability

6.1.1.1.2 (i) Replace "(subsidiary risks)" by "(subsidiary hazards)".

Add a new subparagraph .5 to read as follows:

".5 Packagings for class 6.2 infectious substances of Category A."

6.1.3 Marking

6.1.3.1 (f) Replace "indicated by the distinguishing sign for motor vehicles in international traffic" by "indicated by the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic".

6.1.3.8 (h) Replace "indicated by the distinguishing sign for motor vehicles in international traffic" by "indicated by the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic".

Footnote * reads as follows:

"* Distinguishing sign of the State of registration used on motor vehicles and trailers in international road traffic, e.g. in accordance with the Geneva Convention on Road Traffic of 1949 or the Vienna Convention on Road Traffic of 1968."

6.1.5.7 Test report

6.1.5.7.1 Under subparagraph .8, add the following sentence at the end:

"For plastics packagings subject to the internal pressure test in 6.1.5.5, the temperature of the water used."

Chapter 6.2
Provisions for the construction and testing of pressure receptacles, aerosol dispensers, small receptacles containing gas (gas cartridges) and fuel cell cartridges containing liquefied flammable gas

6.2.1 General provisions

6.2.1.6 Periodic inspection and test

6.2.1.6.1.4 Replace the existing note 2 with the following:

"Note 2: For seamless steel cylinders and tubes the check of 6.2.1.6.1.2 and hydraulic pressure test of 6.2.1.6.1.4 may be replaced by a procedure conforming to ISO 16148:2016 *Gas cylinders – Refillable seamless steel gas cylinders and tubes – Acoustic emission examination (AT) and follow-up ultrasonic examination (UT) for periodic inspection and testing*"

In note 3, replace "The hydraulic pressure test may be replaced" by "The check of 6.2.1.6.1.2 and the hydraulic pressure test of 6.2.1.6.1.4 may be replaced".

6.2.2 Provisions for UN pressure receptacles

6.2.2.1 Design, construction and initial inspection and test

6.2.2.1.1 In the table, for "ISO 11118:1999", in the column "Applicable for manufacture", replace "Until further notice" by "Until 31 December 2020".

In the table, after "ISO 11118:1999", insert a new line to read as follows:

ISO 11118:2015	Gas cylinders – Non-refillable metallic gas cylinders – Specification and test methods	Until further notice
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6.2.2.1.2 In the table, for "ISO 11120:1999", in the column "Applicable for manufacture", replace "Until further notice" by "Until 31 December 2022".

In the table, after "ISO 11120:1999", insert a new line to read as follows:

ISO 11120:2015	Gas cylinders – Refillable seamless steel tubes of water capacity between 150 l and 3 000 l – Design, construction and testing	Until further notice
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Insert a new paragraph 6.2.2.1.8 to read as follows:

"6.2.2.1.8 The following standards apply for the design, construction and initial inspection and test of UN pressure drums, except that inspection requirements related to the conformity assessment system and approval shall be in accordance with 6.2.2.5:

Reference	Title	Applicable for Manufacture
ISO 21172-1:2015	Gas cylinders – Welded steel pressure drums up to 3 000 litres capacity for the transport of gases – Design and construction – Part 1: Capacities up to 1 000 litres <i>NOTE: Irrespective of section 6.3.3.4 of this standard, welded steel gas pressure drums with dished ends convex to pressure may be used for the transport of corrosive substances provided all applicable requirements of this Code are met.</i>	Until further notice
ISO 4706: 2008	Gas cylinders – Refillable welded steel cylinders – Test pressure 60 bar and below	Until further notice
ISO 18172-1:2007	Gas cylinders – Refillable welded stainless steel cylinders – Part 1: Test pressure 6 MPa and below	Until further notice

6.2.2.3 Service equipment

In the first table, for "ISO 13340:2001", in the column "Applicable for manufacture", replace "Until further notice" by "Until 31 December 2020".

In the first table, insert the following rows at the end:

ISO 14246:2014	Gas cylinders – Cylinder valves – Manufacturing tests and examination	Until further notice
ISO 17871:2015	Gas cylinders – Quick-release cylinders valves- Specification and type testing	Until further notice

6.2.2.4 Periodic inspection and test

Amend the end of the introductory sentence to read "...testing of UN cylinders and their closures:". Move the last row of the table into a new table, after the existing one, with the same headings and a new introductory sentence to read "The following standard applies to the periodic inspection and testing of UN metal hydride storage systems:"

In the table, for "ISO 11623:2002", in column "Applicable", replace "Until further notice" by "Until 31 December 2020". After the row for "ISO 11623:2002", insert the following new row:

ISO 11623:2015	Gas cylinders – Composite construction – Periodic inspection and testing	Until further notice
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At the end of the first table, insert the following row:

ISO 22434:2006	Transportable gas cylinders – Inspection and maintenance of cylinder valves <i>NOTE: These requirements may be met at times other than at the periodic inspection and test of UN cylinders.</i>	Until further notice
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6.2.2.7 Marking of refillable UN pressure receptacles

6.2.2.7.2 (c) Replace "indicated by the distinguishing signs of motor vehicles in international traffic" by "the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

6.2.2.7.4 Under subparagraph (m), insert a new note to read as follows:

Note: Information on marks that may be used for identifying threads for cylinders is given in ISO/TR 11364, *Gas cylinders – Compilation of national and international valve stem/gas cylinder neck threads and their identification and marking system.*"

6.2.2.7.4 (n) Replace "indicated by the distinguishing signs of motor vehicles in international traffic" by "the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

6.2.2.7.7 (a) Replace "indicated by the distinguishing signs of motor vehicles in international traffic" by "the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

Footnote * reads as follow:

"* Distinguishing sign of the State of registration used on motor vehicles and trailers in international road traffic, e.g. in accordance with the Geneva Convention on Road Traffic of 1949 or the Vienna Convention on Road Traffic of 1968."

6.2.2.9 Marking of UN metal hydride storage systems

6.2.2.9.2 In (c) and (h), replace "indicated by the distinguishing signs of motor vehicles in international traffic" by "the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*"

6.2.2.9.4 (a) Replace "indicated by the distinguishing signs of motor vehicles in international traffic" by "the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*"

Footnote * reads as follow:

"* Distinguishing sign of the State of registration used on motor vehicles and trailers in international road traffic, e.g. in accordance with the Geneva Convention on Road Traffic of 1949 or the Vienna Convention on Road Traffic of 1968."

Chapter 6.3
Provisions for the construction and testing of packagings
for class 6.2 infectious substances of category A

6.3.4 Marking

6.3.4.2 (e) Replace "indicated by the distinguishing sign for motor vehicles in international traffic" by "the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

Footnote * reads as follows:

"* Distinguishing sign of the State of registration used on motor vehicles and trailers in international road traffic, e.g. in accordance with the Geneva Convention on Road Traffic of 1949 or the Vienna Convention on Road Traffic of 1968."

Chapter 6.4
Provisions for the construction, testing and approval
of packages and radioactive material

6.4.23 Applications for approval and approvals for radioactive material transport

6.4.23.11 In paragraph (a), replace "the international vehicle registration identification code*" by "the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

Amend footnote * to read as follows:

"* Distinguishing sign of the State of registration used on motor vehicles and trailers in international road traffic, e.g. in accordance with the Geneva Convention on Road Traffic of 1949 or the Vienna Convention on Road Traffic of 1968."

Chapter 6.5
Provisions for the construction and testing
of intermediate bulk containers (IBCs)

6.5.2 Marking

6.5.2.1 Primary marking

6.5.2.1.1.5 Replace "indicated by the distinguishing sign for motor vehicles in international traffic" by "the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

Footnote * reads as follows:

"* Distinguishing sign of the State of registration used on motor vehicles and trailers in international road traffic, e.g. in accordance with the Geneva Convention on Road Traffic of 1949 or the Vienna Convention on Road Traffic of 1968."

6.5.6.9 Drop test

6.5.6.9.3 Amend the last paragraph to read as follows:

"The same IBC or a different IBC of the same design may be used for each drop."

6.5.6.14 Test report

6.5.6.14.1.8 At the end of the subparagraph, add the following sentence: "For rigid plastics and composite IBCs subject to the hydraulic pressure test in 6.5.6.8, the temperature of the water used;"

Chapter 6.6 Provisions for the construction and testing of large packagings

6.6.3 Marking

6.6.3.1 Primary marking

6.6.3.1 (e) Replace indicated by the distinguishing sign for motor vehicles in international traffic" by "indicated by the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

Footnote * should read as follows:

"* Distinguishing sign of the State of registration used on motor vehicles and trailers in international road traffic, e.g. in accordance with the Geneva Convention on Road Traffic of 1949 or the Vienna Convention on Road Traffic of 1968."

Chapter 6.7 Provisions for the design, construction, inspection and testing of portable tanks and multiple-element gas containers (MEGCs)

6.7.2 Provisions for the design, construction, inspection and testing of portable tanks intended for the transport of substances of class 1 and classes 3 to 9

6.7.2.18.1 In the fifth sentence, replace "i.e. the distinguishing sign for use in international traffic as prescribed by the Convention on Road Traffic, Vienna 1968" by "indicated by the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

6.7.3.14.1 In the fifth sentence, replace "i.e. the distinguishing sign for use in international traffic as prescribed by the Convention on Road Traffic, Vienna 1968" by "indicated by the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

6.7.4.13.1 In the fifth sentence, replace "i.e. the distinguishing sign for use in international traffic as prescribed by the Convention on Road Traffic, Vienna 1968" by "indicated by the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

6.7.5.11.1 In the fifth sentence, replace "i.e. the distinguishing sign for use in international traffic as prescribed by the Convention on Road Traffic, Vienna 1968" by "indicated by the distinguishing sign used on vehicles in international road traffic*".

Footnote * should read as follows:

"* Distinguishing sign of the State of registration used on motor vehicles and trailers in international road traffic, e.g. in accordance with the Geneva Convention on Road Traffic of 1949 or the Vienna Convention on Road Traffic of 1968."

Chapter 6.8

Provisions for road tank vehicles

Amend title of 6.8 to read "Provisions for road tank vehicles and road gas elements vehicles".

6.8.1.1 Amend provision 6.8.1.1 to read as follows:

"6.8.1.1 Tank and elements support frameworks, fitting and tie-down attachments*

6.8.1.1.1 Road tank vehicles and road gas elements vehicles shall be designed and manufactured with supports to provide a secure base during transport and with suitable tie-down attachments. The tie-down attachments shall be located on the tank or elements support, or vehicle structure in such a manner that the suspension system is not left in free play."

6.8.3 Amend the title of 6.8.3 to read "Road tank vehicles and road gas elements vehicles for short international voyages"

Add a new provision 6.8.3.4 as follows:

"6.8.3.4 Road gas elements vehicles for compressed gases of class 2 (IMO Type 9)

6.8.3.4.1 General provisions

6.8.3.4.1.1 An IMO type 9 tank shall comply with the provisions of 6.8.3.4.2 and 6.8.3.4.3.

6.8.3.4.1.2 An IMO type 9 tank shall not be offered for transport by sea in a condition that would lead to venting during the voyage under normal conditions of transport.

6.8.3.4.2 Design and construction

6.8.3.4.2.1 An IMO type 9 tank shall comply with the provisions of 6.7.5 with the exception that the horizontal forces at right angles to the direction of travel shall be the MPGM multiplied by the acceleration due to gravity (g)*; and that the inspection and testing shall be in accordance with the competent authority where the road gas elements vehicle is approved.

6.8.3.4.2.2 If the landing legs of an IMO type 9 tank are to be used as support structure, the loads specified in 6.7.5.2.8 shall be taken into account in their design and method of attachment. Any bending stress induced in the shell or the elements as a result of this manner of support shall also be included in the design calculations.

6.8.3.4.2.3 Securing arrangements (tie-down attachments) shall be fitted to the road gas elements vehicle support structure and the towing vehicle of an IMO type 9 tank. Semi-trailers unaccompanied by a towing vehicle shall be accepted for shipment only if the trailer supports and the securing arrangements and the position of stowage are agreed by the competent authority for sea transport, unless the approved Cargo Securing Manual includes this arrangement.

6.8.3.4.3 Approval, testing and marking

6.8.3.4.3.1 IMO type 9 tanks shall be approved for road transport by the competent authority for road transport.

6.8.3.4.3.2 The competent authority for sea transport shall issue additionally, in respect of an IMO type 9 tank, a certificate attesting compliance with the relevant design, construction and equipment provisions of this chapter and, where appropriate, the special provisions for the gases listed in the Dangerous Goods List. The certificate shall list the gases allowed to be transported.

6.8.3.4.3.3 An IMO type 9 tank shall be periodically tested and inspected in accordance with the provisions of the competent authority for road transport where the road gas elements vehicle is approved.

6.8.3.4.3.4 An IMO type 9 tank shall be marked in accordance with 6.7.5.13, as applicable. However, where the marking required by the competent authority for road transport is substantially in agreement with that of 6.7.5.13.1, it will be sufficient to endorse the metal plate attached to the IMO type 9 tank with "IMO 9".

Chapter 6.9 Provisions for the design, construction, inspection and testing of bulk containers

6.9.5 Requirements for the design, construction, inspection and testing of flexible bulk containers BK3

6.9.5.5 Marking

6.9.5.5.1 (e) Replace "indicated by the distinguishing signs for motor vehicles in international traffic" by "the distinguishing signs used on vehicles in international road traffic".

Footnote * reads as follows:

"* Distinguishing sign of the State of registration used on motor vehicles and trailers in international road traffic, e.g. in accordance with the Geneva Convention on Road Traffic of 1949 or the Vienna Convention on Road Traffic of 1968."

PART 7 PROVISIONS CONCERNING TRANSPORT OPERATIONS

Chapter 7.1 General stowage provisions

7.1.4 Special stowage provisions

Renumber paragraphs 7.1.4.4.5, 7.1.4.4.5.1 as 7.1.4.4.6 and 7.1.4.4.6.1, respectively. Renumber paragraph 7.1.4.4.6 as 7.1.4.4.7. Add a new paragraph 7.1.4.4.5 as follows:

"7.1.4.4.5 Transport to or from offshore oil platforms, mobile offshore drilling units and other offshore installations"

Notwithstanding the stowage category indicated in column 16a of the Dangerous Goods List, UN 0124 JET PERFORATING GUNS, CHARGED, and UN 0494 JET PERFORATING GUNS, CHARGED, transported to or from offshore oil platforms, mobile offshore drilling units and other offshore installations may be stowed on deck in offshore well tool pallets, cradles or baskets provided that:

- .1 initiation devices shall be segregated from each other and from any jet perforating guns in accordance with the provisions of 7.2.7, and from any other dangerous goods in accordance with the provisions of 7.2.4 and 7.6.3.2, unless otherwise approved by the competent authority;
- .2 jet perforating guns shall be securely held in place during transport;
- .3 each shaped charge affixed to any gun shall not contain more than 112 g of explosives;
- .4 each shaped charge, if not completely enclosed in glass or metal, shall be fully protected by a metal cover following installation in the gun;
- .5 both ends of jet perforating guns shall be protected by means of steel end caps allowing for pressure release in the event of fire;
- .6 the total explosive content shall not exceed 95 kg per well tool pallet, cradle or basket; and
- .7 where more than one well tool pallet, cradle or basket is stowed "on deck", a minimum horizontal distance of 3 m shall be observed between them."

7.1.4.6 After 7.1.4.6.1, insert a new provision of 7.1.4.7 as follows:

"7.1.4.7 Stowage of stabilized dangerous goods

Substances, for which the word "STABILIZED" is added as part of the proper shipping name of the substances in accordance with 3.1.2.6, Stowage Category D and SW1 shall apply."

7.1.5 Stowage codes

Add a new SW30 as follows:

"SW30 For special stowage provisions, see 7.1.4.4.5."

Chapter 7.2
General segregation provisions

7.2.2 Definitions

7.2.2.2 In subparagraph .2, replace "risk" by "hazard".

7.2.3 Segregation provisions

7.2.3.3 Replace "risk" by "hazard", twice.

7.2.3.4 Replace "risk" by "hazard" and replace "risks" by "hazards".

7.2.4 Segregation table

7.2.4 In the third paragraph, replace "risk" by "hazard".

7.2.5 Segregation groups

Amend 7.2.5.1 to read as follows:

"7.2.5.1 For the purpose of segregation, dangerous goods having certain similar chemical properties have been grouped together in segregation groups as listed in 7.2.5.2. The entries allocated to these segregation groups are listed in 3.1.4.4 and are identified by a segregation group code in column 16b of the Dangerous Goods List."

Replace 7.2.5.2 as follows:

"7.2.5.2 The segregation group codes given in column 16b of the Dangerous Goods List are as specified below:

Segregation Group Code	Segregation Group	Description
SGG1	1	acids
SGG1a	1, entries marked *	* identifies strong acids
SGG2	2	ammonium compounds
SGG3	3	bromates
SGG4	4	chlorates
SGG5	5	chlorites
SGG6	6	cyanides
SGG7	7	heavy metals and their salts (including their organometallic compounds)
SGG8	8	hypochlorites
SGG9	9	lead and its compounds
SGG10	10	liquid halogenated hydrocarbons
SGG11	11	mercury and mercury compounds
SGG12	12	nitrites and their mixtures
SGG13	13	perchlorates
SGG14	14	permanganates
SGG15	15	powdered metals
SGG16	16	peroxides
SGG17	17	azides
SGG18	18	alkalis

7.2.6 Special segregation provisions and exemptions

7.2.6.1 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

7.2.6.3 In provision .2, replace the last sentence to read "Substances within the same table 7.2.6.3.1, 7.2.6.3.2 or 7.2.6.3.3 are compatible with one another.". After .2, add a new provision .3 as follows:

".3 to substances within the table 7.2.6.3.4, except that due regard shall continue to be taken of the dangerous reactions specified in the provisions of 7.2.6.1.1 to 7.2.6.1.4."

After the existing table 7.2.6.3.3, insert a new table 7.2.6.3.4 as follows:

"Table 7.2.6.3.4

UN*	Proper Shipping Name	Class	Subsidiary Hazard(s)	Packing group
3101	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, LIQUID	5.2	1 and/or 8	-
3102	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, SOLID	5.2	1 and/or 8	-
3103	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, LIQUID	5.2	None or 8	-
3104	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, SOLID	5.2	None or 8	-
3105	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID	5.2	None or 8	-
3106	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID	5.2	None or 8	-
3107	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, LIQUID	5.2	None or 8	-
3108	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID	5.2	None or 8	-
3109	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID	5.2	None or 8	-
3110	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, SOLID	5.2	None or 8	-
3111	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	1 and/or 8	-
3112	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	1 and/or 8	-
3113	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	None or 8	-
3114	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	None or 8	-
3115	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	None or 8	-
3116	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	None or 8	-
3117	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	None or 8	-
3118	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	None or 8	-
3119	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	None or 8	-
3120	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	None or 8	-
1325	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. with a technical name as listed in 2.5.3.2.4 under "exempt"	4.1	None	II, III

* Except for substances with the technical name PEROXYACETIC ACID

7.2.6.4 Renumber the exiting paragraph 7.2.6.4 as new paragraph 7.2.6.5. Insert a new paragraph 7.2.6.4 as follows:

"7.2.6.4 Notwithstanding table 7.2.6.3.2.4, due regard shall continue to be taken of the dangerous reactions specified in the provisions of 7.2.6.1.1 to 7.2.6.1.4."

7.2.8 Segregation codes

7.2.8 In the entry for SG1, replace the description as follows:

"For packages carrying a subsidiary hazard label of class 1, segregation as for class 1, division 1.3. However, in relation to goods of class 1, segregation as for the primary hazard."

Amend the description of the following SG codes in 7.2.8 with the corresponding "SGG code for the segregation groups as follows:

Segregation Code	Description
SG20	Stow "away from" SGG1 - acids.
SG21	Stow "away from" SGG18 - alkalis.
SG24	Stow "away from" SGG17 - azides.
SG28	Stow "away from" SGG2 - ammonium compounds and explosives containing ammonium compounds or salts.
SG30	Stow "away from" SGG7 - heavy metals and their salts.
SG31	Stow "away from" SGG9 - lead and its compounds.
SG32	Stow "away from" SGG10 - liquid halogenated hydrocarbons.
SG33	Stow "away from" SGG15 - powdered metals.
SG34	When containing ammonium compounds, "away from" SGG4 - chlorates or SGG13 - perchlorates and explosives containing chlorates or perchlorates.
SG35	Stow "separated from" SGG1 - acids.
SG36	Stow "separated from" SGG18 - alkalis.
SG38	Stow "separated from" SGG2 - ammonium compounds.
SG39	Stow "separated from" SGG2 - ammonium compounds other than AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE (UN 1444).
SG40	Stow "separated from" SGG2 - ammonium compounds other than mixtures of ammonium persulphates and/or potassium persulphates and/or sodium persulphates.
SG42	Stow "separated from" SGG3 - bromates.
SG45	Stow "separated from" SGG4 - chlorates.
SG47	Stow "separated from" SGG5 - chlorites.
SG49	Stow "separated from" SGG6 - cyanides.
SG51	Stow "separated from" SGG8 - hypochlorites.
SG54	Stow "separated from" SGG11 - mercury and mercury compounds.
SG56	Stow "separated from" SGG12 - nitrites.
SG58	Stow "separated from" SGG13 - perchlorates.
SG59	Stow "separated from" SGG14 - permanganates.
SG60	Stow "separated from" SGG16 - peroxides.
SG61	Stow "separated from" SGG15 - powdered metals.
SG70	For arsenic sulphides, "separated from" SGG1 - acids.
SG75	Stow "separated from" SGG1a - strong acids.

Add three new segregation codes as follows:

SG76	Segregation as for class 7.
SG77	Segregation as for class 8. However, in relation to class 7, no segregation needs to be applied.
SG78	Stow "separated longitudinally by an intervening complete compartment or hold from" division 1.1, 1.2, and 1.5.

In the examples of the Annex, paragraphs 3.2 and 4.2, replace "risk" by "hazard".

Chapter 7.3 **Consigning operations concerning the packing and use of cargo transport units (CTUs) and related provisions**

7.3.4 Segregation provisions within cargo transport units

7.3.4.2.1 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

7.3.4.2.2.3 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

7.3.7 Cargo transport units under temperature control

Replace the provisions of 7.3.7 as follows:

"7.3.7 Cargo transport units under temperature control

7.3.7.1 Preamble

7.3.7.1.1 If the temperature of certain substances (such as organic peroxides and polymerizing or self-reactive substances) exceeds a value which is typical of the substance as packaged for transport, a self-accelerating decomposition or polymerization possibly of explosive violence, may result. To prevent such decomposition or polymerization, it is necessary to control the temperature of such substances during transport. Other substances not requiring temperature control for safety reasons may be transported under controlled temperature conditions for commercial reasons.

7.3.7.1.2 The provisions for the temperature control of certain specified substances are based on the assumption that the temperature in the immediate surroundings of the cargo does not exceed 55°C during transport and attains this value for a relatively short time only during each period of 24 h.

7.3.7.2 General provisions

7.3.7.2.1 Where a number of packages containing self-reactive substances, organic peroxides and polymerizing substances are loaded in a closed cargo transport unit, the total quantity of substance, the type and number of packages and the stacking arrangement shall not create an explosion hazard.

7.3.7.2.2 These provisions apply to certain self-reactive substances when required by 2.4.2.3.4, and certain organic peroxides when required by 2.5.3.4.1 and certain polymerizing substances when required by 2.4.2.5.2 or special provision 386 of chapter 3.3 which may only be transported under conditions where the temperature is controlled.

7.3.7.2.3 These provisions also apply to the transport of substances for which:

- .1 the proper shipping name as indicated in column 2 of the Dangerous Goods List of chapter 3.2 or according to 3.1.2.6 contains the word "STABILIZED"; and
- .2 the self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT) or the self-accelerating polymerization temperature (SAPT)¹ determined for the substance (with or without chemical stabilization) as offered for transport is:
 - .1 50°C or less for single packagings and IBCs; or
 - .2 45°C or less for portable tanks.

When chemical inhibition is not used to stabilize a reactive substance which may generate dangerous amounts of heat and gas, or vapour, under normal transport conditions, these substances need to be transported under temperature control. These provisions do not apply to substances which are stabilized by the addition of chemical inhibitors such that the SADT or the SAPT is greater than that prescribed in paragraphs 7.3.7.2.3.2.1 or 7.3.7.2.3.2.2.

7.3.7.2.4 In addition, if a self-reactive substance or organic peroxide or a substance the proper shipping name of which contains the word "STABILIZED" and which is not normally required to be transported under temperature control is transported under conditions where the temperature may exceed 55°C, it may require temperature control.

7.3.7.2.5 The "control temperature" is the maximum temperature at which the substance can be safely transported. In the event of loss of temperature control, it may be necessary to implement emergency procedures. The "emergency temperature" is the temperature at which such procedures shall be implemented.

7.3.7.2.6 Derivation of control and emergency temperatures

Type of receptacle	SADT ^a /SAPT ^a	Control temperature	Emergency temperature
Single packagings and IBCs	20°C or less over 20°C to 35°C over 35°C	20°C below SADT/SAPT 15°C below SADT/SAPT 10°C below SADT/SAPT	10°C below SADT/SAPT 10°C below SADT/SAPT 5°C below SADT/SAPT
Portable tanks	≤ 45°C	10°C below SADT/SAPT	5°C below SADT/SAPT

^a i.e. the SADT/SAPT of the substance as packed for transport.

7.3.7.2.7 The control and emergency temperatures are derived using the table in 7.3.7.2.6 from the self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT) or from the self-accelerating polymerization temperature (SAPT) which are defined as the lowest temperatures at which self-accelerating decomposition or self-accelerating polymerization may occur with a substance in the packaging, IBC or portable tank as used in transport. An SADT or SAPT shall be determined in order to decide if a substance shall be subjected to temperature control during transport. Provisions for the determination of the SADT and SAPT are given in 2.4.2.3.4, 2.5.3.4.2 and 2.4.2.5.2 for self-reactive substances, organic peroxides and polymerizing substances and mixtures, respectively.

¹ The SAPT shall be determined in accordance with the test procedures established for the SADT for self-reactive substances in accordance with part II, section 28 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria.

7.3.7.2.8 Control and emergency temperatures, where appropriate, are provided for currently assigned self-reactive substances in 2.4.2.3.2.3 and for currently assigned organic peroxide formulations in 2.5.3.2.4.

7.3.7.2.9 The actual transport temperature may be lower than the control temperature but shall be selected so as to avoid dangerous separation of phases.

7.3.7.3 Transport under temperature control

7.3.7.3.1 Prior to the use of cargo transport unit, the refrigeration system shall be subjected to a thorough inspection and a test to ensure that all parts are functioning properly.

7.3.7.3.2 Refrigerant gas shall only be replaced in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions for the refrigeration system. Prior to filling replacement refrigerant gas, a certificate of analysis from the supplier shall be obtained and checked to confirm that the gas meets refrigeration system specifications. In addition, if concerns about the integrity of the supplier and/or the refrigerant gas supply chain give rise to suspicion of contamination of the gas, the replacement refrigerant gas shall be checked for possible contamination prior to use. If the refrigerant gas is found to be contaminated, it shall not be used, the cylinder shall be plainly marked "CONTAMINATED", the cylinder shall be sealed and sent for recycling or disposal, and notification shall be given to the refrigerant gas supplier and authorized distributor and competent authority(ies) of the countries in which the supplier and distributor reside, as appropriate. The date of last refrigerant replacement shall be included in the maintenance record of the refrigeration system.

Note: Contamination can be checked by using flame halide lamp tests, gas sniffer tube tests or gas chromatography. Replacement refrigerant gas cylinders may be marked with the test result and the date of testing.

7.3.7.3.3 When a cargo transport unit is to be filled with packages containing substances having different control temperatures, all packages shall be pre-cooled to avoid exceeding the lowest control temperature.

7.3.7.3.3.1 In the event that non-temperature-controlled substances are transported in the same cargo transport unit as temperature controlled substances, the package(s) containing substances that require refrigeration shall be stowed in such a way as to be readily accessible from the door(s) of the cargo transport unit.

7.3.7.3.3.2 If substances with different control temperatures are loaded in the cargo transport unit, the substances with the lowest control temperature shall be stowed in the most readily accessible position from the doors of the cargo transport unit.

7.3.7.3.3.3 The door(s) shall be capable of being opened readily in case of emergency so that the package(s) can be removed. The carrier shall be informed about the location of the different substances within the unit. The cargo shall be secured to prevent packages from falling when the door(s) is (are) opened. The packages shall be securely stowed so as to allow for adequate air circulation throughout the cargo.

7.3.7.3.4 The master shall be provided with operating instructions for the refrigeration system, procedures to be followed in the event of loss of control and instructions for regular monitoring of operating temperatures. Spare parts shall be carried for the systems described in 7.3.7.4.2.3, 7.3.7.4.2.4 and 7.3.7.4.2.5 so that they are available for emergency use should the refrigeration system malfunction during transport.

7.3.7.3.5 In cases where it may not be possible to carry specific substances according to the general provisions, full details of the proposed method of shipment shall be submitted to the competent authority concerned for approval.

7.3.7.4 Methods of temperature control

7.3.7.4.1 The suitability of a particular means of temperature control for transport depends on a number of factors. Among those to be considered are:

- .1 the control temperature(s) of the substance(s) to be transported;
- .2 the difference between the control temperature and the anticipated ambient temperature conditions;
- .3 the effectiveness of the thermal insulation of the cargo transport unit. The overall heat transfer coefficient shall not be more than 0.4 W/(m²·K) for cargo transport units and 0.6 W/(m²·K) for tanks; and
- .4 the duration of the voyage.

7.3.7.4.2 Suitable methods for preventing the control temperature being exceeded are, in order of increasing capability:

- .1 thermal insulation, provided that the initial temperature of the substance is sufficiently below the control temperature;
- .2 thermal insulation with a cooling method, provided that:
 - an adequate quantity of non-flammable coolant (such as liquid nitrogen or solid carbon dioxide), allowing a reasonable margin for delay, is carried;
 - liquid oxygen or air is not used as a coolant;
 - there is a uniform cooling effect even when most of the coolant has been consumed; and
 - the need to ventilate the cargo transport unit before entering is clearly indicated by a warning on the door(s) (see 5.5.3);
- .3 single mechanical refrigeration, provided that the unit is thermally insulated and, for substances with a flashpoint lower than the sum of the emergency temperature plus 5°C, explosion proof electrical fittings are used within the cooling compartment to prevent ignition of flammable vapours from the substances;
- .4 combined mechanical refrigeration system and cooling method, provided that:
 - the two systems are independent of one another; and
 - the provisions of 7.3.7.4.2.2 and 7.3.7.4.2.3 are met;
- .5 dual mechanical refrigeration system, provided that:
 - apart from the integral power supply unit, the two systems are independent of one another;
 - each system alone is capable of maintaining adequate temperature control; and

- for substances with a flashpoint lower than the sum of the emergency temperature plus 5°C, explosion proof electrical fittings are used within the coolant compartment to prevent ignition of flammable vapours from the substances.

7.3.7.4.3 The refrigeration equipment and its controls shall be readily and safely accessible and all electrical connections weatherproof. Inside the cargo transport unit, the temperature shall be measured continuously. The measurement shall be taken in the air space of the unit, using two measuring devices independent of each other. The type and place of the measuring devices shall be selected so that their results are representative of the actual temperature in the cargo. At least one of the two measurements shall be recorded in such a manner that temperature changes are easily detectable. The temperature shall be checked every four to six hours and logged.

7.3.7.4.4 If substances are transported with a control temperature less than +25°C, the cargo transport unit shall be equipped with a visible and audible alarm effectively set at no higher than the control temperature. The alarms shall work independently from the power supply of the refrigeration system.

7.3.7.4.5 If an electrical supply is necessary for the cargo transport unit to operate the refrigeration or heating equipment, it shall be ensured that the correct connecting plugs are fitted. For under deck stowage, plugs shall, as a minimum, be of an IP 55 enclosure in accordance with IEC Publication 60529,* with the specification for electrical equipment of temperature class T4 and explosion group IIB. However, when stowed on deck, these plugs shall be of an IP 56 enclosure in accordance with IEC Publication 60529.*

7.3.7.5 Special provisions for self-reactive substances, organic peroxides and polymerizing substances

7.3.7.5.1 For self-reactive substances (class 4.1) identified by UN Nos. 3231 and 3232 and organic peroxides (class 5.2) identified by UN Nos. 3111 and 3112, one of the following methods of temperature control described in 7.3.7.4.2 shall be used:

- .1 the methods referred to under 7.3.7.4.2.4 or 7.3.7.4.2.5; or
- .2 the method referred to under 7.3.7.4.2.3 when the maximum ambient temperature to be expected during transport is at least 10°C below the control temperature.

7.3.7.5.2 For self-reactive substances (class 4.1) identified by UN Nos. 3233 to 3240, organic peroxides (class 5.2) identified by UN Nos. 3113 to 3120 and polymerizing substances identified by UN Nos. 3533 and 3534 or for those substances where the words "TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED" are added as part of the proper shipping name in accordance with 3.1.2.6.2, one of the following methods shall be used:

- .1 the methods referred to under 7.3.7.4.2.4 or 7.3.7.4.2.5;
- .2 the method referred to under 7.3.7.4.2.3 when the maximum ambient temperature to be expected during transport does not exceed the control temperature by more than 10°C; or

* Reference is made to the Recommendations published by the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) and, in particular, to publication 60529 Classification of Degrees of Protection provided by Enclosures.

- .3 for short international voyages only (see 1.2.1), the methods referred to under 7.3.7.4.2.1 and 7.3.7.4.2.2 when the maximum ambient temperature to be expected during transport is at least 10°C below the control temperature.

7.3.7.6 Special provisions for flammable gases or liquids having a flashpoint less than 23°C c.c. transported under temperature control

7.3.7.6.1 When flammable gases or liquids having a flashpoint less than 23°C c.c. are packed or loaded in a cargo transport unit equipped with a refrigerating or heating system, the cooling or heating equipment shall comply with 7.3.7.4.

7.3.7.6.2 When flammable liquids having a flashpoint less than 23°C c.c. and not requiring temperature control for safety reasons are transported under temperature control conditions for commercial reasons, explosion proof electrical fittings are required except when the substances are pre-cooled to and transported at a control temperature of at least 10°C below the flashpoint. In case of failure of a non-explosion proof refrigerating system, the system shall be disconnected from the power supply. It shall not be reconnected if the temperature has risen to a temperature less than 10°C below the flashpoint.

7.3.7.6.3 When flammable gases not requiring temperature control for safety reasons are transported under temperature control conditions for commercial reasons, explosion proof electrical fittings are required.

7.3.7.7 Special provisions for vehicles transported on ships

Insulated, refrigerated and mechanically refrigerated vehicles shall conform to the provisions of 7.3.7.4 and 7.3.7.5 as appropriate. In addition, the refrigerating appliance of a mechanically refrigerated vehicle shall be capable of operating independently of the engine used to propel the vehicle.

7.3.7.8 Approval

The competent authority may approve that less stringent means of temperature control may be used or that artificial refrigeration may be dispensed with under conditions of transport such as short international voyages or low ambient temperatures. "

Chapter 7.4 Stowage and segregation on containerships

7.4.2 Stowage requirements

7.4.2.4.1 Replace "risk" by "hazard", twice.

7.4.2.3.2 Replace the existing paragraph as follows:

"7.4.2.3.2 A container with flammable gases or flammable liquids having a flashpoint of less than 23°C c.c. transported on deck shall be stowed at least 2.4 m horizontally and projected vertically away from any potential source of ignition."

Chapter 7.6
Stowage and segregation on general cargo ships

7.6.2 Stowage requirements

7.6.2.3.1 Replace "risk" by "hazard", twice.

7.6.3 Segregation provisions

7.6.3.1.2 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

Chapter 7.7
Shipborne barges on barge-carrying ships

7.7.3 Barge loading

7.7.3.6 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

7.7.3.7.3 Replace "risk" by "hazard".

Chapter 7.9
Exemptions, approvals and certificates

7.9.3 Contact information for the main designated national competent authorities

Updated the following contact information for national competent authority regarding the IMDG Code:

AZERBAIJAN	Ministry of Emergency Situations of the Republic of Azerbaijan State Agency for Safe Working in Industry and Mountain-Mine Control 26 Najafgulu Rafiyev Street Baku Khatai Region AZ 1025 Azerbaijan Telephone: +994 12 512-15-01 Telefax: +994 12 512-25-01 Email: dag-meden@fhn.gov.az
CHILE	Dirección General del Territorio Marítimo y de Marina Mercante Empcontra Milton Pizarro Barrella Dirección de Seguridad y Operaciones Marítimas Departamento Policía Marítima y Prevención de Riesgos División Cargas Peligrosas Subida Cementerio No.300, Playa Ancha Valparaíso 2520000 Chile Telephone: +56-32-2208607 +56-32-2208656 Email: mpizarrob@directemar.cl mmunoza@directemar.cl gsage@directemar.cl Website: http://www.directemar.cl

ECUADOR	<p>SUBSECRETARIA DE PUERTOS Y TRANSPORTE MARITIMO Y FLUVIAL ING. IVAN SOLORZANO VILLACIS EXPERTO EN INFRAESTRUCTURA PORTUARIA CDLA. LOS CEIBOS - AV. DEL BOMBERO Y LEOLDO CARRERA - EDIF. "GRACE" EP-PETROECUADOR - 1ER PISO GUAYAQUIL GUAYAS Ecuador Telephone: 0059342592080 Email: isolorzano@mtop.gob.ec Website: http://www.obraspublicas.gob.ec</p> <p>SUBSECRETARIA DE PUERTOS Y TRANSPORTE MARITIMO Y FLUVIAL (SPTMF) Ing. Richard Villacís Jefe de Contaminación Av. del Bombero y Leopoldo Carrera - Cdla. Ceibos. Edif. EP-Petroecuador. 1er piso Guayaquil Ecuador Telephone: +593-62723008 Email: rvillacis@mtop.gob.ec Website: https://www.obraspublicas.gob.ec</p> <p>Superintendencia del Terminal Petrolero de "El Salitral" (SUINSA) CPNV(SP) Raúl Aguirre Baldeón Superintendente Terminal Petrolero de el Salitral Guayaquil Ecuador Telephone: 0059345504901 Telefax: 0059342504901 Ext. 102 / 109 Email: suinsa_operaciones@mtop.gob.ec suinsa_radio@mtop.gob.ec raguirreb2000@hotmail.com</p> <p>Superintendencia del Terminal Petrolero de la Libertad (SUINLI) CPNV(SP) Roberto Ruiz Johns Superintendente Terminal Petrolero de la Libertad La Libertad Ecuador Telephone: 00592342785785 Telefax: 0059342785781 Email: suinli_operaciones@mtop.gob.ec suinli_radio@mtop.gob.ec rruiz@mtop.gob.ec</p>
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FRANCE	<p>Ministère de la Transition Ecologique et Solidaire Adjoint au Chef de la mission transport de matières dangereuses Mr Pierre DUFOUR MTES – DGPR – Mission Transport de matières dangereuses (MTMD) Tour Séquoia - Pièce 23-39 92055 Paris La Défense Cedex France Telephone: +33 (0)1 40 81 14 96 Telefax: +33 1 40 81 86 41 Email: pierre.dufour@developpement-durable.gouv.fr</p> <p><i>Organizations authorized for packagings, large packagings and intermediate bulk containers (IBCs) *</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1 Association des Contrôleurs Indépendants (ACI) 22, rue de l'Est 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt France2 APAVE 191, rue de Vaugirard 75738 Paris Cedex 15 France3 Association pour la Sécurité des Appareils à Pression (ASAP) Continental Square – BP 16757 95727 Roissy-Charles de Gaulle Cedex France4 Bureau de Vérifications Techniques (BVT) ZAC de la Cerisaie - 31, rue de Montjean 94266 Fresnes Cedex France5 Bureau Veritas 67-71, rue du Château 92200 Neuilly-sur-Seine France6 Centre Français de l'Emballage Agréé (CeFEA) 5, rue Janssen 75019 Paris France7 Laboratoire d'Études et de Recherches des Emballages Métalliques (LEREM) Marches de l'Oise – 100, rue Louis-Blanc 60160 Montataire France8 Laboratoire National de métrologie et d'Essais (LNE) 1, rue Gaston-Boissier 75724 Paris Cedex 15 France
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	<p><i>Organizations authorized for pressure receptacles⁶</i></p> <p>1 Association des Contrôleurs Indépendants (ACI) (Voir coordonnées ci-dessus)</p> <p>2 APAVE (Voir coordonnées ci-dessus)</p> <p>3 Association pour la Sécurité des Appareils à Pression (ASAP) (Voir coordonnées ci-dessus)</p> <p>4 Bureau Veritas (Voir coordonnées ci-dessus)</p> <p><i>Organizations authorized for tanks and multiple-element gas containers (MEGCs)*</i></p> <p>1 Association des Contrôleurs Indépendants (ACI) (Voir coordonnées ci-dessus)</p> <p>2 APAVE (Voir coordonnées ci-dessus)</p> <p>3 Bureau Veritas (Voir coordonnées ci-dessus)</p>
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IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)	<p>Ports and Maritime Organization PMO. No.1. Shahidi St. Haghani Exp'way Vanak Sq. Tehran 1518663111 Iran (Islamic Republic of) Telephone: +98 2184932081/2 Email: info@pmo.ir</p>

⁶ Contact competent authority for further details of areas of authorization.

ITALY	<p>Comando Generale del Corpo delle Capitanerie di Porto Lt. Cdr. (IT.C.G.) Giuseppe Notte Ufficio II - Merci Pericolose Via dell'Arte, 16 Roma 00144 Italy Telephone: +39 06 5908 4267 +39 06 5908 4652 Telefax: +39 06 5908 4630 Email: cgcp@pec.mit.gov.it segreteria.reparto6@mit.gov.it Website: http://www.guardiacostiera.gov.it/</p>
JAPAN	<p>Inspection and Measurement Division Maritime Bureau Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport 2-1-3 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo Japan Telephone: +81 3 5253 8639 Telefax: +81 3 5253 1644 Email: hqt-MRB_KSK@ml.mlit.go.jp</p> <p>Packaging Testing and Certification Institute Nippon Hakuyohin Kentei Kyokai (HK) (The Ship Equipment Inspection Society of Japan) 3-32, Kioi-Cho, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo Japan Telephone: +81 3 3261 6611 Telefax: +81 3 3261 6979</p> <p>Packagings, IBCs and large packagings in conformity with the IMDG Code will be marked "J", "J/JG" or "J/HK".</p>

<p>MEXICO</p>	<p><i>Stowage, segregation, labelling and documentation of goods</i> Coordinación General de Puertos y Marina Mercante Secretaría de Comunicación y Transportes Boulevard Adolfo López Mateos No. 1990 Col. Los Alpes Tlacopac, Del. Álvaro Obregón, C.P. 01010 México, Distrito Federal Telephone: +52 55 5723 9300 Email: coordgral.cgpmmm@sct.gob.mx Coordinador General: Ruiz de Teresa Guillermo Raúl</p> <p><i>Receipt and processing of notifications in the event of a package falling overboard</i> Secretaría de Marina Eje 2 Oriente, Tramo Heroica Escuela Naval Militar No. 861 Colonia Los Cipreses, C.P. 04830 México, Distrito Federal. Telephone: +52 55 56 24 65 00 (extention: 6388) Email: ayjemg@semar.gob.mx Jefe del Estado Mayor General de la Armada de México: Vicealmirante C.G. DEM Joaquín Zetina Angulo</p> <p><i>Laboratory testing of packagings containing dangerous goods</i> Entidad Mexicana de Acreditación, A.C. Mariano Escobedo, No.564, Col. Nueva Anzures, Delegación Miguel Hidalgo C.P. 11590, Ciudad de México México Telephone: +52 55 91484300 Email: Maribel.lopez@ema.org.mx Directora Ejecutiva: Mtra. María Isabel López Martínez</p>
<p>MONGOLIA</p>	<p>Maritime Administration of Mongolia Division of Ship Registration and Regulation Government Building 11 Sambuu's street 11 Chingeltei district Ulaanbaatar 211238 Mongolia Telephone: 976-51-261490 Telefax: 976-11-310642 Email: info@monmarad.gov.mn operation@mngship.org Website: http://monmarad.gov.mn/</p>
<p>PERU</p>	<p>Dirección General de Capitanías y Guardacostas (DICAPI) Jirón Constitución No.150 Callao Peru Telephone: +51 12099300 Anexo: 6757/6792 Email: jefemercanciaspeligrosas@dicapi.mil.pe</p>

PORTUGAL	<p>Direção-Geral de Recursos Naturais, Segurança e Serviços Marítimos (DGRM) Avenida Brasília Lisboa 1449-030 Portugal Telephone: +351 213 035 700 Telefax: +351 213 035 702 Email: dgrm@dgrm.mm.gov.pt</p>
RUSSIAN FEDERATION	<p>Department of State Policy for Maritime and River Transport Ministry of Transport of the Russian Federation Rozhdestvenka Street, 1, bldg. 1 Moscow 109012 Russian Federation Telephone: +7 495 626 14 23 Fax: +7 495 626 16 09 Email: rusma@minstrans.ru</p> <p>Classification society has been designated as competent inspector agency for the approval, acceptance and all consequential activities connected with IMO Type tanks, CSC containers, Intermediate Bulk Containers (IBCs) and packaging to be registered in the Russian Federation:</p> <p>Russian Maritime Register of Shipping Dvortsovaya Naberezhnaya, 8 Saint-Petersburg 191186 Russian Federation Telephone: +7 812 380 20 72 Fax: +7 812 314 10 87 Email: pobox@rs-class.org</p>
SINGAPORE	<p>Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore Operations Divison, Assistant Director (Marine Environment & Safety) Capt Charles Alexandar De Souza #19-00 Tanjong Pagar Complex 7B Keppel Road, Singapore 089055 Telephone: +6563252420 Telefax: +6563252454 Email: Charles_Alexandar_De_Souza@mpa.gov.sg</p>
TURKEY	<p>Ministry of Transport Maritime Affairs and Communications Directorate General for Regulation of Dangerous Goods and Combined Transport GMK Bulvarı No:128A/7 Maltepe/Ankara 06570 Turkey Telephone : +90 312 232 38 50 +90 312 232 12 49 Fax: +90 312 231 51 89 Email: dangerousgoods@udhb.gov.tr</p>

	<p>Packing, Testing and Certification Turkish Standards Institution (TSE) 100. Yıl Bulvarı No:99 Kat:2 Ostim/Ankara Turkey Telephone: +90 312 592 50 00-5039 Fax: +90 312 592 50 05 Email: oalper@tse.org.tr</p> <p>Türk Loydu Vakfı İktisadi İşletmesi Tersaneler Caddesi 26, 34944 Turkey Telephone: +90 216 581 37 00 Fax: +90 216 581 38 00 Email: info@turkloydu.org</p>
UNITED KINGDOM (Isle of Man)	<p>Department of Economic Development Mr David Morter Isle of Man Ship Registry St Georges Court Upper Church Street Douglas Douglas IM1 1EE Isle of Man (United Kingdom) Telephone: +44 1624 688500 Email: marine.survey@gov.im Website: http://www.iomshipregistry.com</p>
UNITED STATES	<p>US Department of Transportation Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration International Program Coordinator 1200 New Jersey Ave S.E. Washington, D.C. 20590 United States Telephone: +1 202 366 8553 Telefax: +1 202 366 7435 Email: infocntr@dot.gov</p> <p>United States Coast Guard - Commandant (CG-ENG-5) Bulk Solid Cargo-related matters U.S. Coast Guard, Stop 7509 Attn: Chief, Hazardous Materials Division 2703 Martin Luther King Jr. Ave. SE Washington, D.C. 20593-7509 United States Telephone: +1 202 372 1420 Email: hazmatstandards@uscg.mil</p>

Appendix A
List of generic and N.O.S. proper shipping names

In the List of generic and N.O.S. proper shipping names, header, column 2, replace "risk" by "hazard".

In the table, for class 2.1, under "General entries", after 3510, add the following new entry:

2.1	See 2.0.6.6	3537	ARTICLES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE GAS, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 2.2, under "General entries", after 3511, add the following new entry:

2.2	See 2.0.6.6	3538	ARTICLES CONTAINING NON-FLAMMABLE, NON-TOXIC GAS, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 2.3, under "General entries", after 3512, add the following new entry:

2.3	See 2.0.6.6	3539	ARTICLES CONTAINING TOXIC GAS, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 3, under "General entries", after 3526, add the following new entry:

3	See 2.0.6.6	3540	ARTICLES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 4.1, under "General entries", after 3534, add the following new entry:

4.1	See 2.0.6.6	3541	ARTICLES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE SOLID, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 4.2, under "General entries", after 3200, add the following new entry:

4.2	See 2.0.6.6	3542	ARTICLES CONTAINING A SUBSTANCE LIABLE TO SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 4.3, under "General entries", after 2813, add the following new entry:

4.3	See 2.0.6.6	3543	ARTICLES CONTAINING A SUBSTANCE WHICH EMITS FLAMMABLE GAS IN CONTACT WITH WATER, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 5.1, under "General entries", after 3139, add the following new entry:

5.1	See 2.0.6.6	3544	ARTICLES CONTAINING OXIDIZING SUBSTANCE, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 5.2, after "Specific entries", add a new section "General entries" with the following new entry:

5.2	See 2.0.6.6	3545	ARTICLES CONTAINING ORGANIC PEROXIDE, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 6.1, under "General entries", after 3489, add the following new entry:

6.1	4.1	3535	TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 6.1, under "General entries", after 3462, add the following new entry:

6.1	See 2.0.6.6	3546	ARTICLES CONTAINING TOXIC SUBSTANCE, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 8, under "General entries", after 3267, add the following new entry:

8	See 2.0.6.6	3547	ARTICLES CONTAINING CORROSIVE SUBSTANCE, N.O.S.
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In the table, for class 9, under "General entries", after 3335, add the following new entry:

9	See 2.0.6.6	3548	ARTICLES CONTAINING MISCELLANEOUS DANGEROUS GOODS, N.O.S
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For the entry "2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL ACRYLATE", in the column "Name and description", add ", STABILIZED" at the end.

Insert the following new entries in alphabetical order:

<i>Name and description</i>	<i>MP</i>	<i>Class</i>	<i>UN No.</i>
ARTICLES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE GAS, N.O.S.	-	2.1	3537
ARTICLES CONTAINING NON-FLAMMABLE, NON-TOXIC GAS, N.O.S.	-	2.2	3538
ARTICLES CONTAINING TOXIC GAS, N.O.S.	-	2.3	3539
ARTICLES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.	-	3	3540
ARTICLES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE SOLID, N.O.S.	-	4.1	3541
ARTICLES CONTAINING A SUBSTANCE LIABLE TO SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION, N.O.S.	-	4.2	3542
ARTICLES CONTAINING A SUBSTANCE WHICH EMITS FLAMMABLE GAS IN CONTACT WITH WATER, N.O.S.	-	4.3	3543
ARTICLES CONTAINING OXIDIZING SUBSTANCE, N.O.S.	-	5.1	3544
ARTICLES CONTAINING ORGANIC PEROXIDE, N.O.S.	-	5.2	3545
ARTICLES CONTAINING TOXIC SUBSTANCE, N.O.S.	-	6.1	3546
ARTICLES CONTAINING CORROSIVE SUBSTANCE, N.O.S.	-	8	3547
ARTICLES CONTAINING MISCELLANEOUS DANGEROUS GOODS, N.O.S.	-	9	3548
1-dodecene, see	-	3	2850
LITHIUM BATTERIES INSTALLED IN CARGO TRANSPORT UNIT lithium ion batteries or lithium metal batteries	-	9	3536
TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	-	6.1	3535

ANNEX 5

DRAFT MSC CIRCULAR

**REVISED EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROCEDURES FOR SHIPS CARRYING
DANGEROUS GOODS (EMS GUIDE)**

CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS

**INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS (IMDG) CODE
ANNEXES AND SUPPLEMENTS**

**Revised Emergency Response Procedures for
Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods (EmS Guide)**

1 The Maritime Safety Committee, at its [...] session ([...]), approved the *Revised Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods (EmS Guide)* (MSC/Circ.1025, as amended by MSC.1/Circ.1025/Add.1, MSC.1/Circ.1262, MSC.1/Circ.1360, MSC.1/Circ.1438, MSC.1/Circ.1476 and MSC.1/Circ.1522), set out in the annex, which had been prepared by the Sub-Committee on Carriage of Cargoes and Containers (CCC) at its [fourth] session ([11 to 15 September 2017]) and finalized by the Sub-Committee's Editorial and Technical Group.

2 Member States are invited to bring the annexed Revised EmS Guide to the attention of all concerned, taking into account the voluntary application date of [...] of amendment (39-18) of the IMDG Code, pending its envisaged mandatory entry into force date of [...].

3 This circular supersedes MSC/Circ.1025, as amended by MSC.1/Circ.1025/Add.1, MSC.1/Circ.1262, MSC.1/Circ.1360, MSC.1/Circ.1438, MSC.1/Circ.1476 and MSC.1/Circ.1522.

ANNEX

**Revised Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying
Dangerous Goods (EmS Guide)**

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Foreword

This EmS Guide contains guidance on Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods including the Emergency Schedules (EmS) to be followed in case of incidents involving dangerous substances, materials or articles, or harmful substances (marine pollutants), regulated under the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code).

This edition takes into account the amendment 39-18 to the IMDG Code. The EmS Guide will be further amended as and when necessary to reflect amendments made to the IMDG Code.

Preamble

The purpose of this Guide is to provide guidance for dealing with fires and spillages (leakages) on board ships involving the dangerous goods listed in the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code).

In accordance with the International Safety Management Code (ISM Code), all ships, and the companies responsible for their operation, are required to maintain a Safety Management System (SMS). Within the SMS, procedures for responding to potential shipboard emergencies are required. This Guide is intended to assist shipowners, ship operators and other parties concerned with developing such emergency response procedures, which should be integrated into the ship's contingency plan.

In November 1997, the IMO Assembly adopted resolution A.852(20) on *Guidelines for a structure of an integrated system of contingency planning for shipboard emergencies*, which were further revised by resolution A.1072(28) in December 2013. This Guide should be integrated into Module IV on Response actions, as contained in paragraph 3.2.4.6 of the latter resolution, for cargo-related incidents.

In the event of a fire or spillage incident, initial actions should be carried out in accordance with the shipboard emergency plan. Where dangerous goods are involved, the responses in the emergency plan should be based on this Guide for specific dangerous goods having regard to, inter alia, the type of ship, the quantity and type of packaging of the dangerous goods and whether the goods are stowed on or under deck.

How to use this Guide

1 The guidance contained in this Guide is intended for fire and/or spillage (leakage) emergencies on board a ship involving packaged dangerous goods transported in accordance with the provisions of the IMDG Code. The Guide should not be used for emergencies involving bulk cargoes or any other fire and/or spillage on board a ship which does not involve packaged dangerous goods as cargo.

2 This guidance is for shipboard use where master and crew have to respond to a fire or a spillage without external assistance. The recommendations are based on the fire safety provisions contained in chapter II-2 of the 1974 Safety of Life at Sea Convention (SOLAS), as amended, and the provisions of the IMDG Code. The guidance should be integrated into the contingency plan for shipboard emergencies, which should be specific to the individual ship and should take into account the equipment on board.

3 There are international and national requirements for ships to contact or report to the nearest coastal State when an incident takes place involving the loss or likely loss of packaged dangerous goods (see Reporting Procedures). Contacting shore-based experts at an early stage irrespective of how insignificant the incident may seem to be is recommended. However, it should be noted that shore-based personnel or rescue/ coastguard experts may use different techniques to fight a fire or to deal with spillage on board a ship.

4 In this Guide, there is separate advice for fire and spillage emergencies which should be consulted accordingly.

5 This Guide should be used as follows:

- .1 for fire and spillage, read and incorporate into the ship's training regime the INTRODUCTIONS to the emergency schedules, before any emergency occurs;
- .2 in the event of an emergency involving packaged dangerous goods, consult the GENERAL GUIDELINES as a first step; and
- .3 obtain detailed advice for the specific cargo(es) involved by reading the relevant EMERGENCY SCHEDULE(S) (EmS) for the cargo(es).

Fire

Introduction to the Emergency Schedules for FIRE

1 Be prepared

1.1 Preventing a fire from occurring is the most important part of a shipboard safety programme. However, once a fire has started, a well-trained crew is the best defence for bringing the fire under control. Given the complexity of extinguishing a fire involving dangerous goods, it is essential that the advice in this Guide be incorporated into the ship's training regime so that the crew will be able to respond to a fire casualty in a timely and effective manner.

1.2 This Guide should be integrated into a Safety Management System (SMS). Procedures contained in the shipboard emergency plan should be tailored to the individual ship.

1.3 The firefighting procedures within the EmS SCHEDULES are different for "on deck" and "under deck" stowage. For specific ship types (e.g. hatchless container ships) or cargo holds (e.g. open vehicle decks of ferries), these two procedures have to be assigned specifically to the individual ship.

1.4 Given the toxic nature of some of the dangerous goods involved, accommodation spaces should be protected from fire and smoke as far as possible (e.g. water spray). Therefore, the ventilation systems for working and living spaces should be shut off, closed and secured to reduce the possibility of vapours, dusts and gases penetrating these spaces. In some instances, it may be necessary to turn the ship's accommodation spaces upwind, if possible.

1.5 The safety of firefighting personnel is most important. Use of appropriate protective clothing (i.e. a firefighter's outfit when dealing with a fire) and self-contained breathing apparatus, to protect skin and lungs from toxic and/or corrosive liquids, vapours, dusts and gases, is essential. This equipment should be suitable for each individual member of the firefighting team, as working with such equipment requires a high level of fitness and training. It should be kept in mind that even a weak acute illness may interfere with a crew member's fitness. In addition, pregnant crew members should not be exposed to dangerous vapours.

1.6 It is also essential to ensure that there is always an escape route for firefighting personnel despite the limitations due to narrow exit paths and the danger of falling overboard.

2 Identification of the dangerous good(s) involved

2.1 It is essential to identify the dangerous good(s) involved in the fire in order that the specific EmS FIRE SCHEDULE(S) for the cargo(es) may be consulted and appropriate action taken. This is important because some dangerous goods are incompatible with some firefighting media and could exacerbate the situation (e.g. use of a water-based extinguishing medium on water-reactive cargoes).

2.2 An identification number with four digits preceded by the letters "UN" is assigned to all dangerous goods. From the UN Number, it is possible to find the appropriate EmS FIRE SCHEDULE. The Dangerous Goods List in part 3, chapter 3.2, of the IMDG Code contains the names and the UN numbers, as well as the EmS SCHEDULE NUMBERS. The special Dangerous Goods Manifest and the detailed Stowage Plan required by SOLAS regulation VII/4.2 will also contain the proper shipping name and UN number of the dangerous good(s) concerned. Packages will usually be labelled as well.

2.3 Specific information as to properties of dangerous goods may also be found in the Dangerous Goods List in the IMDG Code. Dangerous goods are classified and labelled according to their hazards. Labels and marks on packages provide a warning of the general risks to be encountered. Personnel should understand the labelling system.

2.4 Emergency preparedness should form part of the ship's Safety Management System as required by the ISM Code. Prepared information can reduce errors during a fire emergency. Therefore, it is recommended that the EmS SCHEDULE(S) be identified and included on the Dangerous Goods Manifest and Stowage Plan recording the stowage position of the cargo. That will enable key members of the crew to know in advance which emergency procedures could be necessary. In the event of a fire, the allocation of a specific EmS FIRE SCHEDULE via identification of cargo via the UN number takes time and is open to error, especially in mixed cargoes in one container. Furthermore, some firefighting procedures may require specific media and operations could be affected by the stowage location of such media. The advice given in the EmS FIRE SCHEDULE should be directly usable based on the stowage information, without time-consuming identification and location of the cargo involved.

3 Cool and suffocate

3.1 In general, fires require heat (energy) and oxygen to start burning. Only a limited number of chemicals do not need oxygen from the air. Therefore, the aim of firefighting is to exclude oxygen and to cool the cargo(es). On board ship, this is generally carried out by using water spray or gas extinguishing systems.

3.2 Some burning cargoes will need special firefighting media (like dry inert material) to suffocate the fire. In such circumstances, normal firefighting procedures are often impracticable, and concentrating on cooling nearby cargo and ship structures is recommended in such cases.

3.3 Firefighters should be made aware of the hazards of opening doors of an over-heated space or freight container which is suspected of containing cargo on fire. There may be a lack of oxygen inside and fresh air from outside the space may instantly start a fire, and cause a flashback that could injure the firefighters. Cool down the container first!

4 Seek advice

4.1 Expert advice should be sought irrespective of how insignificant the fire may seem to be when dealing with dangerous goods fires. Such advice could be given by:

- .1 ship operating companies (e.g. designated persons);
- .2 emergency information centres (such as CHEMTREC in the USA);
- .3 specialized agencies;
- .4 professional responders;
- .5 port State authorities;
- .6 coastguard;
- .7 fire brigades; and
- .8 manufacturers of the products.

5 Evacuation

Within some EmS FIRE SCHEDULES the phrase "Sudden or short-term events (e.g. explosions) may endanger the safety of the ship" or the phrase "The danger of uncontrolled spread of fire should be considered" has been introduced. Depending on the type of ship and on the volume of dangerous goods allocated to this specific FIRE SCHEDULE, it may be necessary to consider abandoning the ship at an early stage. In this case, the master should be aware of the hazard and should decide whether the ship requires assistance.

6 Firefighting media

6.1 Water

6.1.1 Water is the obvious firefighting medium at sea and is recommended for most fires involving dangerous goods. However, it should be noted that shore-based firefighters may use a different medium.

6.1.2 When water is applied to a burning cargo, the temperature is reduced and the fire will be extinguished when the temperature drops below the ignition point. However, water is not suitable to extinguish all fires involving dangerous goods. Different firefighting media should be used if so indicated on the specific EmS FIRE SCHEDULE.

6.1.3 If the fire is under deck, consideration should be given to the stability of the ship when flooding the hold with water.

6.1.4 Some dangerous goods will react chemically with water, producing flammable and/or toxic gases. The most effective way to extinguish a fire involving these dangerous goods is to smother them with a dry inert powdered material. However, the availability of suitable inert material on board is limited. It may also be dangerous to approach the fire in order to use inert material properly. Consequently, the most appropriate method of extinguishing the fire may be to use copious quantities of water. This would have an overall cooling effect on the fire even though the water may react with the dangerous goods involved.

6.1.5 Ships are equipped with a number of dual-purpose spray/jet nozzles as required by SOLAS. Most EmS FIRE SCHEDULES recommend that the nozzles be set to spray when used to fight fires. Water spray may also be achieved by using water jets from some distance. This method of producing water spray is generally recommended. However, it is dangerous to direct a water jet onto the fire at close range because this could result in the spread of burning material.

6.1.6 The term "copious quantities of water" used within the EmS FIRE SCHEDULES refers to the minimum total quantities of water provided for optimal firefighting using four jets of water, as required by SOLAS regulation II-2/10. The master and crew should know the practical limitations that may be encountered at specific stowage locations in this respect.

6.1.7 Following the advice "use copious quantities of water" or "water spray from as many hoses as possible" may interfere with the safety of the ship with regard to the ship's stability. Stress forces on the hull due to increased quantities of water in the ship should be considered.

6.2 Fixed gas fire-extinguishing systems

6.2.1 If a fixed gas fire-extinguishing system is used for incidents under deck, all hatches and vent dampers should be closed and ventilation shut off before the system is activated. If smoke is seen coming from around the hatches, the leaks should be sealed with any suitable material available.

6.2.2 The majority of the fixed gas fire-extinguishing systems use carbon dioxide (CO₂), but some use nitrogen (N₂) as the extinguishing medium. The instructions on board should be followed. The fire control plan will sometimes specify a given volume of gas to be applied to a given space. No advantage will be gained by exceeding this volume of gas where burning dangerous goods are involved.

6.2.3 It is important to realise that it will take an appreciable time for the space to cool after the fire has been extinguished. Therefore it would be extremely dangerous to reopen the hatches since the extinguishing gas would escape and air would enter the space again, thus allowing the fire to re-ignite. The ship's on-board instructions for such cases should be followed.

6.2.4 Fixed gas fire-extinguishing systems are not effective against all fires. EmS FIRE SCHEDULES may contain specific information in this regard.

6.3 Fixed pressure water spraying systems

6.3.1 In some ships (e.g. ro-ro ships and car ferries), some cargo spaces may be fitted with a water drencher or spray system instead of a fixed gas fire-extinguishing system. There will be instructions on board which should be followed.

6.3.2 A closed cargo space should be ventilated to clear it of smoke and toxic gases after the fire has been extinguished and the space has cooled. The ventilation equipment should be of a certified safe type for smoke removal. Evidence that the space is cooling down can be obtained by monitoring adjacent bulkheads and decks. Thereafter, a firefighting team should look for any small remaining fires and inspect the surrounding cargo. After the fire has been extinguished, the cargo should be kept under surveillance until its normal temperature is reached.

6.4 Foam

In general, foam is an effective firefighting medium for fires involving flammable liquids. The foam forms a layer on the liquid thereby excluding oxygen and reducing heat. However, it is less effective on solid substances on fire. Most foams contain water and should not be used on fires where the use of water is restricted because of adverse chemical reaction.

6.5 Dry chemicals

Dry chemicals may be an effective extinguishing medium for fires involving water-reactive substances and metals. The dry chemical should not react with the dangerous goods involved in the fire. Some dangerous goods require a specific dry chemical to extinguish a fire.

7 Dangerous goods exposed to fire

7.1 Rupture and cooling

7.1.1 Where possible, packages should be removed from the vicinity of the fire. In general, heated material will expand, thus needing more volume and creating pressure in the package. This will affect the integrity of the package which could lead to rupture and dispersal of the contents. Effective cooling can lower the possibility of rupture.

7.1.2 Where there is a danger that heat will have already started to cause a chemical or physical change to the dangerous substance, packages should not be moved. Care should always be exercised, for example, with those substances liable to polymerize, as this reaction may continue for a long time after the removal of the heat source. Provided no discharge or pumping overboard problem arises, cooling should continue for many hours after the fire has been extinguished. After heat evolution has ceased, cooling with water may be stopped. A careful watch should be kept on the stability of the ship.

7.1.3 The EmS FIRE SCHEDULES advise that a number of dangerous goods should be removed or jettisoned if there is a likelihood of their involvement in a fire. However, where full or nearly full cargo transport units are involved, such guidance may be impractical. In that case, the advice should be taken to indicate that the goods are particularly dangerous. Personnel on board should fight the fire and cool nearby cargo as far as possible. It should be borne in mind that some heated dangerous goods may have already damaged the packaging or may explode during handling. Consequently, moving or jettisoning burning cargo should only be attempted with utmost caution.

7.2 Spillage

7.2.1 It should be remembered that leakage of dangerous goods can be very dangerous for the crew and for the ship. Fire and explosion can rupture nearby packages or tanks, creating a spillage.

7.2.2 If a leak is discovered, the hazards associated with that leak should be ascertained immediately. In cases involving leaks of flammable liquids or flammable gases (class 3 and class 2.1 labels respectively), the crew should withdraw to a well-protected position. Air-vapour and air-gas mixtures are liable to explode and such an explosion may injure crew members and damage the ship.

7.2.3 Many toxic gases are odourless and colourless. A number of liquids will produce toxic vapours if exposed to heat. In an emergency, the ship should be manoeuvred to keep the bridge, living quarters and crew upwind as far as possible.

7.2.4 The EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULES should be consulted when dealing with a leakage.

8 Personal protection

8.1 Ship's personnel

8.1.1 Many vapours and gases of dangerous goods produced by a fire are hazardous to health. In the case of fire, the use of a firefighter's outfit and self-contained breathing apparatus is essential. Only trained personnel should use this equipment, which should be well maintained. Particular attention should be given to ensuring that toxic vapours or fumes do not penetrate occupied areas of the ship (e.g. bridge, living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas, etc.).

8.1.2 According to the ship's fire emergency plan, ventilation systems to living and working spaces should be shut off, closed and secured to reduce the possibility of vapours, dusts, and gases from penetrating these areas.

8.2 Firefighting team

8.2.1 Chapter II-2 of SOLAS requires firefighter's outfits, full chemical protective suits and self-contained breathing apparatus to be readily available on board. Masters are reminded that personnel will need regular training in the use of self-contained breathing apparatus and that special attention should be given to ensure that face masks fit satisfactorily at all times.

8.2.2 Self-contained breathing apparatus is essential for firefighting because dangerous goods on fire produce various substances hazardous to health. Handling water jets from some distance or cooling of heated cargo may not require the use of self-contained breathing apparatus. However, decisions not to use self-contained breathing apparatus should be undertaken carefully and on a case-by-case basis.

8.2.3 Firefighting outfits offer only limited protection from dangerous goods. Firefighting outfits are not chemical suits. Chemical protective clothing is designed to protect against specific properties of chemicals. In general, there will be no such thing as a single type chemical protective suit on board. Therefore, contact with dangerous goods should be avoided. Chemical protective clothing is not resistant to fire or heat.

9 First aid and actions after termination of firefighting

9.1 Any contamination with hazardous material should be immediately removed from the skin and then washed, for example with copious quantities of water. Information on medical first aid is provided in the IMO/WHO/ ILO Medical First Aid Guide for Use in Accidents Involving Dangerous Goods (MFAG) published by IMO. Be prepared to use the MFAG!

9.2 Cargo may re-ignite after a fire has been extinguished. An efficient patrol should be maintained in the spaces in which the fire occurred and in any adjoining spaces to ensure that any new ignition or leakages are dealt with promptly. Fire-extinguishing systems should remain on stand-by. Post a fire watch.

9.3 After extinguishing the fire, all emergency team personnel should ensure that all contamination of equipment and protective clothing is removed and washed immediately. Equipment should be restored and re-stowed for use.

9.4 There are reporting procedures under SOLAS and MARPOL which have to be followed (see Reporting Procedures).

10 Special notes on classes of dangerous goods

10.1 Explosives – class 1

10.1.1 In the event of a fire, everything should be done to prevent the spread of the fire to containers which contain class 1 goods. If it is not possible to prevent the spread of the fire, all personnel should immediately withdraw from the area.

10.1.2 Many explosives will burn to the point of an explosion. The master's main concern will be whether or not there is likely to be a mass explosion. Such an explosion could damage the ship. If goods of division 1.1 or division 1.5 are involved, this likelihood will exist. The time between fire reaching the explosives and the subsequent mass explosion will be of the order

of a few seconds to minutes. The master should ascertain how large a quantity of such explosives is involved. A few kilograms are unlikely to sink the ship, but above this a clear risk to the safety of the crew and the stability of the ship should be considered. Sudden or short-term events may endanger the safety of the ship.

10.1.3 Explosives of divisions 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, and 1.6 are unlikely to explode en masse. Irrespective of the division of the explosives, any firefighting should take place from behind substantial cover. If the risk to firefighters is too high, hoses could be lashed to the rail or other suitable fixtures and left unmanned.

10.1.4 Neither exclusion of air nor the use of smothering material is likely to be effective against a fire involving explosives. The use of the largest possible quantity of water in the shortest possible time is the only means of attempting to prevent a rise in temperature that could affect the chemical stability of the explosives.

10.1.5 Some dangerous goods of this class have been wetted or immersed in water. As they dry, they become unstable. The master should seek advice (see section 4 above).

10.2 Gases – class 2

10.2.1 Gases are substances usually transported in cylinders, flasks, portable tanks, aerosol dispensers and bottles under varying degrees of pressure. The gases may be flammable, toxic or corrosive and may be compressed, liquefied or refrigerated.

10.2.2 Gases will not start burning at the valve, unless there has been an ignition source nearby (e.g. fire or heat). The location of the burning gas needs to be identified because it may be the heart of the fire. The heating of the receptacle is the most serious danger because of the possibility of rupture, rocketing or explosion. In the event of a fire, receptacles containing gas should be liberally sprayed with water to keep them as cool as possible.

10.2.3 Non-burning leakages from receptacles of flammable gases may give rise to explosive mixtures in air. If a fire caused by the ignition of leaking gas is extinguished within a cargo space before the leak is stopped, accumulation of gas will occur. This will result in an explosive mixture or a toxic or suffocating atmosphere. The EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULES should be consulted.

10.2.4 Extremely low temperatures around leakages of some liquefied gases are an additional hazard (other than flammability and toxicity). Emergency teams should avoid contact with such leakages and the immediate vicinity.

10.3 Flammable liquids – class 3

10.3.1 It is dangerous to direct a jet of water onto a fire involving flammable liquids. Many flammable liquids float on water and the water jet would spread the liquid, thus creating a greater danger. Closed containers exposed to fire will become pressurized and a rupture will occur.

10.3.2 Heated flammable liquid will release vapours that may start burning instantly with explosive effect. Consequently, firefighting personnel should stay in a well-protected position and use water spray on the area of the fire. This will cool down the temperature of the liquid and the air-vapour mixture.

10.4 Flammable solids – class 4.1

10.4.1 This class of substances includes flammable solids, water-wetted explosives (i.e. desensitized explosives) and self-reactive substances.

10.4.2 Flammable solids will easily ignite, and the appropriate EmS FIRE SCHEDULE should be consulted. In the event of a fire, water-wetted explosives (i.e. desensitized explosives) will effectively have the properties of a class 1 product. The special notes on class 1 explosives (see 10.1) and the relevant EmS FIRE SCHEDULES should be consulted.

10.4.3 Self-reactive substances are sometimes transported under temperature controlled conditions where the control temperature will depend upon the specific properties of the substance being transported. If the control temperature is exceeded, the refrigeration unit has to be inspected. If the temperature control cannot be restored, the manufacturer should be consulted as soon as possible. The manufacturer should be similarly consulted if smoke is observed. The cargo should then be kept under surveillance.

10.5 Spontaneously combustible substances – class 4.2

10.5.1 This class of substances includes pyrophoric substances, which will instantly burn on contact with air, and self-heating substances, which lead to spontaneous combustion.

10.5.2 Although the use of dry inert powdered material to smother the fire would be the preferred option, in most circumstances such a procedure may not be possible. Two methods of dealing with such fires are possible:

- .1 controlled burning: stay in a well-protected position. Let the goods burn. Many goods of this class react dangerously with water: refer to the relevant EmS FIRE SCHEDULE. In such cases, contact with water may intensify burning. Therefore, it is not recommended to apply water directly on the burning goods. When portable water monitors providing water shield function are available: generate a water screen to prevent spread of fire. The fire involving the goods should be left to burn out completely. If the fire has already spread to the adjacent cargo which is not reacting with water (see relevant EmS FIRE SCHEDULE): fight this fire from a safe distance;
- .2 fight the fire from a safe distance: if the location of the fire makes it possible, copious quantities of water should be used immediately. Although the goods on fire will react with water and create heat, a large quantity of water will cool down the reaction and prevent further heat radiation. However, water should not be used when the location of the fire makes it impossible to apply copious amounts of water directly onto the goods. Refer to the relevant EmS FIRE SCHEDULE.

10.6 Substances dangerous when wet – class 4.3

10.6.1 This class of substances reacts violently with water, evolving flammable gases. The heat of the reaction is sometimes sufficient to initiate a fire.

10.6.2 Although the use of dry inert powdered material to smother the fire would be the preferred option, in most circumstances such a procedure may not be possible. Two methods of dealing with such fires are possible:

- .1 controlled burning: stay in a well-protected position. Let the goods burn. All goods of this class react dangerously with water: refer to the relevant EmS FIRE SCHEDULE. Contact with water will intensify burning. Therefore, it is not recommended to apply water directly on the burning goods. When portable water monitors providing water shield function are available: generate water screen to prevent spread of fire. The fire involving the goods should be left to burn out completely. If the fire has already spread to adjacent cargo which is not reacting with water (see relevant EmS FIRE SCHEDULE): fight this fire from a safe distance;
- .2 fight the fire from a safe distance: refer to the relevant EmS FIRE SCHEDULE, since it is possible that firefighting with water may intensify the fire and generate the evolution of flammable gases which could explode in mixtures with air.

10.7 Oxidizing substances – class 5.1

10.7.1 This class of substances is liable to evolve oxygen and therefore to accelerate a fire. These substances, while in themselves not necessarily combustible, may cause the combustion of other material (e.g. sawdust or paper) or contribute to the fire, leading to an explosion.

10.7.2 Fires in which these substances are present are difficult to extinguish, because the ship's firefighting installation may not be effective. Everything possible should be done to prevent the spread of fire to containers containing these dangerous goods. However, if fire reaches the cargo, personnel should be withdrawn immediately to a well-protected position.

10.8 Organic peroxides – class 5.2

10.8.1 This class of substances is liable to burn vigorously. Some substances have a low decomposition temperature and are transported under temperature controlled conditions, where the control temperature will depend upon the specific properties of the substance being transported.

10.8.2 If the temperature control cannot be restored, the manufacturer should be consulted as soon as possible even if evolution of smoke has ceased. The cargo should then be kept under surveillance. The surrounding area should be kept isolated because liquid may be ejected from relief arrangements.

10.9 Toxic substances – class 6.1

Substances of this class are poisonous by contact or inhalation, and the use of self-contained breathing apparatus and firefighters' outfits is therefore essential.

10.10 Infectious substances – class 6.2

These are substances which are known or reasonably expected to contain pathogens, (i.e. micro-organisms that are known or reasonably expected to cause infectious disease in humans or animals). Pathogens may survive the fire and self-contained breathing apparatus should therefore be used.

10.11 Radioactive material – class 7

10.11.1 Many radioactive materials are transported in packages designed to retain their containment and shielding in accidents. However, under extreme fire conditions, failure of containment or loss of shielding or criticality safety could result in significant hazard to personnel. Long-term exposure of any class 7 package to extreme heat should be avoided and in emergencies they should be kept as cool as possible using copious quantities of water. If a packaging of radioactive material has been exposed to any significant fire, expert advice should be sought. Suspected contamination of safety and firefighting equipment should be removed as quickly as possible.

10.11.2 Some packages may have a class 7 label and other hazard labels. Such additional hazards may be greater than the radiation hazard. In that case, actions as specified in the applicable EmS FIRE SCHEDULE should be followed.

10.11.3 Although radiation monitors are not required by regulation on board ships, applicable relevant provisions on segregation, separation or radiation protection programmes (e.g. paragraphs 1.5.2 and 7.1.4.5.18 of the IMDG Code) or the INF Code may require monitors on board. For ships carrying radiation monitoring equipment, monitoring of radiation levels is recommended.

10.12 Corrosive substances – class 8

10.12.1 These substances are extremely dangerous to humans, and many may cause destruction of safety equipment. Burning cargo of this class will produce highly corrosive vapours. Consequently, wearing self-contained breathing apparatus is essential.

10.13 Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles – class 9

10.13.1 This class includes those substances, materials and articles which are deemed to possess some danger, but which are not classified within the criteria of classes 1 to 8. No general guidelines are applicable to these goods. They have been allocated to the relevant EmS FIRE SCHEDULE according to their hazards in the event of a fire.

10.14 Marine pollutants

10.14.1 A number of substances within all of the above classes have also been designated as marine pollutants. Packages containing these substances will bear a Marine Pollutant mark.

10.14.2 In the case of leakage resulting from burning cargo, it is important to be aware that any spillage of a marine pollutant which is washed overboard will pollute the sea. It is, however, more important to fight a fire on board a ship rather than to prevent pollution of the sea.

General guidelines for FIRE

- Think safety first!
- Avoid any contact with dangerous substances.
- Keep away from fire, smoke, fumes and vapours.
- Sound the fire alarm and start firefighting procedures.
- Keep the bridge and living quarters upwind if possible.
- Locate stowage position of cargo that is burning or evolving smoke.
- Identify cargo.
- Obtain UN numbers and the EmS FIRE SCHEDULE of the dangerous goods involved.
- Consider which measures of the EmS FIRE SCHEDULE are applicable and should be followed.
- Check if other dangerous goods may potentially be involved in the fire and identify the relevant EmS FIRE SCHEDULE.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Be prepared to use the Medical First Aid Guide (MFAG).
- Contact the designated person of the company responsible for the operation of the ship or a rescue coordination centre to obtain expert advice on dangerous goods emergency response measures.

Precaution: Contamination of the skin with dangerous goods should be removed and washed immediately.

Emergency Schedules for FIRE

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FIRE SCHEDULE Alfa

F-A

GENERAL FIRE SCHEDULE

General comments		In a fire, exposed cargoes may explode or their containment may rupture. Fight fire from a protected position from as far away as possible.
Cargo on fire on deck	Packages	Create water spray from as many hoses as possible.
	Cargo Transport Units	
Cargo on fire under deck		Stop ventilation and close hatches. Use cargo space fixed fire-extinguishing system. If this is not available, create water spray using copious quantities of water.
Cargo exposed to fire		If practicable, remove or jettison packages which are likely to be involved in fire. Otherwise, keep cool using water.
Special cases: UN 1381, UN 2447		After extinguishing the fire, treat immediately as for spillage (see relevant EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE).

FIRE SCHEDULE Bravo

F-B

EXPLOSIVE SUBSTANCES AND ARTICLES

General comments		<p>In a fire, exposed cargoes may explode or their containment may rupture.</p> <p>Fight fire from a protected position from as far away as possible.</p> <p>All crew members should be made aware of the explosion hazard and instructed to take appropriate action.</p> <p>SUDDEN OR SHORT-TERM EVENTS (E.G. EXPLOSIONS) MAY ENDANGER THE SAFETY OF THE SHIP.</p>
Cargo on fire on deck	Packages	Use copious quantities of water from as many hoses as possible.
	Cargo Transport Units	Cargo will explode or burn fiercely. Extinguishing may not be possible.
Cargo on fire under deck		<p>Cargo will explode or burn fiercely. Extinguishing will not be possible.</p> <p>Stop ventilation and close hatches.</p> <p>Use cargo space fixed fire-extinguishing system. If this is not available, create water spray using copious quantities of water.</p>
Cargo exposed to fire		<p>Do not move packages that have been exposed to heat.</p> <p>If practicable, remove or jettison packages which are likely to be involved in the fire.</p> <p>If the packages are not directly involved in the fire, efforts should be concentrated on preventing the fire from reaching the cargo. This is done by keeping the packages wet by using water jets from as far away as practicable to drive the fire away. If the fire reaches the cargo, the firefighters should withdraw to a safe area and continue to fight the fire.</p> <p>Where practicable, articles having been exposed to the fire should be kept separated from unexposed articles. They should be kept wet and monitored from a safe distance.</p>
Special cases:		<p>Ammunition producing tear or toxic gas. The crew should be aware of the hazard. After explosion, only self-contained breathing apparatus will protect efficiently. Consult SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-Z.</p>
UN 0018, UN 0019, UN 0020, UN 0021, UN 0301		
UN 0248, UN 0249		These water-activated devices will become more liable to explosion on contact with water.
UN 3268		SAFETY DEVICES, electrically initiated, could be subject to self-sustaining decomposition if heated. The temperature could reach 500°C, producing gas. This process may lead to an explosion of the cargo even after the exposure to heat has ended.

FIRE SCHEDULE Charlie

F-C

NON-FLAMMABLE GASES

General comments		<p>Gases in closed tanks exposed to heat may explode suddenly in or after a fire situation by a <i>boiling liquid – expanding vapour explosion</i> (BLEVE). Heated or ruptured cylinders may rocket.</p> <p>Gases listed under this schedule are non-flammable. However, some gases will support combustion though not flammable itself.</p> <p>Fire may produce leakages. Most gases allocated to this schedule are hazardous to health. Some are corrosive. Create water spray.</p> <p>Identify the source of the fire and take appropriate action.</p>
Cargo on fire on deck	Packages	Use copious quantities of water from as many hoses as possible.
	Cargo Transport Units	
Cargo on fire under deck		Use fixed fire-extinguishing system.
Cargo exposed to fire		<p>If practicable, remove or jettison packages which are likely to be involved in the fire. Otherwise, cool for several hours using water.</p> <p>Heated or ruptured cylinders may rocket.</p>
Special cases: UN 1003, UN 1070, UN 1072, UN 1073, UN 2201, UN 3156, UN 3157, UN 3513, UN 3515, UN 3518		Although these cargoes are non-flammable, they will intensify the fire.

FIRE SCHEDULE Delta

F-D

FLAMMABLE GASES

General comments		<p>Gases in closed tanks exposed to heat may explode suddenly in or after a fire situation by a <i>boiling liquid – expanding vapour explosion</i> (BLEVE).</p> <p>Crew members should be aware of the explosion hazard and take appropriate action. Keep tanks cool with copious quantities of water.</p> <p>Fight fire from a protected position from as far away as possible.</p> <p>Extinguishing a burning gas leak may lead to the formation of an explosive atmosphere. Flames may be invisible.</p>
Cargo on fire on deck	Packages	<p>Create water spray from as many hoses as possible.</p> <p>Do not try to extinguish a gas flame.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units	<p>Cool burning transport units and nearby cargo exposed to the fire with copious quantities of water.</p> <p>Do not try to extinguish a gas flame.</p>
Cargo on fire under deck		<p>Stop ventilation and close hatches.</p> <p>Use cargo space fixed fire-extinguishing system. If this is not available, create water spray using copious quantities of water.</p>
Cargo exposed to fire		<p>If practicable, remove or jettison packages which are likely to be involved in the fire. Otherwise, keep cool for several hours using water.</p>
<p>Special cases:</p> <p>UN 1038, UN 1075, UN 1965, UN 1966, UN 1972, UN 3138, UN 3160, UN 3309, UN 3312</p> <p>UN 1001, UN 3374</p> <p>UN 3501, UN 3504, UN 3505</p>		<p>SUDDEN OR SHORT-TERM EVENTS (E.G. EXPLOSIONS) MAY ENDANGER THE SAFETY OF THE SHIP.</p> <p><i>Acetylene</i> is a gas which is particularly dangerous due to its potential to explode. Rough handling or local heating may lead to delayed explosion. Keep cool for several hours using water. Do not move receptacles. All cylinders that have been subjected to rough handling or to local heating should be jettisoned.</p> <p>A flammable liquid, paste or powder may be expelled if the package is ruptured. Also consult FIRE SCHEDULE F-E.</p>

FIRE SCHEDULE Echo

F-E

NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

General comments		Cargoes in tanks exposed to heat may explode suddenly in or after a fire situation by a <i>boiling liquid – expanding vapour explosion</i> (BLEVE). Keep tanks cool with copious quantities of water. Fight fire from a protected position from as far away as possible. Stop leakage or close open valve if practicable. Flames may be invisible.
Cargo on fire on deck	Packages	Create water spray from as many hoses as possible.
	Cargo Transport Units	Cool burning transport units and nearby cargo exposed to the fire with copious quantities of water.
Cargo on fire under deck		Stop ventilation and close hatches. Use cargo space fixed fire-extinguishing system. If this is not available, create water spray using copious quantities of water.
Cargo exposed to fire		If practicable, remove or jettison packages which are likely to be involved in the fire. Otherwise, keep cool for several hours using water.
Special cases: UN 1162, UN 1250, UN 1298, UN 1717, UN 2985		Cargoes will create hydrochloric acid in contact with water: stay away from effluent.

FIRE SCHEDULE Foxtrot

Part 1 of 2

F–F

TEMPERATURE-CONTROLLED SELF-REACTIVES AND ORGANIC PEROXIDES

General comments		<p>Exposed cargoes may decompose violently.</p> <p>Crew members should be aware of the explosion hazard and take appropriate action.</p> <p>Fight fire from a protected position from as far away as possible.</p> <p>Switch off electrical power supplies only during firefighting.</p> <p>Check temperature readings if possible. Measures have to be taken to alert the crew when the temperature of the cargo increases.</p> <p>In case of a temperature increase or smoke evolution, follow the relevant instructions.</p> <p>Contact the manufacturer (consignor) of the cargo as soon as possible.</p>
Cargo on fire on deck	Packages	Not applicable.
	Cargo Transport Units	<p>Cool burning transport units and nearby cargo exposed to the fire with copious quantities of water.</p> <p>After the fire has been extinguished, do not open the unit until well after smoke evolution has ceased. If possible, restore cooling. Keep under surveillance.</p>
Cargo on fire under deck		Not applicable. According to the IMDG Code, under deck stowage is not allowed. Radio for expert ADVICE.
Cargo exposed to fire	Cargo Transport Units with IBCs, Packages	<p>Cool units exposed to fire with water.</p> <p>After the fire has been extinguished, check and restore cooling. Keep under surveillance. Check temperature frequently.</p> <p>In case of temperature increase or smoke evolution, follow the relevant instructions.</p>
	Tanks	<p>Keep personnel away from tanks as liquid may be ejected from relief arrangements.</p> <p>Cool units exposed to fire with copious quantities of water.</p> <p>After the fire has been extinguished, check and restore cooling. Keep under surveillance.</p> <p>After the fire has been extinguished, water spray should be continued to cool down the outer parts of the tanks. Check refrigeration unit, keep tanks under surveillance. Check temperature frequently.</p>
Temperature increase	Cargo Transport Units with IBCs, Packages	<p>If the <i>control temperature</i> is exceeded, the refrigeration unit has to be inspected (consult manual) and repaired. If not possible and/or temperature control cannot be restored, contact the manufacturer of the cargo.</p> <p>If the <i>emergency temperature</i> is reached but the refrigeration unit is operating correctly, contact the manufacturer of the cargo and consider disposal of packagings. Keep firefighting team on stand-by.</p> <p>If the <i>emergency temperature</i> is reached due to cooling unit failure, contact the manufacturer of the cargo. When emergency temperature is reached, 12 hours are left for repairing the cooling unit and/or disposal of packaging. After that time, keep a safe distance and prepare for firefighting.</p>
	Tanks	<p>If the <i>control temperature</i> is exceeded, the refrigeration unit has to be inspected (consult manual) and repaired. If not possible and/or temperature control cannot be restored, contact manufacturer of the cargo.</p> <p>If the <i>emergency temperature</i> is reached but the refrigeration unit is operating correctly, contact the manufacturer of the cargo. Keep at a safe distance and consider emptying of tank overboard via bottom outlet using a flexible hose.</p> <p>If the <i>emergency temperature</i> is reached due to failure of the cooling unit, repairs may be undertaken as long as the temperature has not exceeded the emergency temperature by more than 5°C. After that, consider emptying the tank using a flexible hose attached to the bottom opening of the tank if provided.</p>
Special cases: None.		

F-F

TEMPERATURE-CONTROLLED SELF-REACTIVES AND ORGANIC PEROXIDES

Smoke evolution	Cargo Transport Units with IBCs, Packages	Keep firefighting team on stand-by. The freight container should not be approached. When smoke evolution increases, keep safe distance and prepare for firefighting. After smoke has ceased, check refrigeration system. Follow guidelines for temperature increase. Keep under surveillance, as new smoke evolution might take place.
	Tanks	Keep personnel away from the tank, as liquid may be ejected from relief arrangements. Cool unit exposed to fire with water. Use water spray from a protected position. In case smoke or pressure-relief venting is moderate and temperature is below the emergency temperature, consider emptying the tank overboard via bottom outlet, using a flexible hose. Even when smoke evolution or pressure-relief venting has ceased, water spray should be continued for some hours and the tank should be kept under surveillance, as new smoke evolution might take place.
Special cases: None.		

FIRE SCHEDULE Golf

F–G

WATER-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES

General comments		<p>In a fire, exposed cargoes may explode or their containment may rupture.</p> <p>Liquid material leaking from ruptured receptacles may be ignited and spread the fire. Cargoes in tanks exposed to heat may explode suddenly in or after a fire situation by a <i>boiling liquid – expanding vapour explosion</i> (BLEVE).</p> <p>Fight fire from a protected position from as far away as possible.</p> <p>Use of copious quantities of water at once is recommended to cool down the heat radiation and to cool down heated cargo nearby.</p> <p>Water in direct contact with the material will start or intensify burning of that material. Only in locations where direct access to the cargo is possible and where the cargo on fire can be submerged with water, large quantities of water may significantly reduce the thermal reactivity and stop the fire.</p> <p>THE DANGER OF UNCONTROLLED SPREAD OF FIRE SHOULD BE CONSIDERED.</p>
Cargo on fire on deck	Packages	<p>DO NOT use water or foam; smother with dry inert powdered material when available or let fire burn.</p> <p>Cool nearby cargo with copious quantities of water.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units	<p>Let the fire burn. Cool nearby cargo with copious quantities of water. Use the water shield function of portable water monitors when available, to prevent the spread of fire.</p> <p>Try to avoid getting water into the cargo transport unit on fire.</p>
Cargo on fire under deck		<p>Stop ventilation and close hatches.</p> <p>The fixed gas fire-extinguishing system should be used. If this is not available: DO NOT use water onto the material in enclosed spaces under deck. Cool nearby cargo with copious quantities of water.</p>
Cargo exposed to fire		<p>If practicable, remove or jettison packages which are likely to be involved in the fire. Otherwise cool the cargo with copious quantities of water. Use the water shield function of portable water monitors when available, to prevent the spread of fire.</p>
Special cases: Class 4.3, packing group I		<p>In contact with water, large volumes of flammable gases are produced, which when not instantly ignited may form a highly dangerous explosive atmosphere.</p>

FIRE SCHEDULE Hotel

F–H

OXIDIZING SUBSTANCES WITH EXPLOSIVE POTENTIAL

General comments		<p>In a fire, exposed cargoes may explode or their containment may rupture. Crew members should be aware of the explosion hazard and take appropriate action. Fight fire from a protected position from as far away as possible. SUDDEN OR SHORT-TERM EVENTS (E.G. EXPLOSIONS) MAY ENDANGER THE SAFETY OF THE SHIP.</p>
Cargo on fire on deck	Packages	Create water spray from as many hoses as possible.
	Cargo Transport Units	
Cargo on fire under deck		<p>OPEN HATCHES to provide maximum ventilation. Fixed gas fire-extinguishing systems may not be effective on these fires. Create water spray from as many hoses as possible.</p>
Cargo exposed to fire		<p>Do not move packages that have been exposed to heat. If practicable, remove or jettison packages which are likely to be involved in the fire. If the packages are not directly involved in the fire, efforts should be concentrated on preventing the fire from reaching the cargo. This is done by keeping the packages wet by using water jets from as far away as practicable to drive the fire away. If the fire reaches the cargo, the firefighters should withdraw to a safe area and continue to fight the fire from a safe position. Where practicable, articles having been exposed to the fire should be kept separated from unexposed articles. They should be kept wet and monitored from a safe distance.</p>
Special cases: None.		

FIRE SCHEDULE India

F-I

RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL

General comments		<p>Evacuate compartment or downwind area of non-essential personnel.</p> <p>Do not touch damaged packages.</p> <p>In cases of suspected radioactive contamination, limit entry of firefighters for the shortest time possible.</p> <p>For ships carrying radiation monitoring equipment, measure radiation levels.</p> <p>Radio for expert ADVICE.</p> <p>After the fire has been extinguished, clean ship's surfaces with copious quantities of water.</p> <p>Decontaminate firefighters before protective clothing is removed. Isolate potentially contaminated clothing and equipment.</p> <p>If exposure of personnel is suspected, clean body and hair with warm water and soap; discharge resultant washings directly overboard.</p> <p>Record the names of potentially exposed persons. Ensure medical examination of these persons after reaching any medical staff.</p> <p>For ships carrying radiation monitoring equipment, continue monitoring of radiation levels after fire is extinguished.</p>
Cargo on fire on deck	Packages	Create water spray from as many hoses as possible.
	Cargo Transport Units	<p>Create water spray from as many hoses as possible.</p> <p>Cool burning transport units and nearby cargo exposed to the fire with copious quantities of water.</p>
Cargo on fire under deck		<p>Stop ventilation and close hatches.</p> <p>Use cargo space fixed fire-extinguishing system. If this is not available, create water spray using copious quantities of water.</p>
Cargo exposed to fire		If practicable, remove or jettison packages which are likely to be involved in the fire. Otherwise, cool for several hours using copious quantities of water.
<p>Special cases:</p> <p>UN 2977, UN 2978, UN 3507</p> <p>UN 3332, UN 3333</p> <p>Subsidiary label class 4.2 or class 4.3</p>		<p>Chemical hazard greatly exceeds radiation hazard. Material reacts with moisture to form toxic and corrosive gas. The run-off may be corrosive. Keep clear.</p> <p>Exposed cargoes may explode in a fire. Create water spray.</p> <p>Leak may be evident by visible and irritating vapours. Released vapours may also react violently with hydrocarbons (fuel).</p> <p>If the source capsule is identified as being out of its packaging, do not touch. Stay away, minimize exposure to radiation by limiting time near material and by maximizing distance. Radio for expert ADVICE.</p> <p>All radioactive material with subsidiary hazard label 4.2 or 4.3 affixed (e.g. pyrophoric uranium or thorium metal):</p> <p>Radio for expert ADVICE.</p> <p><i>On deck:</i> Do not use water onto the material. Cool nearby cargo with copious quantities of water, although the fire could intensify for a short period. Do not spray small quantities of water onto the fire, use copious quantities of water.</p> <p><i>Under deck:</i> Stop ventilation and close hatches.</p> <p>The fixed gas fire-extinguishing system should be used.</p> <p>If this is not available, do not use water onto the material in enclosed spaces under deck. With open hatches, cool nearby cargo with copious quantities, although the fire could intensify for a short period. Do not spray small quantities of water onto the fire, use copious quantities of water only.</p>

FIRE SCHEDULE Juliet

F–J

NON-TEMPERATURE-CONTROLLED SELF-REACTIVES AND ORGANIC PEROXIDES

General comments		Exposed cargoes may decompose violently. Crew members should be aware of the explosion hazard and take appropriate action. Fight fire from a protected position from as far away as possible. Exposed cargoes may decompose violently in a fire.
Cargo on fire on deck	Packages	Not applicable.
	Cargo Transport Units	Cool burning transport units and nearby cargo exposed to the fire with copious quantities of water. After the fire has been extinguished, carry on water spraying of the container for several hours. Do not open container until well after smoke evolution has ceased. After this, cool down packages or IBCs if practicable for at least one hour with water. Otherwise, check contents on regular intervals. In case smoke is evolved again, apply further water cooling. Dispose of residues overboard. Clean the area thoroughly. After the fire has been extinguished, keep cargo transport unit under surveillance.
Cargo on fire under deck		Not applicable – According to the IMDG Code, under deck stowage is not allowed. Radio for expert ADVICE.
Cargo exposed to fire	Cargo Transport Units with IBCs, Packages	Cool unit exposed to the fire with water. After the fire has been extinguished, keep transport unit under surveillance. In case of smoke evolution, follow the relevant instructions.
	Tanks	Keep personnel away from tank, as fluid ejection from relief arrangements might take place. Cool unit exposed to the fire with water. Contact the manufacturer (consignor) of the cargo. Cooling the tank should be continued until the temperature is below 50°C. Check temperature frequently. If temperature increases again, cool unit with water. Consider emptying the tank overboard via bottom outlet, using a flexible hose.
Smoke evolution	Cargo Transport Units with IBCs, Packages	Cool unit with water. Use water spray from a protected position. Do not open the unit until well after smoke evolution has ceased. After this, cool down packages or IBCs if practicable for at least one hour with water. Otherwise, check contents on regular intervals. In case smoke is evolved again, apply further water cooling. Dispose of residues overboard. Clean the area thoroughly.
	Tanks	Keep personnel away from the tank, as fluid ejection from relief arrangements might take place. Cool unit exposed to fire with water. Use water spray from a protected position. Even when smoke evolution or pressure-relief venting has ceased, cooling the tank should be continued until the temperature is below 50°C. Check temperature frequently. If temperature increases again, cool unit with water. Consider emptying tank overboard via bottom outlet, using a flexible hose.
Special cases: None.		

Spillage

Introduction to the Emergency Schedules for SPILLAGE

1 Be prepared

1.1 Incidents involving dangerous goods may result in spillages from such goods, and the magnitude of the effects of an incident depends upon the type and amount of product released, together with the type of any other product involved and whether the spillage is on deck or in enclosed spaces.

1.2 Spillages could create additional hazards to those indicated by classification and labelling of the dangerous goods (e.g. the spillage of a flammable liquid may create an explosive atmosphere). Of particular concern are leakages of reactive chemicals, which in contact with other materials or further spillages will produce additional or other chemicals (e.g. toxic gases).

1.3 When dealing with a spillage on board a ship, the value of crew training and of familiarity with the general contingency plan will become evident. Drills and exercises specific to the cargoes on board at the time should be a part of shipboard routine.

1.4 This Guide should be integrated into the ship's Safety Management System. Procedures contained within the shipboard emergency plan have to be tailored to the individual ship. Spillage response procedures within the EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULES are differentiated for "on deck" and "under deck" stowage. For specific ship types (e.g. hatchless container ships) or cargo spaces (e.g. open vehicle decks of ferries) these two procedural categories have to be assigned specifically to the individual ship (e.g. run-off considerations concerning bilges and drains).

2 Personal protection

2.1 The safety of the emergency personnel is of paramount importance.

2.2 The likelihood of the development of an explosive, flammable or toxic atmosphere should be considered.

2.3 Full protective clothing resistant to the effects of the specific dangerous substance involved should be worn. The protective clothing should cover all skin so that no part of the body is unprotected. Wearing self-contained breathing apparatus is essential to protect against inhalation of toxic or corrosive dusts, vapours or gases.

2.4 Emergency teams should avoid direct contact with any dangerous goods regardless of the protective clothing being used. If direct contact takes place when dealing with a spillage, the contact time should be kept to a minimum.

2.5 It is a requirement of SOLAS that four sets of full protective clothing resistant to chemical attack should be provided in addition to firefighters' outfits.

2.6 Firefighters' outfits are not designed to protect against chemical hazards and chemical-resistant clothing is not designed to protect against fire. Masters are reminded that personnel should have regular training in the use of self-contained breathing apparatus, and that special attention should be paid to ensuring that face masks fit satisfactorily at all times.

2.7 Responders should also ensure that any chemical protective clothing is used with other suitable protection against the specific hazards involved.

3 General response

3.1 The safety of the emergency personnel is most important.

3.2 Working spaces and living quarters should be protected by water spray wherever possible. Ventilation systems for living quarters and working spaces should be shut off, closed and secured to reduce the possibility of smoke, dust, fumes and gases from entering these areas. Particular care should be given to ventilation inlets (e.g. machinery and accommodation spaces). It may be necessary to turn the ship to ensure that the accommodation spaces are upwind.

3.3 Before entering cargo holds or compartments, the emergency personnel should determine the oxygen content of the space's atmosphere and should test for the presence of dangerous vapours. If a confined space entry is attempted, the use of self-contained breathing apparatus is essential. Only trained personnel should use this equipment, which should be well maintained.

3.4 It is essential to ensure that there is always an escape route for emergency personnel despite the limited means of escape due to narrow exit paths and the danger of falling overboard.

3.5 Decontamination and medical first aid also need to be considered. Arrange for a decontamination station to be set up at a suitable safe location.

3.6 The general response to spillage involving dangerous goods can be subdivided into the following tactical objectives:

- .1 Identification;
- .2 Rescue;
- .3 Isolation; and
- .4 Response.

Experience from previous incidents has shown that these objectives can normally be achieved in this order.

4 Identification of the dangerous goods involved

4.1 It is essential to identify the dangerous good(s) involved in the spillage in order that the specific EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE(S) for the cargo(es) may be consulted and appropriate action taken. This is important because some dangerous goods are incompatible with some media available for dealing with a spillage.

4.2 An identification number with four digits preceded by the letters "UN" is assigned to each dangerous good. From the UN number, it is possible to find the appropriate EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE. The Dangerous Goods List in part 3 of chapter 3.2 of the IMDG Code contains the names and the UN numbers, as well as the EmS SCHEDULE numbers. The Dangerous Goods Manifest and the Stowage Plan required by SOLAS regulation VII/4.2 will also contain the proper shipping name and UN number of the dangerous good(s) concerned. Packages will usually be labelled as well.

4.3 Specific information as to properties of dangerous goods may also be found in the Dangerous Goods List in the IMDG Code. Dangerous goods are classified and labelled according to their hazards. Labels and marks on packages provide a warning of the general risks to be encountered. Personnel should understand the labelling system. It will also be beneficial to consult other sources of information. A safety data sheet provided by the manufacturer may be one such source of additional information. Seek expert advice from manufacturers, specialized agencies or professional responders.

4.4 Emergency preparedness should form part of the ship's Safety Management System as required by the ISM Code. Prepared information can reduce errors during a spillage emergency. Therefore, it is recommended that the EmS SCHEDULE(S) be identified and included within the Dangerous Goods Manifest and Stowage Plan, so directly connected to the stowage position of the cargo. This will enable key members of the crew to know in advance which emergency procedures would be necessary. In the event of a spillage, the allocation of a specific EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE via identification of the cargo via the UN number takes time and is open to error, especially in mixed cargoes in one container. Furthermore, some spillage response procedures may require specific use of material which could be hampered by an inaccessible stowage location. After locating the spillage area, the advice given in the EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE should be directly available from the Dangerous Goods Manifest and Stowage Plan.

5 Rescue

5.1 The safety of personnel should be the highest priority. One of the first concerns after evaluating the situation of the incident is finding and rescuing victims. This includes searching for and evacuating persons who may be exposed or who are disoriented or disabled by the release. It might be necessary to rescue persons from elevated places or confined spaces or those who are pinned under wreckage.

5.2 Appropriate equipment will need to be available, and prior training is essential for such circumstances.

6 Isolation

6.1 The objective of isolation is to limit the number of personnel exposed to the spilled material. This may be achieved by simply roping or taping off dangerous areas. Consider sealing off ventilation, air conditioning and other openings to living and working spaces.

6.2 At sea, the master has the capability and discretion to alter course and speed to ensure that dangerous gases or vapours are kept away from personnel, living quarters or ventilation inlets.

6.3 Consider the evacuation of passengers and members of the crew.

7 Response

7.1 At sea, human and other resources are limited. So in most cases involving spillage of dangerous goods, the most effective response will probably be to wash the substance overboard or jettison it. Attempts to repack dangerous goods may expose personnel to unreasonable risks.

7.2 The response to the spillage should be in accordance with the appropriate EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE(S) for the dangerous good(s) involved in the incident. The emergency team should take all reasonable precautions when dealing with the spillage and remember that the safety of personnel is most important.

8 Seek advice

8.1 Always seek expert ADVICE when dealing with dangerous goods spills. Such ADVICE could be given by:

- .1 ship operating companies (e.g. designated persons);
- .2 emergency information centres (such as CHEMTREC in the USA);
- .3 specialized agencies;
- .4 professional responders;
- .5 port State authorities;
- .6 coastguard;
- .7 fire brigades; and
- .8 manufacturers of the products.

9 Materials to be used

9.1 Water is the obvious medium to be used when dealing with a spillage on board a ship. It is recommended in the majority of cases to be used in copious quantities to wash the spillage overboard. However, certain dangerous goods react violently with water, producing flammable and toxic vapours. Others, for example marine pollutants, will produce pollution if washed overboard.

9.2 The term "copious quantities of water" used within the EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE(S) refers to the minimum total quantities of water provided for optimal firefighting with four jets as defined by SOLAS regulation II-2/10, Construction requirements. Master and crew should consider practical limitations at specific stowage locations in this respect.

9.3 Inert material should be used for spillages where it would be dangerous to use water. The inert material should be dry.

9.4 Sawdust should not be used as it is liable to be ignited by ignition sources or in contact with a number of substances. Cement may be used as an inert material for barricading.

9.5 An electric discharge may ignite some materials (e.g. explosives). Therefore, the use of non-certified safe type equipment within spillage areas may be dangerous. For some materials, "non-sparking footwear" is recommended (e.g. rubber boots without metal parts).

10 Action after spillage has been dealt with

10.1 Decontamination of personnel, clothing and ship's structures

10.1.1 After the spillage has been dealt with, the emergency team personnel should ensure that all contamination of equipment and protective clothing is removed and washed immediately. All equipment should be restored and re-stowed for further use.

10.1.2 Areas not affected initially may have been contaminated during response procedures. Crew members coming in contact with improperly decontaminated areas may become contaminated. Clean the site thoroughly before any unprotected personnel are allowed to enter.

10.1.3 Contaminated material should be properly disposed of or be cleaned.

11 First aid

11.1 Information on medical first aid is provided in the IMO/WHO/ILO Medical First Aid Guide for Use in Accidents Involving Dangerous Goods (MFAG). Be prepared to use the MFAG!

11.2 Any contamination of the skin with a dangerous substance should be immediately removed and then washed, for example with water. Radio for expert advice if personnel have been exposed to dangerous goods.

12 Special notes on specific dangerous goods classes

12.1 Based on the specific properties of the individual dangerous goods listed under one UN number, experts have allocated the substances, articles and materials to EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULES. The allocation has not been based on the classification and labelling of the substances only. However, to help the mariner who is used to the handling and labelling of packaged dangerous goods to understand the advice given in the EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULES, this introduction based on classification properties of substances is given.

12.2 Explosives – class 1

12.2.1 Properly packaged explosives are unlikely to detonate unless exposed to a fire or source of ignition. Within the divisions of this class, there are differences in explosive power. From a mariner's standpoint, the volumes of explosives concerned are of primary importance for the safety of the ship. However, even small volumes of spilled material may ignite and injure individual crew members. In general, spilled explosive substances are less hazardous when kept wet (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-X).

12.2.2 Some explosive mixtures are stabilized in such a way that water will separate explosives from the stabilizer, thus creating a higher risk. The explosive component becomes very sensitive to shock and heat. The explosive should be kept mixed under water and washed overboard. Wetted articles should be jettisoned (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-Y).

12.2.3 Some ammunition types contain a toxic material or a tear-gas substance. In addition to the explosive hazard, the toxicity hazard has to be realized. Use of self-contained breathing apparatus is essential (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-Z).

12.3 Gases – class 2

12.3.1 A release of a flammable gas (class 2.1) is the preliminary step leading to a potential vapour cloud explosion (VCE). For a blast to take place, the substance has to mix with air in a quantity that will allow the mixture to form a cloud. As soon as a friction (electrostatic potential) lies within the explosive range and encounters an ignition source, a flash fire, a deflagration or, sometimes, even a detonation may occur, with devastating consequences. In dealing with gas leakages, let the gas evaporate and drift away. Keep away all sources of ignition. Water spray could reduce the ignition potential of the cloud (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-U).

12.3.2 Non-toxic, non-flammable gases (class 2.2) may displace oxygen, creating a suffocation hazard. Ventilation of all areas concerned is important (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-V).

12.3.3 Toxic gases (class 2.3) when released may fill an area of the ship or a compartment with a toxic atmosphere. Therefore, it is important to shut off, close and secure all ventilation supplying the accommodation, machinery spaces and bridge to protect against such gases. Self-contained breathing apparatus is essential for the emergency team (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-U).

12.3.4 Liquefied gases can cause the additional hazard of very low temperatures around the point of leakage. Such a leakage will be particularly dangerous when the leakage is in the liquid phase from a container where very low temperatures will be experienced. The emergency team should avoid contact with liquefied gases if at all possible.

12.3.5 Oxidizing gases can react violently with a number of organic materials. These reactions can generate heat, produce flammable gases and are liable to ignite combustible materials.

12.4 Flammable liquids – class 3

12.4.1 The release of a vaporized flammable liquid is the preliminary step leading to a potential vapour cloud explosion (VCE). For a blast to take place, the vapour has to mix with air in a quantity that will allow the mixture to form a cloud. As soon as a friction (electrostatic potential) lies within the explosive range and encounters an ignition source, a flash fire, a deflagration or, sometimes, even a detonation may occur, with devastating consequences. Water spray will reduce the vaporization and the ignition potential of the cloud. Keep away all sources of ignition (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-D).

12.4.2 At high concentrations, many flammable liquids exhibit a narcotic effect (which is not labelled accordingly), a short-term potentially lethal effect (which is identified by a class 6.1 label) or a long-term toxic effect (not labelled). In all cases, the use of self-contained breathing apparatus is therefore recommended (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-D).

12.4.3 Some flammable liquids are corrosive to human skin, the ship's hull or normal personal protection equipment. Their vapours are toxic by inhalation. Therefore, washing of spillages and forcing vapours overboard with water spray is the method of choice. It is important to close all ventilation to protect the accommodation and machinery spaces and the bridge from the vapours. Crew members should stay away from any effluent (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-C).

12.4.4 Many flammable liquids are not soluble in water and will float on the water (e.g. mineral oil, gas oil, petroleum). In general, high concentrations of these substances are not lethal but exhibit a narcotic effect. The crew should be aware of that and stay away from highly

concentrated vapours. Mineral oil is considered to be a marine pollutant although not classified nor labelled as such. Depending on the quantities, oil spilt into the sea may cause problems and is usually given a high profile by the media. In case of spillage on board, the dominating hazard is flammability. Keep away all sources of ignition (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-E).

12.5 Flammable solids – class 4

12.5.1 This class contains many different substances and varying hazards within its three sub-classes. Many are not solids. Some of these materials require special agents to be used for cleaning/absorbing as they react unfavourably with water, sand or other inert material. The procedures and materials to be used in case of a spillage are identified in ten different schedules.

12.5.2 Spilled flammable solids may create an explosive atmosphere that could be ignited easily. Whereas some solids (e.g. articles) can be repacked (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-I), others will contaminate ships' surfaces, which have to be cleaned thoroughly by washing the substances overboard (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-G).

12.5.3 A few flammable substances are transported in a molten state. To clean contaminated areas, the use of inert materials is possible to enable the emergency team to shovel up the spillage and dispose of it overboard (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-H).

12.5.4 Flammable solids that exhibit explosive properties when spilt from a package should be kept wet and disposed of overboard. Drying material being ignited (e.g. by heat or friction) would lead to a detonation (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-J).

12.5.5 Temperature-controlled self-reactive substances are also classified as flammable solids under class 4.1. Spillage is often connected to a failure of temperature control, leading to chemical reaction and creating a fire hazard. If not disposed of overboard, the relevant FIRE SCHEDULE should be consulted (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-K).

12.5.6 Some spontaneously combustible substances could react with water (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-L). Smothering with dry inert material and the immediate disposal overboard could limit the ignition hazard. Others will ignite within minutes (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-M) and firefighting will be necessary (see FIRE SCHEDULE F-G).

12.5.7 Depending on the chemical properties, substances which are dangerous when wet (class 4.3) could be collected and disposed of overboard (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-P), or could be kept dry and disposed of overboard or could be washed overboard with copious quantities of water even though a reaction with water will occur (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULES S-N and S-O). The use of water spray is recommended in case of the development of flammable gases (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-O).

12.5.8 Many flammable solids, substances liable to spontaneous combustion and most substances that are dangerous when wet are hazardous to health by skin contact or by inhalation of dust. The use of self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate chemical protection (e.g. chemical suit) is therefore recommended in all cases.

12.6 Oxidizing substances and organic peroxides – class 5

12.6.1 Dangerous goods of class 5 contain oxygen, and some will ignite combustible material on contact. In general, contact with substances of class 5 will be harmful to the skin, eyes and mucous membranes. The use of self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate chemical protection (e.g. chemical suit) is therefore recommended.

12.6.2 Spilled oxidizing substances (class 5.1) could ignite combustible material or destroy materials (e.g. personal protection) by their chemical reactivity. Such spillages should be washed overboard. All crew members should stay away from effluent (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-Q).

12.6.3 Organic peroxides (class 5.2) are highly reactive and some may explode when ignited. Class 5.2 liquids are flammable liquids which should be kept away from all sources of ignition. These substances will instantly destroy eyes. Some substances are transported under temperature control which is necessary to prevent reaction (mostly noticed as smoke evolution) and development of heat which may lead to fire (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-R).

12.7 Toxic and infectious substances – class 6

12.7.1 The effects of toxic substances (class 6.1) may appear at once during exposure to them or may be delayed until after exposure. Inhalation is the major route for vapours, gases, mists and dusts. Skin and eye contact is of concern for the emergency team. The use of self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate chemical protection (e.g. chemical suit) is recommended in all cases. Vapours of toxic liquids may fill an area of the ship or a space with a toxic atmosphere. Therefore, in case of vapour development, it is important to shut off, close and seal off all ventilation leading to accommodation and machinery spaces and the bridge (See SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-A).

12.7.2 Some toxic substances are also flammable. In this case, the safety advice for both flammable and toxic liquids should be followed (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-D).

12.7.3 In case of spillage of toxic substances, be prepared to use the MFAG.

12.7.4 The substances of class 6.2 are infectious, biological products, diagnostic specimens, clinical waste, etc. In case of spillage of such substances, different types of a biohazard may develop. Some spilled goods of class 6.2 could create illness of crew members after skin contact or inhalation. Whereas washing overboard is advised for on-deck spillage, waiting for expert ADVICE is recommended for under-deck spillages. Any skin contact or inhalation of mists or dusts should be avoided. Expert ADVICE is particularly important in respect of exposure risk, decontamination methods and reporting procedures (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-T).

12.7.5 Most toxic substances and many infectious substances are also toxic to marine animals. Consult safety data sheets or experts for individual properties if needed.

12.8 Radioactive material – class 7

12.8.1 Many radioactive materials are transported in packages designed to retain their containment and shielding under accident conditions. Failure of the containment resulting in spillage that could be a significant hazard to personnel would only be expected under very severe conditions. Damp surfaces on undamaged or slightly damaged packages are seldom an indication of packaging failure. If a packaging of radioactive material appears to have leaked its accidental contents, expert ADVICE should be sought.

12.8.2 Some packages may have both a class 7 label and other hazard labels. Such additional hazards may be greater than the radiation hazard. In that case, actions as specified in the applicable SPILLAGE SCHEDULES should be followed.

12.8.3 Although radiation monitors are not required by regulation on board ships, applicable relevant provisions on segregation, separation or radiation protection programme (e.g. paragraphs 1.5.2 and 7.1.4.5.18 of the IMDG Code) or the INF Code may require monitors on board. For ships carrying radiation monitoring equipment, monitoring the extent of contamination is possible.

12.8.4 Spillage may constitute a release of any solid, liquid or gaseous radioactive material from its packaging. Personal protection material and equipment on board cannot generally provide protection against the health effects of penetrating ionizing radiation. Therefore, to protect personnel from the potential effects of radiation from spilled cargo (which may include the release from the packaging of special form radioactive material), two parameters are important when responding to spillages of these materials: TIME and DISTANCE. Entry of personnel into the area involving the spill of radioactive material should be limited to the shortest time possible, and the distance between the spillage and any personnel should be maximized. In addition, radiation contamination of personnel by inhalation, ingestion or skin contact should be of concern, and appropriate protective actions should be taken (protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended in all cases) (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-S).

12.9 Corrosive substances – class 8

12.9.1 Corrosive solids and liquids can permanently damage human tissue. Some substances may corrode steel and destroy other materials (e.g. personal protection equipment). Corrosive vapours are highly toxic, often lethal by destroying lung tissue. All corrosive chemicals will be dangerous to human health (toxic). Avoid direct contact with the skin, protect against inhalation of vapours or mists. The use of self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate chemical protection (e.g. chemical suit) is recommended in all cases. Washing spillages and forcing vapours overboard with water spray is the method in all cases. It is important to shut off, close and secure all ventilation leading into the accommodation of choice, machinery spaces and the bridge. All personnel should stay away from effluent (see SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-B).

12.9.2 Some corrosive substances are also flammable. In these cases, the safety advice for both flammable and corrosive substances should be followed. Use of copious quantities of water and water spray is recommended. In general, the flammability hazard is more important than the corrosive properties for the safety of the ship and the crew (see e.g. SPILLAGE SCHEDULES S-C and S-G).

12.10 Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles – class 9

12.10.1 This class contains miscellaneous dangerous substances that do not fit easily under the criteria for other hazard classes. Nonetheless, these substances represent hazards. There are no common properties that apply to all goods of this class. They have been allocated to the relevant EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE according to their hazards in the event of a spillage.

12.11 Marine pollutants

12.11.1 A number of substances within all classes have also been designated as marine pollutants because they are hazardous to marine life. Packages containing these substances will bear a Marine Pollutant mark.

12.11.2 In the case of spillage, it is important to be aware that any marine pollutant which is washed overboard will pollute the sea and must therefore be reported in accordance with the Reporting Procedures by the fastest telecommunication channel available with the highest possible priority to the nearest coastal State (see Reporting Procedures).

12.11.3 It is, however, more important to ensure the safety of the crew and the integrity of the laden ship, rather than to prevent pollution of the sea by marine pollutants.

General guidelines for SPILLAGE

- Think of safety first!
- Avoid any contact with dangerous substances. Do not walk through spilled liquids or dust (solids).
- Keep away from vapours or gases.
- Sound alarm.
- Keep the bridge and living quarters upwind if possible.
- Wear full protective clothing resistant to chemical attack and self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Locate stowage position of leaking cargo.
- Identify cargo.
- Obtain UN numbers and the EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE of dangerous goods involved.
- Consider which measures of the EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE are applicable and should be followed.
- Be prepared to use the Medical First Aid Guide (MFAG).
- Contact the designated person of the company responsible for the operation of the ship to obtain expert advice on dangerous goods emergency response measures.

Precaution: Contamination of the skin with any dangerous goods should be removed and washed immediately.

Emergency Schedules for SPILLAGE

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SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Alfa

S-A
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Avoid contact, even when wearing protective clothing. Stop leak if practicable. Contaminated clothing should be washed off with water and then removed.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Do not direct water jet straight onto the spillage. Keep clear of effluent. Clean the area thoroughly.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Keep bridge and living quarters upwind. Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Do not direct water jet straight onto the spillage. Keep clear of effluent. Clean the area thoroughly.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus. Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). If atmosphere cannot be checked, do not enter. Let vapours evaporate. Keep clear. <i>Liquids:</i> Provide good ventilation of the space. Restrict flow of liquid to an enclosed area (e.g. by barricading with inert material or cement if available). <i>Solids:</i> Collect spillage. Dispose of overboard. Otherwise, keep clear. Radio for expert ADVICE.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Keep clear. Radio for expert ADVICE. After hazard evaluation by experts, you may proceed. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus. Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). If atmosphere cannot be checked, do not enter. Let vapour evaporate, keep clear. Where the ventilation system is used, particular attention should be taken to prevent toxic vapours or fumes entering occupied areas of the ship, e.g. living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas. <i>Liquids:</i> Provide good ventilation of the space. Wash down to the bottom of the hold. Pump overboard. <i>Solids:</i> Collect spillage. Keep spilt solids dry and cover with plastic sheet. Dispose of overboard. Otherwise, close hatches. Wait until the ship arrives in port.</p>
Special cases: Marine Pollutant Mark		<p>Keep disposal overboard as low as possible. Dilute with copious quantities of water. Report incident according to MARPOL reporting requirements.</p>
UN 3546		<p>Substances might be spilled when the articles are damaged. Undamaged articles can be collected</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Bravo

S-B

CORROSIVE SUBSTANCES

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid contact, even when wearing protective clothing.</p> <p>Keep clear of effluent. Keep clear of evolving vapours.</p> <p>Even short-time inhalation of small quantities of vapour can cause breathing difficulties.</p> <p>Use of water on the substance may cause a violent reaction and produce toxic vapours.</p> <p>Substance may damage ship's construction materials.</p> <p>Contaminated clothing should be washed off with water and then removed.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Do not direct water jet straight onto the spillage. Keep clear of effluent. Clean the area thoroughly.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Keep bridge and living quarters upwind. Protect crew and living quarters against corrosive or toxic vapours by using water spray to drive vapours away.</p> <p>Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Do not direct water jet straight onto the spillage. Keep clear of effluent. Clean the area thoroughly.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Provide adequate ventilation. Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus. Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). If atmosphere cannot be checked, do not enter. Let vapour evaporate. Keep clear.</p> <p><i>Liquids:</i> Provide good ventilation of the space. Wash down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Pump overboard.</p> <p><i>Solids:</i> Collect spillage. Dispose of overboard. Wash residues down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Pump overboard.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Keep bridge and living quarters upwind. Protect crew and living quarters against corrosive or toxic vapours by using water spray to drive vapours away.</p> <p>Do not enter space. Keep clear. Radio for expert ADVICE. After hazard evaluation by experts, you may proceed.</p> <p>Provide adequate ventilation. Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus. Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). If atmosphere cannot be checked, do not enter. Let vapours evaporate, keep clear. Where a ventilation system is used, particular attention should be taken in order to prevent toxic vapours or fumes entering occupied areas of the ship, e.g. living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas.</p> <p><i>Liquids:</i> Provide good ventilation of the space. Wash down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Pump overboard.</p> <p><i>Solids:</i> Collect spillage. Dispose of overboard. Wash residues down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Pump overboard.</p>
Special cases: Marine Pollutant Mark UN 2802, UN 2809, UN 3506 UN 3547		<p>Report incident according to MARPOL reporting requirements.</p> <p>No reaction with water. Not highly corrosive to protective clothing. Collect spillages if practicable. Try to avoid disposal overboard. Radio for expert ADVICE.</p> <p>Substances might be spilled when the articles are damaged.</p> <p>Undamaged articles can be collected.</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Charlie

S-C

FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE LIQUIDS

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid contact, even when wearing protective clothing.</p> <p>Keep clear of effluent. Keep clear of evolving vapours.</p> <p>Even short-time inhalation of small quantities of vapour can cause breathing difficulties.</p> <p>Use of water on the substance may cause violent reaction and produce toxic vapours.</p> <p>Substance may damage the ship's construction materials.</p> <p>Spillage or reaction with water may evolve flammable vapours. Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction).</p> <p>Contaminated clothing must be washed off with water and then removed.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Do not direct water jets straight onto the spillage. Keep clear of effluent. Clean the area thoroughly.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Keep bridge and living quarters upwind. Protect crew and living quarters against corrosive or toxic vapours by using water spray to drive vapours away.</p> <p>Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Do not direct water jets straight onto the spillage. Keep clear of effluent. Clean the area thoroughly.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Provide adequate ventilation. Do not enter deck without self-contained breathing apparatus. Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). If atmosphere cannot be checked, do not enter. Let vapours evaporate, keep clear.</p> <p><i>Liquids:</i> Provide good ventilation of the space. Use water spray on effluent in hold to avoid ignition of flammable vapours. Wash down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Pump overboard.</p> <p><i>Solids:</i> Collect spillage. Dispose of overboard. Wash residues down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Pump overboard.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Keep bridge and living quarters upwind. Protect crew and living quarters against corrosive or toxic vapours by using water spray to drive vapours away.</p> <p>Do not enter space. Keep clear. Radio for expert ADVICE. After hazard evaluation by experts, you may proceed.</p> <p>Provide adequate ventilation. Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus. Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). If atmosphere cannot be checked, do not enter. Let vapours evaporate, keep clear. Where a ventilation system is used, particular attention should be taken in order to prevent toxic vapours or fumes entering occupied areas of the ship, e.g. living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas.</p> <p><i>Liquids:</i> Provide good ventilation of the space. Use water spray on effluent to avoid ignition of flammable vapours. Wash down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Pump overboard.</p> <p><i>Solids:</i> Collect spillage. Dispose of overboard. Wash residues down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Pump overboard.</p>
Special cases: Marine Pollutant Mark UN 2029, UN 3484		<p>Report incident according to MARPOL reporting requirements.</p> <p>Self-ignition of spilt material is possible.</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Delta

S–D

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction).</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable.</p> <p>Avoid contact, even when wearing protective clothing. Spillage may evolve flammable vapours.</p> <p>Contaminated clothing must be washed off with water and then removed.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Do not direct water jet straight onto the spillage. Keep clear of effluent. Clean the area thoroughly.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Keep bridge and living quarters upwind.</p> <p>Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Do not direct water jet straight onto the spillage. Keep clear of effluent. Clean the area thoroughly.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Shut off all possible sources of ignition in the space. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus. Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). If the atmosphere cannot be checked, do not enter. Let vapours evaporate, keep clear.</p> <p>Provide good ventilation of the space. Use water spray on effluent in hold to avoid ignition of flammable vapours. Wash down to the bottom of the hold. Pump overboard.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Keep bridge and living quarters upwind. Protect crew and living quarters against corrosive or toxic vapours by using water spray to drive vapours away.</p> <p>Do not enter space. Keep clear. Radio for expert ADVICE. After hazard evaluation by experts, you may proceed.</p> <p>Provide adequate ventilation. Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus. Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). If atmosphere cannot be checked, do not enter. Let vapour evaporate, keep clear. Where a ventilation system is used, particular attention should be taken in order to prevent toxic vapours or fumes entering occupied areas of the vessel, e.g. living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas.</p> <p>Provide good ventilation of the space. Use water spray on effluent in the space to avoid ignition of flammable vapours. Wash down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Pump overboard.</p>
Special cases:		
Marine Pollutant Mark		Report incident according to MARPOL reporting requirements.
UN 2749		Self-ignition of spilt material is possible.
UN 3359		This is a cargo transport unit under fumigation. When opened, it will be ventilated. However, experience has shown that toxic fumigants will stay within packaging material and in non-ventilated areas. Obtain information about the fumigation agent.
UN 3540		Substances might be spilled when the articles are damaged. Undamaged articles can be collected and repacked.

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Echo

S–E

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, FLOATING ON WATER

General comments		<p>Avoid sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools). Liquid is flammable and spillage may evolve flammable vapours.</p> <p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable.</p> <p>In general, substances covered under this schedule will have fuel-oil-like properties. They are immiscible with water and are liable to float on the surface of water. The use of inert absorbent material, as used in machinery spaces, is appropriate in all cases. For sticky liquids, shovels may be used, preferably shovels made of non-sparking or non-ferrous material.</p> <p>You may use light oil or soap-like products (surfactants) to clean small areas. Clean the area thoroughly because of the flammability hazard.</p> <p>Any pumping of spilled liquid overboard will create an oil spill on the sea surface. In this case, contact coastal authorities.</p> <p>Report discharge overboard according to MARPOL reporting requirements.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Collect spillage in oil drums, metal boxes or salvage packagings. You may use inert absorbent material.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Restrict flow of leakage to an enclosed area (e.g. by diking with inert material or cement).</p> <p>Collect spillage in oil drums, metal boxes or salvage packagings. You may use inert absorbent material.</p> <p>Otherwise, wash overboard with copious quantities of water.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Shut off possible sources of ignition in the space. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus. Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). If atmosphere cannot be checked, do not enter. Let vapours evaporate.</p> <p>Collect spillage in oil drums, metal boxes or salvage packagings. You may use inert absorbent material. Keep collected spillages in well ventilated areas or on deck only.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Shut off possible sources of ignition in the space. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not enter deck without self-contained breathing apparatus. Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). If atmosphere cannot be checked, do not enter. Let vapours evaporate. Where a ventilation system is used, particular attention should be taken in order to prevent toxic vapours or fumes entering occupied areas of the ship, e.g. living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas.</p> <p>Provide good ventilation of the space. Use water spray on effluent in the space to avoid ignition of flammable vapours. Wash down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water.</p> <p>Treat effluent according to Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan. Otherwise, radio for expert ADVICE.</p>
Special cases:		
UN 1136, UN 1993		These substances may be miscible with water and hence not float on the surface. In this case, SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S–D will be appropriate.
UN 1139, UN 1263, UN 1866		No thorough cleaning of spillage site necessary. Residues will dry out and coat surfaces.

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Foxtrot

S-F

WATER-SOLUBLE MARINE POLLUTANTS

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable.</p> <p>Substances covered under this schedule will present a hazard to the marine environment. Try to avoid disposal overboard.</p> <p>The use of inert absorbent material, as used in machinery spaces, is appropriate in all cases. For sticky liquids, shovels may be used.</p> <p>Discharge of spilled substance overboard will damage the marine environment, including living resources of the sea. In this case, contact coastal authorities.</p> <p>Report discharge overboard according to MARPOL reporting requirements.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p><i>Liquids:</i> Smother spillage with inert absorbent material.</p> <p>Collect spillage in oil drums, metal boxes or salvage packagings.</p> <p><i>Solids:</i> Collect material.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Restrict flow of leakage to an enclosed area (e.g. by barricading with inert material or cement if available).</p> <p><i>Liquids:</i> Collect spillage in empty tanks, oil drums, metal boxes or salvage packagings. You may use inert absorbent material.</p> <p><i>Solids:</i> Collect spillage in oil drums or metal boxes.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p><i>Liquids:</i> Smother spillage with inert absorbent material.</p> <p>Collect spillage in oil drums, metal boxes or salvage packagings.</p> <p><i>Solids:</i> Collect material.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Restrict flow of leakage to an enclosed area (e.g. by barricading with inert material or cement if available).</p> <p><i>Liquids:</i> Collect spillage in empty tanks, oil drums, metal boxes or salvage packagings. You may use inert absorbent material.</p> <p><i>Solids:</i> Collect spillage in oil drums or metal boxes. Otherwise, wash down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Treat effluent according to Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan.</p>
Special cases: None.		

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Golf

S-G

FLAMMABLE SOLIDS AND SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard).</p> <p>Collect and contain spillage if practicable. Dispose of overboard.</p> <p>Collect spillage using soft brushes and plastic trays.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Provide adequate ventilation.</p> <p>Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard).</p> <p>Collect and contain spillage if practicable. Dispose of overboard.</p> <p>Collect spillage using soft brushes and plastic trays.</p>
Special cases: UN 3541		<p>Substances might be spilled when the articles are damaged.</p> <p>Undamaged articles can be collected.</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Hotel

S-H

FLAMMABLE SOLIDS (MOLTEN MATERIAL)

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable.</p> <p>Do not touch or walk on spilled material.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Smother with dry inert material. Dispose of overboard.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Special cases: None.		

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE India

S-I

FLAMMABLE SOLIDS (REPACKING POSSIBLE)

General comments		Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear. Stop leak if practicable.
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Collect spillage and repack if practicable. Otherwise, wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	Collect spillage and repack if practicable.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Special cases: None.		

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Juliet

S–J

WETTED EXPLOSIVES AND CERTAIN SELF-HEATING SUBSTANCES

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable.</p> <p>Dried out material may explode if exposed to heat, flame, friction, or shock.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Keep spillage wet.</p> <p>Dispose of solid material overboard.</p> <p>Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Keep spillage wet.</p> <p>Collect and contain spillage if practicable. Dispose of overboard.</p> <p>Collect spillage using soft brushes and plastic trays.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Special cases: UN 3542		<p>Substances might be spilled when the articles are damaged.</p> <p>Undamaged articles can be collected.</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Kilo

S-K

TEMPERATURE-CONTROLLED SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES

General comments		<p>If smoke is observed, see FIRE SCHEDULE F-F.</p> <p>Check temperature reading if possible. If temperature is increasing: see FIRE SCHEDULE F-F.</p> <p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent. Leave units closed.
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	Not applicable. According to the IMDG Code, under deck stowage not allowed. Radio for expert ADVICE.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Special cases: None.		

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Lima

S-L

SPONTANEOUSLY COMBUSTIBLE, WATER-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES

General comments		Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear. DO NOT USE WATER.
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Avoid getting water on spilled substances or inside cargo transport units. Smother with dry inert material. Dispose of overboard immediately.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	Not applicable. According to the IMDG Code, under deck stowage not allowed. Radio for expert ADVICE.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Special cases: UN 2210, UN 2968		These substances are allowed to be carried under deck. Take action as given for on deck stowage.

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Mike

S-M

HAZARD OF SPONTANEOUS IGNITION

General comments		Substances covered by this schedule may ignite within 5 minutes after contact with air. See firefighting guidance: FIRE SCHEDULE F-G.
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Special cases: UN 3542		Substances might be spilled when the articles are damaged. Undamaged articles can be collected.

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE November

S–N

SUBSTANCES REACTING VIGOROUSLY WITH WATER

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>If dry, contain and collect spillage if practicable. Dispose of overboard.</p> <p>Avoid contact with water except to wash residues overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Provide adequate ventilation.</p> <p>Check atmosphere before entering space (toxicity and explosion hazards). If atmosphere cannot be checked, do not enter. Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Keep dry. Collect spillages using soft brushes and plastic trays.</p> <p><i>If dry</i>, collect and contain spillage if practicable. Dispose of overboard.</p> <p><i>If wet</i>, use inert absorbent material. Do not use combustible material. Dispose of overboard.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Special cases: UN 3543		<p>Substances might be spilled when the articles are damaged.</p> <p>Undamaged articles can be collected</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Oscar

S-O

SUBSTANCES DANGEROUS WHEN WET (NON-COLLECTABLE ARTICLES)

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p><i>If dry</i>, collect and contain spillage if practicable. Keep dry. Dispose of overboard. Avoid contact with water except to wash residues with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.</p> <p><i>If wet</i>, wash down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Pump overboard. If gas is developing, provide good ventilation of the hold. Use water spray on effluent in hold to avoid ignition of flammable vapours.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p><i>If dry</i>, collect and contain spillage if practicable. Keep dry. Dispose of overboard. Avoid contact with water except to wash residues with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.</p> <p><i>If wet</i>, wash down to the bottom of the hold. Use copious quantities of water. Pump overboard. If gas is developing, provide good ventilation of the hold. Use water spray on effluent in hold to avoid ignition of flammable vapours. Where a ventilation system is used, particular attention should be taken in order to prevent toxic vapours or fumes entering occupied spaces of the ship, e.g. living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas.</p>
Special cases: UN 1295		Beware of a highly flammable atmosphere.

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Papa

S-P

SUBSTANCES DANGEROUS WHEN WET (COLLECTABLE ARTICLES)

General comments		Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Contain and collect spillage if practicable. Dispose of overboard.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	Provide adequate ventilation. Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	Contain and collect spillages if practicable. Dispose of overboard.
Special cases: UN 3257, UN 3258 UN 3316 UN 3363, UN 3548		Hot substance. No hazard when cool. If FIRST AID KIT, collect articles and repack. Substances might be spilled when the articles or machinery are damaged. Undamaged articles can be collected. Take care of hazardous properties according to transport documents or radio for expert ADVICE.

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Quebec

S-Q

OXIDIZING SUBSTANCES

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p> <p>May ignite combustible material (e.g. wood, paper, clothing).</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p><i>If dry</i>, contain and collect spillage if practicable. Dispose of overboard.</p> <p><i>If wet</i>, use inert absorbent material. Do not use combustible material.</p> <p><i>If liquid</i>, wash down to the bottom of the hold, using copious quantities of water. Pump overboard.</p> <p>Dispose of overboard.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Provide adequate ventilation.</p> <p>Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p><i>If dry</i>, contain and collect spillage if practicable. Dispose of overboard.</p> <p><i>If wet</i>, use inert absorbent material. Do not use combustible material.</p> <p><i>If liquid</i>, wash down to the bottom of the hold, using copious quantities of water. Pump overboard.</p> <p>Dispose of overboard.</p>
Special cases: UN 3544		<p>Substances might be spilled when the articles are damaged.</p> <p>Undamaged articles can be collected</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Romeo

S-R

ORGANIC PEROXIDES

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Contact of substance (or vapour) with eyes may cause blindness within minutes.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable.</p> <p>Substances covered by this schedule are liable to explode by exposure to heat or ignition.</p> <p>In case of <i>smoke evolution</i>, see appropriate FIRE SCHEDULE.</p> <p>Radio for expert ADVICE or contact manufacturer.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Wash overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.</p> <p>Collect damaged or leaking receptacles and dispose of overboard.</p> <p>Handle with care.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Not applicable. According to the IMDG Code, under deck stowage not allowed. Radio for expert ADVICE.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Special cases: UN 3545		<p>Substances might be spilled when the articles are damaged.</p> <p>Undamaged articles can be collected.</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Sierra

(Part 1 of 2)

S-S

RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL

General comments		<p>Evacuate compartment or downwind area of non-essential personnel.</p> <p>Provide respiratory protection to personnel in downwind area.</p> <p>For ships carrying radiation monitoring equipment, measure radiation levels. In this case, assess the extent of contamination and resultant radiation level of the package, the adjacent areas and, if necessary, all other material which has been carried in the conveyance.</p> <p>Define a zone for restricted entry. Personnel should not enter this zone without suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Limit entry of personnel to the restricted zone for the shortest time possible.</p> <p>Cover liquid spill with inert absorbent materials, if available. Cover powder spills with plastic sheet or tarpaulin to minimize spread.</p> <p>If exposure of personnel is suspected, clean body and hair with warm water and soap; discharge resultant washings directly overboard.</p> <p>Record the names of potentially exposed persons. Ensure medical examination of these persons after reaching any medical staff.</p> <p>Emergency procedures, if established for the ship or the specific cargo by relevant authorities or the shipper, should be followed.</p> <p>For ships carrying radiation monitoring equipment, continue monitoring the radiation levels. Radio for expert ADVICE.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Wash spillages overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.</p> <p>Packages damaged or leaking radioactive contents may be removed to an acceptable restricted access interim location. Isolate and sheet over. Do not remove packages from restricted access zone until approved by the competent authority.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Let released gas escape. Keep clear. Use water spray to protect bridge, living quarters and personnel from precipitation of vapours (water curtain).</p> <p>Absorb liquid spillage, where practicable, using absorbent material. Isolate and sheet over.</p> <p>Packages damaged or leaking radioactive contents may be removed to an acceptable restricted access interim location. Isolate and sheet over. Do not remove packages from restricted access zone until approved by the competent authority.</p> <p>Wash residues of liquids or solids overboard with copious quantities of water (use spray nozzles). Do not allow water to enter receptacles.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Provide adequate ventilation.</p> <p>Let released gas escape, keep clear. Where a ventilation system is used, particular attention should be taken in order to prevent radioactive vapours or fumes entering occupied areas of the ship, e.g. living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas.</p> <p>Keep solids dry.</p> <p>Absorb liquid spillage, where practicable, using inert absorbent material. Isolate and sheet over.</p> <p>Packages damaged or leaking radioactive contents may be removed to an acceptable restricted access interim location. Isolate and sheet over. Do not remove packages from restricted access zone until approved by the competent authority.</p> <p>Keep working period of emergency team in space as short as possible.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Do not enter space. Radio for expert ADVICE.</p> <p><i>If liquid, or vapour is developing:</i> Where a ventilation system is used, particular attention should be taken in order to prevent radioactive vapours entering occupied areas of the ship, e.g. living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas. Use water spray to protect bridge, living quarters and personnel from precipitation of vapours evolving from the hold (water curtain).</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Sierra (*continued*)

(Part 2 of 2)

S–S
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL

Special cases: UN 2977, UN 2978, UN 3507	Avoid contact, even when wearing protective clothing. Keep clear of evolving vapours. Even short-time inhalation of small quantities of vapour can cause breathing difficulties. Bear in mind that gases are heavier than air. Measures should be taken to prevent leaking gases from penetrating into any other part of the ship. Keep bridge and living quarters upwind. Protect crew and living quarters against corrosive and toxic vapours by using water spray to drive vapours away. Do not enter space without protective equipment. Keep clear. Radio for expert ADVICE.
UN 2919, UN 3331	For radioactive material, <i>transported under special arrangement</i> , use special precautions, operational controls or emergency procedures as specifically designated by the competent authorities in their approval certificates and declared by the shipper in its transport documents.
Subsidiary labels class 4.2 or class 4.3	These are pyrophoric substances, water will ignite the material. DO NOT USE WATER. Radio for expert ADVICE.
R	Restowing of packages
UN 2977, UN 3324, UN 3325, UN 3326, UN 3327, UN 3328, UN 3329, UN 3330, UN 3331	Check package labels and transport documents to determine whether packages contain fissile material. Prior to any restowing of these packages, radio for expert ADVICE.
UN 3332, UN 3333	If a special form radioactive material is identified as being outside its packaging, do not touch. Stay away and radio for expert ADVICE.

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Tango

S-T

DANGEROUS GOODS WITH BIOHAZARD

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid handling leaking or damaged packages or keep handling to a minimum.</p> <p>Inform the public health, veterinary or other competent authority if persons or the marine environment might have been exposed. A competent authority to which actual or suspected leakage is reported should notify the authorities of any countries in which the goods may have been handled, including countries of transit.</p> <p>Radio for expert ADVICE.</p> <p>Notify consignor/consignee.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Stop leak if practicable.</p> <p>Collect potentially contaminated packages or equipment. Isolate and sheet over.</p> <p>Wash spillage or residues overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Clean contaminated area thoroughly using bleach-like products (like sodium hypochlorite 1–6% solution or Javel water). Keep clear of effluent.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	Do not enter space.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Special cases: None.		

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Uniform

(Part 1 of 2)

S-U

GASES (FLAMMABLE, TOXIC OR CORROSIVE)

General comments		<p>Spaces and areas where leakages or spillages have occurred should be evacuated downwind immediately.</p> <p>Take care: Flames may be invisible. Leaking gas may be extremely cold.</p> <p>Measures should be taken to prevent leaking gases from penetrating into any other part of the ship. Bear in mind that some gases are heavier than air or may otherwise accumulate in lower or non-ventilated parts of the ship. Ensure that there is no smoking or any other open fire on board unless the leak has been closed and all spaces have been ventilated. Particular attention should be taken in order to prevent gases drifting into occupied areas of the ship, e.g. living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas.</p> <p>Wear protective clothing suitable for gas protection and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p> <p>Even short inhalation of small quantities of gas can cause breathing difficulties. Keep clear of evolving gases. Avoid all skin contact.</p> <p>Let <i>spilt liquefied gas</i> evaporate. When in contact with cold liquefied gases, most materials become brittle and are likely to break without warning. Avoid all contact, even when wearing protective clothing. If practicable, protect ship's superstructure with copious quantities of water. Do not direct water jet onto the spill.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Let gas dissipate. Keep clear.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Let gas dissipate. Keep bridge and living quarters upwind.</p> <p>Otherwise, protect crew and living quarters against flammable or toxic gases by using water spray to drive gases away (water curtain).</p> <p><i>Spilt liquefied gas</i>: Use water jets from as far as practicable to accelerate evaporation, not directing them straight onto the spill.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Do not enter space. Provide adequate ventilation.</p> <p>Where a ventilation system is used, particular attention should be taken in order to prevent gases penetrating into other areas of the ship.</p> <p>Let gas evaporate. Keep clear. Radio for expert ADVICE.</p> <p>Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Do not enter space. Provide adequate ventilation.</p> <p>Where a ventilation system is used, particular attention should be taken in order to prevent gases drifting into other areas of the ship.</p> <p>Keep bridge and living quarters upwind.</p> <p>Otherwise, protect crew and living quarters against flammable or toxic gases by using water spray to drive gases away (water curtain).</p> <p>If practicable, use water spray to avoid ignition of flammable gases in the space. Radio for expert ADVICE.</p> <p>Check atmosphere before entering (toxicity and explosion hazard). Do not enter deck without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Uniform (*confirmed*)

(Part 2 of 2)

S-U

GASES (FLAMMABLE, TOXIC OR CORROSIVE)

Special cases: UN 1001, UN 3374	Heated or roughly handled receptacles may explode even after several hours of being removed from external sources of heat. Cool for several hours by using water. Also consult SPILLAGE SCHEDULES S-D, S-G or S-A, as appropriate.
UN 1614	The gas is absorbed in a porous inert material, but will evaporate if the receptacle is damaged.
UN 3501	A flammable liquid, paste or powder may be expelled if the package is ruptured. Also consult SPILLAGE SCHEDULES S-D or S-G, as appropriate.
UN 3504	A flammable or toxic liquid, paste or powder may be expelled if the package is ruptured.
UN 3505	A flammable or corrosive liquid, paste or powder may be expelled if the package is ruptured. Also consult SPILLAGE SCHEDULES S-C or S-G, as appropriate.
UN 3537, UN 3539	Gases might be released when the articles are damaged. Undamaged articles can be collected and repacked.

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Victor

S-V

GASES (NON-FLAMMABLE, NON-TOXIC)

General comments		<p>Measures should be taken to prevent leaking gases from penetrating into any other part of the ship. Bear in mind that some gases are heavier than air or may otherwise accumulate in lower or non-ventilated parts of the ship. Particular attention should be taken in order to prevent gases drifting into occupied areas of the ship, e.g. living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas. Leaking gas may be extremely cold.</p> <p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (suffocation hazard).</p> <p>Let <i>spilt liquefied gas</i> evaporate. When in contact with cold liquefied gases, most materials become brittle and are likely to break without warning. Avoid all contact, even when wearing protective clothing. If practicable, protect ship's superstructure with copious quantities of water. Do not direct water jet onto the spill.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Let gas dissipate. Keep clear.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Let gas dissipate.</p> <p><i>Spilt liquefied gas</i>: Use water jets from as far as practicable to accelerate evaporation, not directing them straight onto the spill.</p> <p>Keep clear of evolving gases.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Provide adequate ventilation.</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable. Otherwise, let gas evaporate. Keep clear.</p> <p>Check atmosphere before entering space (suffocation hazard). Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Provide adequate ventilation.</p> <p>Stop leak if practicable. Otherwise, let gas evaporate. Keep clear.</p> <p><i>Spilt liquefied gas</i>: Use water jets from as far as practicable to accelerate evaporation, not directing them straight onto the spill.</p> <p>Check atmosphere before entering space (suffocation hazard). Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p>
Special cases:		
UN 2990, UN 3072		No suffocation hazard. Collect articles and repack.
UN 3502		A toxic liquid, paste or powder may be expelled if the package is ruptured. Also consult SPILLAGE SCHEDULE S-A.
UN 3503		A corrosive liquid, paste or powder may be expelled if the package is ruptured. Also consult SPILLAGE SCHEDULES S-C or S-G, as appropriate.
UN 3538		<p>Gases might be released when the articles are damaged.</p> <p>Undamaged articles can be collected and repacked.</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Whisky

S–W

OXIDIZING GASES

General comments		<p>Areas containing leakages or spillages should be evacuated downwind immediately. These gases may ignite combustible material and enhance fire.</p> <p>Take care: Flames may be invisible. Leaking gas may be extremely cold.</p> <p>Measures should be taken to prevent leaking gases from penetrating into any other part of the ship.</p> <p>Ensure that there is no smoking or any other open fire on board unless the leak has been closed and all spaces have been ventilated. Particular attention should be taken in order to prevent gases drifting into occupied areas of the vessel, e.g. living quarters, machinery spaces, working areas.</p> <p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools, friction). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p> <p>Even short inhalation of small quantities of gas can cause breathing difficulties. Keep clear of evolving gases. Avoid all skin contact.</p> <p>Let <i>spilt liquefied gas</i> evaporate. When in contact with cold liquefied gases, most materials become brittle and are likely to break without warning. Avoid all contact, even when wearing protective clothing. If practicable, protect ship's superstructure with copious quantities of water. Do not direct water jet onto the spill.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	Let gas evaporate. Keep clear.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Let gas evaporate.</p> <p>Keep bridge and living quarters upwind.</p> <p>Otherwise, protect crew and living quarters against flammable or toxic gases by using water spray to drive gases away (water curtain).</p> <p><i>Spilt liquefied gas</i>: Use water jets from as far as practicable to accelerate evaporation, not directing them straight onto the spill.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Do not enter space.</p> <p>Provide adequate ventilation.</p> <p>Where a ventilation system is used, particular attention should be observed in order to prevent gases penetrating into other areas of the ship.</p> <p>Let gas evaporate. Keep clear.</p> <p>Radio for expert ADVICE.</p> <p>Check atmosphere before entering space (toxicity and explosion hazard). Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p>Do not enter space.</p> <p>Provide adequate ventilation.</p> <p>Where a ventilation system is used, particular attention should be observed in order to prevent gases drifting into other areas of the ship.</p> <p>Keep bridge and living quarters upwind.</p> <p>Otherwise, protect crew and living quarters against gases by using water spray to drive gases away (water curtain).</p> <p>If practicable, use water spray to avoid ignition of gases in the space.</p> <p>Radio for expert ADVICE.</p>
Special cases: UN 1072, UN 1073		<p>This is concentrated oxygen. No inhalation hazard after a short distance from a leak.</p> <p>No skin irritation hazard.</p>

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE X-Ray

S-X

EXPLOSIVE ITEMS AND ARTICLES

General comments		Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools). <i>Electrostatic hazard:</i> Electric charge may ignite ammunition. Keep spilled material away from generators of static electricity (e.g. mobile phones, friction of synthetic polymers like PVC gloves). Wear non-sparking footwear.
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	<i>Articles:</i> Sweep or pick up articles. If the articles remain intact but appear damaged, separate out and radio for expert ADVICE. <i>Spilled substance:</i> Keep wet. Wash spillage overboard with copious quantities of water.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<i>Articles:</i> Sweep or pick up articles. If the articles remain intact but appear damaged, separate and radio for expert ADVICE. <i>Spilled substance:</i> Keep wet. Collect spillage where practicable. Dispose of overboard.
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Special cases: None.		

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Yankee

S-Y

EXPLOSIVE CHEMICALS

General comments		<p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools). Stop leak if practicable.</p> <p><i>Electrostatic hazard:</i> Electric charge may ignite ammunition. Keep spilled material away from generators of static electricity (e.g. mobile phones, friction of synthetic polymers like PVC gloves). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p> <p>Some explosive mixtures are stabilized in such a way that water will separate explosives from the stabilizer, thus creating a higher risk. The explosive component becomes very sensitive to shock and heat.</p> <p>Radio for expert ADVICE.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p><i>Articles:</i> Sweep or pick up articles. If the articles remain intact but appear damaged, separate out and ask for expert ADVICE. Wetted articles should be jettisoned.</p> <p><i>Spilled substance:</i> Keep it under water. Wash spillages overboard with copious quantities of water.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p><i>Articles:</i> Sweep or pick up articles. If the articles remain intact but appear damaged, separate out and radio for expert ADVICE. Wetted articles should be jettisoned.</p> <p><i>Spilled substance:</i> Keep it under water. Collect spillages where practicable. Dispose of overboard.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	
Special cases: None.		

SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Zulu

S–Z

TOXIC EXPLOSIVES

General comments		<p>Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p> <p>Even short inhalation of small quantities of gas can cause breathing difficulties or lead to severe poisoning.</p> <p>Avoid all sources of ignition (e.g. naked lights, unprotected light bulbs, electric handtools).</p> <p><i>Electrostatic hazard:</i> Electric charge may ignite ammunition. Keep spilled material away from generators of static electricity (e.g. mobile phones, friction of synthetic polymers like PVC gloves). Wear non-sparking footwear.</p> <p>Particular attention should be taken in order to prevent developing gases drifting into occupied areas of the ship, e.g. living quarters, machinery, working areas.</p> <p>Keep bridge and living quarters upwind. Otherwise, protect crew and living quarters against gases by using water spray to drive gases away (water curtain).</p> <p>Radio for expert ADVICE.</p>
Spillage on deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Let vapours dissipate, keep clear.</p> <p><i>Articles:</i> Sweep or pick up articles. If the articles remain intact but appear damaged, separate out and ask for expert ADVICE.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p><i>Spilled substance:</i> Keep wet. Wash spillage overboard with copious quantities of water. Keep clear of effluent.</p>
Spillage under deck	Packages (small spillage)	<p>Do not enter space without self-contained breathing apparatus. Check atmosphere before entering. Let vapours dissipate, keep clear.</p> <p><i>Articles:</i> Sweep or pick up articles. If the articles remain intact but appear damaged, separate out and ask for expert ADVICE.</p>
	Cargo Transport Units (large spillage)	<p><i>Spilled substance:</i> Keep wet. Collect spillages where practicable. Dispose of overboard.</p>
Special cases: None.		

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Each current UN substance identification number (UN number) is allocated to EmS Fire and Spillage Schedules as shown below. Underlined EmS codes (special cases) indicate a substance, material or article for which additional advice is given in the emergency response procedures.

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
0004	F-B	S-Y	0066	F-B	S-X	0135	F-B	S-Y
0005	F-B	S-X	0070	F-B	S-X	0136	F-B	S-X
0006	F-B	S-X	0072	F-B	S-Y	0137	F-B	S-X
0007	F-B	S-X	0073	F-B	S-X	0138	F-B	S-X
0009	F-B	S-X	0074	F-B	S-Y	0143	F-B	S-Z
0010	F-B	S-X	0075	F-B	S-Y	0144	F-B	S-Y
0012	F-B	S-X	0076	F-B	S-Z	0146	F-B	S-Y
0014	F-B	S-X	0077	F-B	S-Z	0147	F-B	S-Y
0015	F-B	S-X	0078	F-B	S-Y	0150	F-B	S-Y
0016	F-B	S-X	0079	F-B	S-Y	0151	F-B	S-Y
0018	<u>F-B</u>	S-Z	0081	F-B	S-Y	0153	F-B	S-Y
0019	<u>F-B</u>	S-Z	0082	F-B	S-Y	0154	F-B	S-Y
0020	<u>F-B</u>	S-Z	0083	F-B	S-Y	0155	F-B	S-Y
0021	<u>F-B</u>	S-Z	0084	F-B	S-Y	0159	F-B	S-Y
0027	F-B	S-Y	0092	F-B	S-X	0160	F-B	S-Y
0028	F-B	S-Y	0093	F-B	S-X	0161	F-B	S-Y
0029	F-B	S-X	0094	F-B	S-Y	0167	F-B	S-X
0030	F-B	S-X	0099	F-B	S-X	0168	F-B	S-X
0033	F-B	S-X	0101	F-B	S-X	0169	F-B	S-X
0034	F-B	S-X	0102	F-B	S-X	0171	F-B	S-X
0035	F-B	S-X	0103	F-B	S-X	0173	F-B	S-X
0037	F-B	S-X	0104	F-B	S-X	0174	F-B	S-X
0038	F-B	S-X	0105	F-B	S-X	0180	F-B	S-X
0039	F-B	S-X	0106	F-B	S-X	0181	F-B	S-X
0042	F-B	S-X	0107	F-B	S-X	0182	F-B	S-X
0043	F-B	S-X	0110	F-B	S-X	0183	F-B	S-X
0044	F-B	S-X	0113	F-B	S-Y	0186	F-B	S-X
0048	F-B	S-X	0114	F-B	S-Y	0190	F-B	S-X
0049	F-B	S-X	0118	F-B	S-Y	0191	F-B	S-X
0050	F-B	S-X	0121	F-B	S-X	0192	F-B	S-X
0054	F-B	S-X	0124	F-B	S-X	0193	F-B	S-X
0055	F-B	S-X	0129	F-B	S-Y	0194	F-B	S-X
0056	F-B	S-X	0130	F-B	S-Y	0195	F-B	S-X
0059	F-B	S-X	0131	F-B	S-X	0196	F-B	S-X
0060	F-B	S-X	0132	F-B	S-Y	0197	F-B	S-X
0065	F-B	S-X	0133	F-B	S-Y	0204	F-B	S-X

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
0207	F-B	S-Y	0280	F-B	S-X	0334	F-B	S-X
0208	F-B	S-Y	0281	F-B	S-X	0335	F-B	S-X
0209	F-B	S-Y	0282	F-B	S-Y	0336	F-B	S-X
0212	F-B	S-X	0283	F-B	S-X	0337	F-B	S-X
0213	F-B	S-Y	0284	F-B	S-X	0338	F-B	S-X
0214	F-B	S-Y	0285	F-B	S-X	0339	F-B	S-X
0215	F-B	S-Y	0286	F-B	S-X	0340	F-B	S-Y
0216	F-B	S-Y	0287	F-B	S-X	0341	F-B	S-Y
0217	F-B	S-Y	0288	F-B	S-X	0342	F-B	S-Y
0218	F-B	S-Y	0289	F-B	S-X	0343	F-B	S-Y
0219	F-B	S-Y	0290	F-B	S-X	0344	F-B	S-X
0220	F-B	S-Y	0291	F-B	S-X	0345	F-B	S-X
0221	F-B	S-X	0292	F-B	S-X	0346	F-B	S-X
0222	F-B	S-Y	0293	F-B	S-X	0347	F-B	S-X
0224	F-B	S-Z	0294	F-B	S-X	0348	F-B	S-X
0225	F-B	S-X	0295	F-B	S-X	0349	F-B	S-X
0226	F-B	S-Y	0296	F-B	S-X	0350	F-B	S-X
0234	F-B	S-Z	0297	F-B	S-X	0351	F-B	S-X
0235	F-B	S-Y	0299	F-B	S-X	0352	F-B	S-X
0236	F-B	S-Y	0300	F-B	S-X	0353	F-B	S-X
0237	F-B	S-X	0301	<u>F-B</u>	S-Z	0354	F-B	S-X
0238	F-B	S-X	0303	F-B	S-X	0355	F-B	S-X
0240	F-B	S-X	0305	F-B	S-Y	0356	F-B	S-X
0241	F-B	S-X	0306	F-B	S-X	0357	F-B	S-Y
0242	F-B	S-X	0312	F-B	S-X	0358	F-B	S-Y
0243	F-B	S-X	0313	F-B	S-X	0359	F-B	S-Y
0244	F-B	S-X	0314	F-B	S-X	0360	F-B	S-X
0245	F-B	S-X	0315	F-B	S-X	0361	F-B	S-X
0246	F-B	S-X	0316	F-B	S-X	0362	F-B	S-X
0247	F-B	S-X	0317	F-B	S-X	0363	F-B	S-X
0248	<u>F-B</u>	S-Y	0318	F-B	S-X	0364	F-B	S-X
0249	<u>F-B</u>	S-Y	0319	F-B	S-X	0365	F-B	S-X
0250	F-B	S-X	0320	F-B	S-X	0366	F-B	S-X
0254	F-B	S-X	0321	F-B	S-X	0367	F-B	S-X
0255	F-B	S-X	0322	F-B	S-X	0368	F-B	S-X
0257	F-B	S-X	0323	F-B	S-X	0369	F-B	S-X
0266	F-B	S-Y	0324	F-B	S-X	0370	F-B	S-X
0267	F-B	S-X	0325	F-B	S-X	0371	F-B	S-X
0268	F-B	S-X	0326	F-B	S-X	0372	F-B	S-X
0271	F-B	S-X	0327	F-B	S-X	0373	F-B	S-X
0272	F-B	S-X	0328	F-B	S-X	0374	F-B	S-X
0275	F-B	S-X	0329	F-B	S-X	0375	F-B	S-X
0276	F-B	S-X	0330	F-B	S-X	0376	F-B	S-X
0277	F-B	S-X	0331	F-B	S-Y	0377	F-B	S-X
0278	F-B	S-X	0332	F-B	S-Y	0378	F-B	S-X
0279	F-B	S-X	0333	F-B	S-X	0379	F-B	S-X

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
0380	F-B	S-X	0429	F-B	S-X	0475	F-B	S-Y
0381	F-B	S-X	0430	F-B	S-X	0476	F-B	S-Y
0382	F-B	S-X	0431	F-B	S-X	0477	F-B	S-Y
0383	F-B	S-X	0432	F-B	S-X	0478	F-B	S-Y
0384	F-B	S-X	0433	F-B	S-Y	0479	F-B	S-Y
0385	F-B	S-Y	0434	F-B	S-X	0480	F-B	S-Y
0386	F-B	S-Y	0435	F-B	S-X	0481	F-B	S-Y
0387	F-B	S-Y	0436	F-B	S-X	0482	F-B	S-Y
0388	F-B	S-Y	0437	F-B	S-X	0483	F-B	S-Y
0389	F-B	S-Y	0438	F-B	S-X	0484	F-B	S-Y
0390	F-B	S-Y	0439	F-B	S-X	0485	F-B	S-Y
0391	F-B	S-Y	0440	F-B	S-X	0486	F-B	S-X
0392	F-B	S-Y	0441	F-B	S-X	0487	F-B	S-X
0393	F-B	S-Y	0442	F-B	S-X	0488	F-B	S-X
0394	F-B	S-Y	0443	F-B	S-X	0489	F-B	S-Y
0395	F-B	S-X	0444	F-B	S-X	0490	F-B	S-Y
0396	F-B	S-X	0445	F-B	S-X	0491	F-B	S-X
0397	F-B	S-X	0446	F-B	S-X	0492	F-B	S-X
0398	F-B	S-X	0447	F-B	S-X	0493	F-B	S-X
0399	F-B	S-X	0448	F-B	S-Y	0494	F-B	S-X
0400	F-B	S-X	0449	F-B	S-X	0495	F-B	S-Y
0401	F-B	S-Y	0450	F-B	S-X	0496	F-B	S-Y
0402	F-B	S-Y	0451	F-B	S-X	0497	F-B	S-Y
0403	F-B	S-X	0452	F-B	S-X	0498	F-B	S-Y
0404	F-B	S-X	0453	F-B	S-X	0499	F-B	S-Y
0405	F-B	S-X	0454	F-B	S-X	0500	F-B	S-X
0406	F-B	S-Y	0455	F-B	S-X	0501	F-B	S-Y
0407	F-B	S-Y	0456	F-B	S-X	0502	F-B	S-X
0408	F-B	S-X	0457	F-B	S-X	0503	F-B	S-X
0409	F-B	S-X	0458	F-B	S-X	0504	F-B	S-Y
0410	F-B	S-X	0459	F-B	S-X	0505	F-B	S-X
0411	F-B	S-Y	0460	F-B	S-X	0506	F-B	S-X
0412	F-B	S-X	0461	F-B	S-X	0507	F-B	S-X
0413	F-B	S-X	0462	F-B	S-X	0508	F-B	S-Y
0414	F-B	S-X	0463	F-B	S-X	0509	F-B	S-Y
0415	F-B	S-X	0464	F-B	S-X	0510	F-B	S-X
0417	F-B	S-X	0465	F-B	S-X	1001	<u>F-D</u>	<u>S-U</u>
0418	F-B	S-X	0466	F-B	S-X	1002	F-C	S-V
0419	F-B	S-X	0467	F-B	S-X	1003	<u>F-C</u>	S-W
0420	F-B	S-X	0468	F-B	S-X	1005	F-C	S-U
0421	F-B	S-X	0469	F-B	S-X	1006	F-C	S-V
0424	F-B	S-X	0470	F-B	S-X	1008	F-C	S-U
0425	F-B	S-X	0471	F-B	S-X	1009	F-C	S-V
0426	F-B	S-X	0472	F-B	S-X	1010	F-D	S-U
0427	F-B	S-X	0473	F-B	S-Y	1011	F-D	S-U
0428	F-B	S-X	0474	F-B	S-Y	1012	F-D	S-U

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
1013	F-C	S-V	1071	F-D	S-U	1135	F-E	S-D
1016	F-D	S-U	1072	<u>F-C</u>	<u>S-W</u>	1136	F-E	<u>S-E</u>
1017	F-C	S-U	1073	<u>F-C</u>	<u>S-W</u>	1139	F-E	<u>S-E</u>
1018	F-C	S-V	1075	<u>F-D</u>	S-U	1143	F-E	S-D
1020	F-C	S-V	1076	F-C	S-U	1144	F-E	S-D
1021	F-C	S-V	1077	F-D	S-U	1145	F-E	S-D
1022	F-C	S-V	1078	F-C	S-V	1146	F-E	S-D
1023	F-D	S-U	1079	F-C	S-U	1147	F-E	S-D
1026	F-D	S-U	1080	F-C	S-V	1148	F-E	S-D
1027	F-D	S-U	1081	F-D	S-U	1149	F-E	S-D
1028	F-C	S-V	1082	F-D	S-U	1150	F-E	S-D
1029	F-C	S-V	1083	F-D	S-U	1152	F-E	S-D
1030	F-D	S-U	1085	F-D	S-U	1153	F-E	S-D
1032	F-D	S-U	1086	F-D	S-U	1154	F-E	S-C
1033	F-D	S-U	1087	F-D	S-U	1155	F-E	S-D
1035	F-D	S-U	1088	F-E	S-D	1156	F-E	S-D
1036	F-D	S-U	1089	F-E	S-D	1157	F-E	S-D
1037	F-D	S-U	1090	F-E	S-D	1158	F-E	S-C
1038	<u>F-D</u>	S-U	1091	F-E	S-D	1159	F-E	S-D
1039	F-D	S-U	1092	F-E	S-D	1160	F-E	S-C
1040	F-D	S-U	1093	F-E	S-D	1161	F-E	S-D
1041	F-D	S-U	1098	F-E	S-D	1162	<u>F-E</u>	S-C
1043	F-C	S-V	1099	F-E	S-D	1163	F-E	S-C
1044	F-C	S-V	1100	F-E	S-D	1164	F-E	S-D
1045	F-C	S-W	1104	F-E	S-D	1165	F-E	S-D
1046	F-C	S-V	1105	F-E	S-D	1166	F-E	S-D
1048	F-C	S-U	1106	F-E	S-C	1167	F-E	S-D
1049	F-D	S-U	1107	F-E	S-D	1169	F-E	S-D
1050	F-C	S-U	1108	F-E	S-D	1170	F-E	S-D
1051	F-E	S-D	1109	F-E	S-D	1171	F-E	S-D
1052	F-C	S-U	1110	F-E	S-D	1172	F-E	S-D
1053	F-D	S-U	1111	F-E	S-D	1173	F-E	S-D
1055	F-D	S-U	1112	F-E	S-D	1175	F-E	S-D
1056	F-C	S-V	1113	F-E	S-D	1176	F-E	S-D
1057	F-D	S-U	1114	F-E	S-D	1177	F-E	S-D
1058	F-C	S-V	1120	F-E	S-D	1178	F-E	S-D
1060	F-D	S-U	1123	F-E	S-D	1179	F-E	S-D
1061	F-D	S-U	1125	F-E	S-C	1180	F-E	S-D
1062	F-C	S-U	1126	F-E	S-D	1181	F-E	S-D
1063	F-D	S-U	1127	F-E	S-D	1182	F-E	S-C
1064	F-D	S-U	1128	F-E	S-D	1183	F-G	S-O
1065	F-C	S-V	1129	F-E	S-D	1184	F-E	S-D
1066	F-C	S-V	1130	F-E	S-E	1185	F-E	S-D
1067	F-C	S-W	1131	F-E	S-D	1188	F-E	S-D
1069	F-C	S-U	1133	F-E	S-D	1189	F-E	S-D
1070	<u>F-C</u>	S-W	1134	F-E	S-D	1190	F-E	S-D

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
1191	F-E	S-D	1250	<u>F-E</u>	S-C	1314	F-A	S-I
1192	F-E	S-D	1251	F-E	S-C	1318	F-A	S-I
1193	F-E	S-D	1259	F-E	S-D	1320	F-B	S-J
1194	F-E	S-D	1261	F-E	S-D	1321	F-B	S-J
1195	F-E	S-D	1262	F-E	S-E	1322	F-B	S-J
1196	F-E	S-C	1263	F-E	<u>S-E</u>	1323	F-G	S-G
1197	F-E	S-D	1264	F-E	S-D	1324	F-A	S-I
1198	F-E	S-C	1265	F-E	S-D	1325	F-A	S-G
1199	F-E	S-D	1266	F-E	S-D	1326	F-A	S-J
1201	F-E	S-D	1267	F-E	S-E	1327	F-A	S-I
1202	F-E	S-E	1268	F-E	S-E	1328	F-A	S-G
1203	F-E	S-E	1272	F-E	S-E	1330	F-A	S-I
1204	F-E	S-D	1274	F-E	S-D	1331	F-A	S-I
1206	F-E	S-D	1275	F-E	S-D	1332	F-A	S-G
1207	F-E	S-D	1276	F-E	S-D	1333	F-G	S-P
1208	F-E	S-D	1277	F-E	S-C	1334	F-A	S-G
1210	F-E	S-D	1278	F-E	S-D	1336	F-B	S-J
1212	F-E	S-D	1279	F-E	S-D	1337	F-B	S-J
1213	F-E	S-D	1280	F-E	S-D	1338	F-A	S-G
1214	F-E	S-C	1281	F-E	S-D	1339	F-G	S-G
1216	F-E	S-D	1282	F-E	S-D	1340	F-G	S-N
1218	F-E	S-D	1286	F-E	S-E	1341	F-A	S-G
1219	F-E	S-D	1287	F-E	S-D	1343	F-G	S-G
1220	F-E	S-D	1288	F-E	S-E	1344	F-B	S-J
1221	F-E	S-C	1289	F-E	S-C	1345	F-A	S-I
1222	F-E	S-D	1292	F-E	S-D	1346	F-A	S-G
1223	F-E	S-E	1293	F-E	S-D	1347	F-B	S-J
1224	F-E	S-D	1294	F-E	S-D	1348	F-B	S-J
1228	F-E	S-D	1295	F-G	<u>S-Q</u>	1349	F-B	S-J
1229	F-E	S-D	1296	F-E	S-C	1350	F-A	S-G
1230	F-E	S-D	1297	F-E	S-C	1352	F-A	S-J
1231	F-E	S-D	1298	<u>F-E</u>	S-C	1353	F-A	S-I
1233	F-E	S-D	1299	F-E	S-E	1354	F-B	S-J
1234	F-E	S-D	1300	F-E	S-E	1355	F-B	S-J
1235	F-E	S-C	1301	F-E	S-D	1356	F-B	S-J
1237	F-E	S-D	1302	F-E	S-D	1357	F-B	S-J
1238	F-E	S-C	1303	F-E	S-D	1358	F-G	S-J
1239	F-E	S-D	1304	F-E	S-D	1360	F-G	S-N
1242	F-G	S-O	1305	F-E	S-C	1361	F-A	S-J
1243	F-E	S-D	1306	F-E	S-D	1362	F-A	S-J
1244	F-E	S-C	1307	F-E	S-D	1363	F-A	S-J
1245	F-E	S-D	1308	F-E	S-D	1364	F-A	S-J
1246	F-E	S-D	1309	F-G	S-G	1365	F-A	S-J
1247	F-E	S-D	1310	F-B	S-J	1369	F-A	S-J
1248	F-E	S-D	1312	F-A	S-I	1372	F-A	S-J
1249	F-E	S-D	1313	F-A	S-I	1373	F-A	S-J

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
1374	F-A	S-J	1423	F-G	S-N	1479	F-A	S-Q
1376	F-G	S-P	1426	F-G	S-O	1481	F-H	S-Q
1378	F-H	S-M	1427	F-G	S-O	1482	F-H	S-Q
1379	F-A	S-J	1428	F-G	S-N	1483	F-G	S-Q
1380	F-G	S-L	1431	F-A	S-L	1484	F-H	S-Q
1381	<u>F-A</u>	S-J	1432	F-G	S-N	1485	F-H	S-Q
1382	F-A	S-J	1433	F-G	S-N	1486	F-A	S-Q
1383	F-G	S-M	1435	F-G	S-O	1487	F-A	S-Q
1384	F-A	S-J	1436 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-O	1488	F-A	S-Q
1385	F-A	S-J	1436 II	F-G	S-O	1489	F-H	S-Q
1386	F-A	S-J	1436	F-G	S-O	1490	F-H	S-Q
1387	F-A	S-J	1437	F-A	S-G	1491	F-G	S-Q
1389	F-G	S-N	1438	F-A	S-Q	1492	F-A	S-Q
1390	F-G	S-O	1439	F-H	S-Q	1493	F-A	S-Q
1391	F-G	S-N	1442	F-H	S-Q	1494	F-H	S-Q
1392	F-G	S-N	1444	F-A	S-Q	1495	F-H	S-Q
1393	F-G	S-N	1445	F-H	S-Q	1496	F-H	S-Q
1394	F-G	S-N	1446	F-A	S-Q	1498	F-A	S-Q
1395	F-G	S-N	1447	F-H	S-Q	1499	F-A	S-Q
1396	F-G	S-O	1448	F-H	S-Q	1500	F-A	S-Q
1397	F-G	S-N	1449	F-G	S-Q	1502	F-H	S-Q
1398	F-G	S-N	1450	F-H	S-Q	1503	F-H	S-Q
1400	F-G	S-O	1451	F-A	S-Q	1504	F-G	S-Q
1401	F-G	S-O	1452	F-H	S-Q	1505	F-A	S-Q
1402 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	1453	F-H	S-Q	1506	F-H	S-Q
1402 II	F-G	S-N	1454	F-A	S-Q	1507	F-A	S-Q
1403	F-G	S-N	1455	F-H	S-Q	1508	F-H	S-Q
1404	F-G	S-O	1456	F-H	S-Q	1509	F-G	S-Q
1405	F-G	S-N	1457	F-G	S-Q	1510	F-H	S-Q
1407	F-G	S-N	1458	F-H	S-Q	1511	F-A	S-Q
1408	F-G	S-N	1459	F-H	S-Q	1513	F-H	S-Q
1409 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-L	1461	F-H	S-Q	1514	F-H	S-Q
1409 II	F-G	S-L	1462	F-H	S-Q	1515	F-H	S-Q
1410	F-G	S-M	1463	F-A	S-Q	1516	F-G	S-Q
1411	F-G	S-M	1465	F-A	S-Q	1517	F-B	S-J
1413	F-G	S-O	1466	F-A	S-Q	1541	F-A	S-A
1414	F-G	S-N	1467	F-A	S-Q	1544	F-A	S-A
1415	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	1469	F-A	S-Q	1545	F-E	S-D
1417	F-G	S-N	1470	F-H	S-Q	1546	F-A	S-A
1418 I	F-G	S-O	1471	F-H	S-Q	1547	F-A	S-A
1418 II	<u>F-G</u>	S-O	1472	F-G	S-Q	1548	F-A	S-A
1418 III	F-G	S-O	1473	F-H	S-Q	1549	F-A	S-A
1419	F-G	S-N	1474	F-A	S-Q	1550	F-A	S-A
1420	F-G	S-L	1475	F-H	S-Q	1551	F-A	S-A
1421	F-G	S-L	1476	F-G	S-Q	1553	F-A	S-A
1422	F-G	S-L	1477	F-A	S-Q	1554	F-A	S-A

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
1555	F-A	S-A	1606	F-A	S-A	1660	F-C	S-W
1556	F-A	S-A	1607	F-A	S-A	1661	F-A	S-A
1557	F-A	S-A	1608	F-A	S-A	1662	F-A	S-A
1558	F-A	S-A	1611	F-A	S-A	1663	F-A	S-A
1559	F-A	S-A	1612	F-C	S-U	1664	F-A	S-A
1560	F-A	S-A	1613	F-A	S-A	1665	F-A	S-A
1561	F-A	S-A	1614	F-A	<u>S-U</u>	1669	F-A	S-A
1562	F-A	S-A	1616	F-A	S-A	1670	F-A	S-A
1564	F-A	S-A	1617	F-A	S-A	1671	F-A	S-A
1565	F-A	S-A	1618	F-A	S-A	1672	F-A	S-A
1566	F-A	S-A	1620	F-A	S-A	1673	F-A	S-A
1567	F-G	S-G	1621	F-A	S-A	1674	F-A	S-A
1569	F-E	S-D	1622	F-A	S-A	1677	F-A	S-A
1570	F-A	S-A	1623	F-A	S-A	1678	F-A	S-A
1571	F-B	S-J	1624	F-A	S-A	1679	F-A	S-A
1572	F-A	S-A	1625	F-A	S-A	1680	F-A	S-A
1573	F-A	S-A	1626	F-A	S-A	1683	F-A	S-A
1574	F-A	S-A	1627	F-A	S-A	1684	F-A	S-A
1575	F-A	S-A	1629	F-A	S-A	1685	F-A	S-A
1577	F-A	S-A	1630	F-A	S-A	1686	F-A	S-A
1578	F-A	S-A	1631	F-A	S-A	1687	F-A	S-A
1579	F-A	S-A	1634	F-A	S-A	1688	F-A	S-A
1580	F-A	S-A	1636	F-A	S-A	1689	F-A	S-A
1581	F-C	S-U	1637	F-A	S-A	1690	F-A	S-A
1582	F-C	S-U	1638	F-A	S-A	1691	F-A	S-A
1583	F-A	S-A	1639	F-A	S-A	1692	F-A	S-A
1585	F-A	S-A	1640	F-A	S-A	1693	F-A	S-A
1586	F-A	S-A	1641	F-A	S-A	1694	F-A	S-A
1587	F-A	S-A	1642	F-A	S-A	1695	F-E	S-C
1588	F-A	S-A	1643	F-A	S-A	1697	F-A	S-A
1589	F-C	S-U	1644	F-A	S-A	1698	F-A	S-A
1590	F-A	S-A	1645	F-A	S-A	1699	F-A	S-A
1591	F-A	S-A	1646	F-A	S-A	1700	F-A	S-G
1593	F-A	S-A	1647	F-A	S-A	1701	F-A	S-A
1594	F-A	S-A	1648	F-E	S-D	1702	F-A	S-A
1595	F-A	S-B	1649	F-A	S-A	1704	F-A	S-A
1596	F-A	S-A	1650	F-A	S-A	1707	F-A	S-A
1597	F-A	S-A	1651	F-A	S-A	1708	F-A	S-A
1598	F-A	S-A	1652	F-A	S-A	1709	F-A	S-A
1599	F-A	S-A	1653	F-A	S-A	1710	F-A	S-A
1600	F-A	S-A	1654	F-A	S-A	1711	F-A	S-A
1601	F-A	S-A	1655	F-A	S-A	1712	F-A	S-A
1602	F-A	S-A	1656	F-A	S-A	1713	F-A	S-A
1603	F-E	S-D	1657	F-A	S-A	1714	F-G	S-N
1604	F-E	S-C	1658	F-A	S-A	1715	F-E	S-C
1605	F-A	S-A	1659	F-A	S-A	1716	F-A	S-B

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
1717	F-E	S-C	1767	F-E	S-C	1816	F-E	S-C
1718	F-A	S-B	1768	F-A	S-B	1817	F-A	S-B
1719	F-A	S-B	1769	F-A	S-B	1818	F-A	S-B
1722	F-E	S-C	1770	F-A	S-B	1819	F-A	S-B
1723	F-E	S-C	1771	F-A	S-B	1823	F-A	S-B
1724	F-E	S-C	1773	F-A	S-B	1824	F-A	S-B
1725	F-A	S-B	1774	F-A	S-B	1825	F-A	S-B
1726	F-A	S-B	1775	F-A	S-B	1826 II	F-A	S-B
1727	F-A	S-B	1776	F-A	S-B	1826 I	F-A	S-Q
1728	F-A	S-B	1777	F-A	S-B	1827	F-A	S-B
1729	F-A	S-B	1778	F-A	S-B	1828	F-A	S-B
1730	F-A	S-B	1779	F-E	S-C	1829	F-A	S-B
1731	F-A	S-B	1780	F-A	S-B	1830	F-A	S-B
1732	F-A	S-B	1781	F-A	S-B	1831	F-A	S-B
1733	F-A	S-B	1782	F-A	S-B	1832	F-A	S-B
1736	F-A	S-B	1783	F-A	S-B	1833	F-A	S-B
1737	F-A	S-B	1784	F-A	S-B	1834	F-A	S-B
1738	F-A	S-B	1786	F-A	S-B	1835	F-A	S-B
1739	F-A	S-B	1787	F-A	S-B	1836	F-A	S-B
1740	F-A	S-B	1788	F-A	S-B	1837	F-A	S-B
1741	F-C	S-U	1789	F-A	S-B	1838	F-A	S-B
1742	F-A	S-B	1790	F-A	S-B	1839	F-A	S-B
1743	F-A	S-B	1791	F-A	S-B	1840	F-A	S-B
1744	F-A	S-B	1792	F-A	S-B	1841	F-A	S-B
1745	F-A	S-B	1793	F-A	S-B	1843	F-A	S-A
1746	F-A	S-B	1794	F-A	S-B	1845	F-C	S-V
1747	F-E	S-C	1796 II	F-A	S-B	1846	F-A	S-A
1748	F-H	S-Q	1796 I	F-A	S-Q	1847	F-A	S-B
1749	F-C	S-W	1798	F-A	S-B	1848	F-A	S-B
1750	F-A	S-B	1799	F-A	S-B	1849	F-A	S-B
1751	F-A	S-B	1800	F-A	S-B	1851	F-A	S-A
1752	F-A	S-B	1801	F-A	S-B	1854	F-G	S-M
1753	F-A	S-B	1802	F-H	S-Q	1855	F-G	S-M
1754	F-A	S-B	1803	F-A	S-B	1856	F-A	S-J
1755	F-A	S-B	1804	F-A	S-B	1857	F-A	S-J
1756	F-A	S-B	1805	F-A	S-B	1858	F-C	S-V
1757	F-A	S-B	1806	F-A	S-B	1859	F-C	S-U
1758	F-A	S-B	1807	F-A	S-B	1860	F-D	S-U
1759	F-A	S-B	1808	F-A	S-B	1862	F-E	S-D
1760	F-A	S-B	1809	F-A	S-B	1863	F-E	S-E
1761	F-A	S-B	1810	F-A	S-B	1865	F-E	S-D
1762	F-A	S-B	1811	F-A	S-B	1866	F-E	S-E
1763	F-A	S-B	1812	F-A	S-A	1868	F-A	S-G
1764	F-A	S-B	1813	F-A	S-B	1869	F-G	S-G
1765	F-A	S-B	1814	F-A	S-B	1870	F-G	S-O
1766	F-A	S-B	1815	F-E	S-C	1871	F-A	S-G

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
1872	F-A	S-Q	1945	F-A	S-I	2002	F-A	S-J
1873	F-A	S-Q	1950	F-D	S-U	2004	F-G	S-M
1884	F-A	S-A	1951	F-C	S-V	2006	F-A	S-G
1885	F-A	S-A	1952	F-C	S-V	2008	F-G	S-M
1886	F-A	S-A	1953	F-D	S-U	2009	F-G	S-M
1887	F-A	S-A	1954	F-D	S-U	2010	F-G	S-O
1888	F-A	S-A	1955	F-C	S-U	2011	F-G	S-N
1889	F-A	S-B	1956	F-C	S-V	2012	F-G	S-N
1891	F-A	S-A	1957	F-D	S-U	2013	F-G	S-N
1892	F-A	S-A	1958	F-C	S-V	2014	F-H	S-Q
1894	F-A	S-A	1959	F-D	S-U	2015	F-H	S-Q
1895	F-A	S-A	1961	F-D	S-U	2016	F-A	S-A
1897	F-A	S-A	1962	F-D	S-U	2017	F-A	S-B
1898	F-A	S-B	1963	F-C	S-V	2018	F-A	S-A
1902	F-A	S-B	1964	F-D	S-U	2019	F-A	S-A
1903	F-A	S-B	1965	<u>F-D</u>	S-U	2020	F-A	S-A
1905	F-A	S-B	1966	<u>F-D</u>	S-U	2021	F-A	S-A
1906	F-A	S-B	1967	F-C	S-U	2022	F-A	S-B
1907	F-A	S-B	1968	F-C	S-V	2023	F-E	S-D
1908	F-A	S-B	1969	F-D	S-U	2024	F-A	S-A
1911	F-D	S-U	1970	F-C	S-V	2025	F-A	S-A
1912	F-D	S-U	1971	F-D	S-U	2026	F-A	S-A
1913	F-C	S-V	1972	<u>F-D</u>	S-U	2027	F-A	S-A
1914	F-E	S-D	1973	F-C	S-V	2028	F-A	S-B
1915	F-E	S-D	1974	F-C	S-V	2029	F-E	<u>S-C</u>
1916	F-E	S-D	1975	F-C	S-W	2030	F-A	S-B
1917	F-E	S-D	1976	F-C	S-V	2031 I	F-A	S-Q
1918	F-E	S-E	1977	F-C	S-V	2031 II*	F-A	S-Q
1919	F-E	S-D	1978	F-D	S-U	2031 II†	F-A	S-B
1920	F-E	S-E	1982	F-C	S-V	2032	F-A	S-Q
1921	F-E	S-D	1983	F-C	S-V	2033	F-A	S-B
1922	F-E	S-C	1984	F-C	S-V	2034	F-D	S-U
1923	F-A	S-J	1986	F-E	S-D	2035	F-D	S-U
1928	F-G	S-L	1987	F-E	S-D	2036	F-C	S-V
1929	F-A	S-J	1988	F-E	S-D	2037	F-D	S-U
1931	F-A	S-J	1989	F-E	S-D	2038	F-A	S-A
1932	F-G	S-L	1990	F-A	S-A	2044	F-D	S-U
1935	F-A	S-A	1991	F-E	S-D	2045	F-E	S-D
1938	F-A	S-B	1992	F-E	S-D	2046	F-E	S-D
1939	F-A	S-B	1993	F-E	<u>S-E</u>	2047	F-E	S-D
1940	F-A	S-B	1994	F-E	S-D	2048	F-E	S-D
1941	F-A	S-A	1999	F-E	S-E	2049	F-E	S-D
1942	F-H	S-Q	2000	F-A	S-I	2050	F-E	S-D
1944	F-A	S-I	2001	F-A	S-I	2051	F-E	S-C

* Applies to NITRIC ACID other than red fuming, with at least 65% but with not more than 70% nitric acid.

† Applies to NITRIC ACID other than red fuming, with less than 65% nitric acid.

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
2052	F-E	S-E	2217	F-A	S-J	2272	F-A	S-A
2053	F-E	S-D	2218	F-E	S-C	2273	F-A	S-A
2054	F-E	S-C	2219	F-E	S-D	2274	F-A	S-A
2055	F-E	S-D	2222	F-E	S-D	2275	F-E	S-D
2056	F-E	S-D	2224	F-A	S-A	2276	F-E	S-C
2057	F-E	S-D	2225	F-A	S-B	2277	F-E	S-D
2058	F-E	S-D	2226	F-A	S-B	2278	F-E	S-D
2059	F-E	S-D	2227	F-E	S-D	2279	F-A	S-A
2067	F-H	S-Q	2232	F-A	S-A	2280	F-A	S-B
2071	F-H	S-Q	2233	F-A	S-A	2281	F-A	S-A
2073	F-C	S-U	2234	F-E	S-D	2282	F-E	S-D
2074	F-A	S-A	2235	F-A	S-A	2283	F-E	S-D
2075	F-A	S-A	2236	F-A	S-A	2284	F-E	S-D
2076	F-A	S-B	2237	F-A	S-A	2285	F-E	S-D
2077	F-A	S-A	2238	F-E	S-D	2286	F-E	S-D
2078	F-A	S-A	2239	F-A	S-A	2287	F-E	S-D
2079	F-A	S-B	2240	F-A	S-B	2288	F-E	S-D
2187	F-C	S-V	2241	F-E	S-D	2289	F-A	S-B
2188	F-D	S-U	2242	F-E	S-D	2290	F-A	S-A
2189	F-D	S-U	2243	F-E	S-D	2291	F-A	S-A
2190	F-C	S-W	2244	F-E	S-D	2293	F-E	S-D
2191	F-C	S-U	2245	F-E	S-D	2294	F-A	S-A
2192	F-D	S-U	2246	F-E	S-D	2295	F-E	S-D
2193	F-C	S-V	2247	F-E	S-E	2296	F-E	S-D
2194	F-C	S-U	2248	F-E	S-C	2297	F-E	S-D
2195	F-C	S-U	2249	F-E	S-D	2298	F-E	S-D
2196	F-C	S-U	2250	F-A	S-A	2299	F-A	S-A
2197	F-C	S-U	2251	F-E	S-D	2300	F-A	S-A
2198	F-C	S-U	2252	F-E	S-D	2301	F-E	S-D
2199	F-D	S-U	2253	F-A	S-A	2302	F-E	S-D
2200	F-D	S-U	2254	F-A	S-I	2303	F-E	S-D
2201	F-C	S-W	2256	F-E	S-D	2304	F-A	S-H
2202	F-D	S-U	2257	F-G	S-N	2305	F-A	S-B
2203	F-D	S-U	2258	F-E	S-C	2306	F-A	S-A
2204	F-D	S-U	2259	F-A	S-B	2307	F-A	S-A
2205	F-A	S-A	2260	F-E	S-C	2308	F-A	S-B
2206	F-A	S-A	2261	F-A	S-A	2309	F-E	S-D
2208	F-H	S-Q	2262	F-A	S-B	2310	F-E	S-D
2209	F-A	S-B	2263	F-E	S-D	2311	F-A	S-A
2210	F-G	S-L	2264	F-E	S-C	2312	F-A	S-A
2211	F-A	S-I	2265	F-E	S-D	2313	F-E	S-D
2212	F-A	S-A	2266	F-E	S-C	2315	F-A	S-A
2213	F-A	S-G	2267	F-A	S-B	2316	F-A	S-A
2214	F-A	S-B	2269	F-A	S-B	2317	F-A	S-A
2215	F-A	S-B	2270	F-E	S-C	2318	F-A	S-J
2216	F-A	S-J	2271	F-E	S-D	2319	F-E	S-D

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
2320	F-A	S-B	2370	F-E	S-D	2418	F-C	S-U
2321	F-A	S-A	2371	F-E	S-D	2419	F-D	S-U
2322	F-A	S-A	2372	F-E	S-D	2420	F-C	S-U
2323	F-E	S-D	2373	F-E	S-D	2421	F-C	S-W
2324	F-E	S-D	2374	F-E	S-D	2422	F-C	S-V
2325	F-E	S-D	2375	F-E	S-D	2424	F-C	S-V
2326	F-A	S-B	2376	F-E	S-D	2426	F-H	S-Q
2327	F-A	S-B	2377	F-E	S-D	2427	F-H	S-Q
2328	F-A	S-A	2378	F-E	S-D	2428	F-H	S-Q
2329	F-E	S-D	2379	F-E	S-C	2429	F-H	S-Q
2330	F-E	S-E	2380	F-E	S-D	2430	F-A	S-B
2331	F-A	S-B	2381	F-E	S-D	2431	F-A	S-A
2332	F-E	S-D	2382	F-E	S-D	2432	F-A	S-A
2333	F-E	S-D	2383	F-E	S-C	2433	F-A	S-A
2334	F-E	S-D	2384	F-E	S-D	2434	F-A	S-B
2335	F-E	S-D	2385	F-E	S-D	2435	F-A	S-B
2336	F-E	S-D	2386	F-E	S-C	2436	F-E	S-D
2337	F-E	S-D	2387	F-E	S-D	2437	F-A	S-B
2338	F-E	S-D	2388	F-E	S-D	2438	F-E	S-C
2339	F-E	S-D	2389	F-E	S-D	2439	F-A	S-B
2340	F-E	S-D	2390	F-E	S-D	2440	F-A	S-B
2341	F-E	S-D	2391	F-E	S-D	2441	F-G	S-M
2342	F-E	S-D	2392	F-E	S-D	2442	F-A	S-B
2343	F-E	S-D	2393	F-E	S-D	2443	F-A	S-B
2344	F-E	S-D	2394	F-E	S-D	2444	F-A	S-B
2345	F-E	S-D	2395	F-E	S-C	2446	F-A	S-A
2346	F-E	S-D	2396	F-E	S-D	2447	F-A	S-M
2347	F-E	S-D	2397	F-E	S-D	2448	F-A	S-H
2348	F-E	S-D	2398	F-E	S-D	2451	F-C	S-W
2350	F-E	S-D	2399	F-E	S-C	2452	F-D	S-U
2351	F-E	S-D	2400	F-E	S-D	2453	F-D	S-U
2352	F-E	S-D	2401	F-E	S-C	2454	F-D	S-U
2353	F-E	S-C	2402	F-E	S-D	2456	F-E	S-D
2354	F-E	S-D	2403	F-E	S-D	2457	F-E	S-D
2356	F-E	S-D	2404	F-E	S-D	2458	F-E	S-D
2357	F-E	S-C	2405	F-E	S-D	2459	F-E	S-D
2358	F-E	S-D	2406	F-E	S-D	2460	F-E	S-D
2359	F-E	S-C	2407	F-E	S-C	2461	F-E	S-D
2360	F-E	S-D	2409	F-E	S-D	2463	F-G	S-O
2361	F-E	S-C	2410	F-E	S-D	2464	F-A	S-Q
2362	F-E	S-D	2411	F-E	S-D	2465	F-A	S-Q
2363	F-E	S-D	2412	F-E	S-D	2466	F-G	S-Q
2364	F-E	S-D	2413	F-E	S-D	2468	F-A	S-Q
2366	F-E	S-D	2414	F-E	S-D	2469	F-H	S-Q
2367	F-E	S-D	2416	F-E	S-D	2470	F-A	S-A
2368	F-E	S-E	2417	F-C	S-U	2471	F-A	S-A

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
2473	F-A	S-A	2531	F-A	S-B	2602	F-C	S-V
2474	F-A	S-A	2533	F-A	S-A	2603	F-E	S-D
2475	F-A	S-B	2534	F-D	S-U	2604	F-E	S-C
2477	F-E	S-D	2535	F-E	S-C	2605	F-E	S-D
2478	F-E	S-D	2536	F-E	S-D	2606	F-E	S-D
2480	F-E	S-D	2538	F-A	S-G	2607	F-E	S-D
2481	F-E	S-D	2541	F-E	S-E	2608	F-E	S-D
2482	F-E	S-D	2542	F-A	S-A	2609	F-A	S-A
2483	F-E	S-D	2545	F-G	S-M	2610	F-E	S-C
2484	F-E	S-D	2546	F-G	S-M	2611	F-E	S-D
2485	F-E	S-D	2547	F-G	S-Q	2612	F-E	S-D
2486	F-E	S-D	2548	F-C	S-W	2614	F-E	S-D
2487	F-E	S-D	2552	F-A	S-A	2615	F-E	S-D
2488	F-E	S-D	2554	F-E	S-D	2616	F-E	S-D
2490	F-A	S-A	2555	F-B	S-J	2617	F-E	S-D
2491	F-A	S-B	2556	F-B	S-J	2618	F-E	S-D
2493	F-E	S-C	2557	F-B	S-J	2619	F-E	S-C
2495	F-A	S-Q	2558	F-E	S-D	2620	F-E	S-D
2496	F-A	S-B	2560	F-E	S-D	2621	F-E	S-D
2498	F-E	S-D	2561	F-E	S-D	2622	F-E	S-D
2501	F-A	S-A	2564	F-A	S-B	2623	F-A	S-I
2502	F-E	S-C	2565	F-A	S-B	2624	F-G	S-O
2503	F-A	S-B	2567	F-A	S-A	2626	F-A	S-Q
2504	F-A	S-A	2570	F-A	S-A	2627	F-A	S-Q
2505	F-A	S-A	2571	F-A	S-B	2628	F-A	S-A
2506	F-A	S-B	2572	F-A	S-A	2629	F-A	S-A
2507	F-A	S-B	2573	F-H	S-Q	2630	F-A	S-A
2508	F-A	S-B	2574	F-A	S-A	2642	F-A	S-A
2509	F-A	S-B	2576	F-A	S-B	2643	F-A	S-A
2511	F-A	S-B	2577	F-A	S-B	2644	F-A	S-A
2512	F-A	S-A	2578	F-A	S-B	2645	F-A	S-A
2513	F-A	S-B	2579	F-A	S-B	2646	F-A	S-A
2514	F-E	S-D	2580	F-A	S-B	2647	F-A	S-A
2515	F-A	S-A	2581	F-A	S-B	2648	F-A	S-A
2516	F-A	S-A	2582	F-A	S-B	2649	F-A	S-A
2517	F-D	S-U	2583	F-A	S-B	2650	F-A	S-A
2518	F-A	S-A	2584	F-A	S-B	2651	F-A	S-A
2520	F-E	S-D	2585	F-A	S-B	2653	F-A	S-A
2521	F-E	S-D	2586	F-A	S-B	2655	F-A	S-A
2522	F-A	S-A	2587	F-A	S-A	2656	F-A	S-A
2524	F-E	S-D	2588	F-A	S-A	2657	F-A	S-A
2525	F-A	S-A	2589	F-E	S-D	2659	F-A	S-A
2526	F-E	S-C	2590	F-A	S-A	2660	F-A	S-A
2527	F-E	S-D	2591	F-C	S-V	2661	F-A	S-A
2528	F-E	S-D	2599	F-C	S-V	2664	F-A	S-A
2529	F-E	S-C	2601	F-D	S-U	2667	F-A	S-A

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
2668	F-A	S-A	2729	F-A	S-A	2788	F-A	S-A
2669	F-A	S-A	2730	F-A	S-A	2789	F-E	S-C
2670	F-A	S-B	2732	F-A	S-A	2790	F-A	S-B
2671	F-A	S-A	2733	F-E	S-C	2793	F-G	S-J
2672	F-A	S-B	2734	F-E	S-C	2794	F-A	S-B
2673	F-A	S-A	2735	F-A	S-B	2795	F-A	S-B
2674	F-A	S-A	2738	F-A	S-A	2796	F-A	S-B
2676	F-D	S-U	2739	F-A	S-B	2797	F-A	S-B
2677	F-A	S-B	2740	F-E	S-C	2798	F-A	S-B
2678	F-A	S-B	2741	F-H	S-Q	2799	F-A	S-B
2679	F-A	S-B	2742	F-E	S-C	2800	F-A	S-B
2680	F-A	S-B	2743	F-E	S-C	2801	F-A	S-B
2681	F-A	S-B	2744	F-E	S-C	2802	F-A	<u>S-B</u>
2682	F-A	S-B	2745	F-A	S-B	2803	F-A	S-B
2683	F-E	S-C	2746	F-A	S-B	2805	F-G	S-N
2684	F-E	S-C	2747	F-A	S-A	2806	F-A	S-O
2685	F-E	S-C	2748	F-A	S-B	2809	F-A	<u>S-B</u>
2686	F-E	S-C	2749	F-E	<u>S-D</u>	2810	F-A	S-A
2687	F-A	S-G	2750	F-A	S-A	2811	F-A	S-A
2688	F-A	S-A	2751	F-A	S-B	2813 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N
2689	F-A	S-A	2752	F-E	S-D	2813 II	F-G	S-N
2690	F-A	S-A	2753	F-A	S-A	2813 III	F-G	S-N
2691	F-A	S-B	2754	F-A	S-A	2814	F-A	S-T
2692	F-A	S-B	2757	F-A	S-A	2815	F-A	S-B
2693	F-A	S-B	2758	F-E	S-D	2817	F-A	S-B
2698	F-A	S-B	2759	F-A	S-A	2818	F-A	S-B
2699	F-A	S-B	2760	F-E	S-D	2819	F-A	S-B
2705	F-A	S-B	2761	F-A	S-A	2820	F-A	S-B
2707	F-E	S-D	2762	F-E	S-D	2821	F-A	S-A
2709	F-E	S-D	2763	F-A	S-A	2822	F-A	S-A
2710	F-E	S-D	2764	F-E	S-D	2823	F-A	S-B
2713	F-A	S-A	2771	F-A	S-A	2826	F-E	S-C
2714	F-A	S-I	2772	F-E	S-D	2829	F-A	S-B
2715	F-A	S-I	2775	F-A	S-A	2830	F-G	S-N
2716	F-A	S-A	2776	F-E	S-D	2831	F-A	S-A
2717	F-A	S-I	2777	F-A	S-A	2834	F-A	S-B
2719	F-H	S-Q	2778	F-E	S-D	2835	F-G	S-O
2720	F-A	S-Q	2779	F-A	S-A	2837	F-A	S-B
2721	F-H	S-Q	2780	F-E	S-D	2838	F-E	S-D
2722	F-A	S-Q	2781	F-A	S-A	2839	F-A	S-A
2723	F-H	S-Q	2782	F-E	S-D	2840	F-E	S-D
2724	F-A	S-Q	2783	F-A	S-A	2841	F-E	S-D
2725	F-A	S-Q	2784	F-E	S-D	2842	F-E	S-D
2726	F-A	S-Q	2785	F-A	S-A	2844	F-G	S-N
2727	F-A	S-Q	2786	F-A	S-A	2845	F-G	S-M
2728	F-A	S-Q	2787	F-E	S-D	2846	F-G	S-M

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
2849	F-A	S-A	2921	F-A	S-G	2995	F-E	S-D
2850	F-E	S-E	2922	F-A	S-B	2996	F-A	S-A
2851	F-A	S-B	2923	F-A	S-B	2997	F-E	S-D
2852	F-B	S-J	2924	F-E	S-C	2998	F-A	S-A
2853	F-A	S-A	2925	F-A	S-G	3005	F-E	S-D
2854	F-A	S-A	2926	F-A	S-G	3006	F-A	S-A
2855	F-A	S-A	2927	F-A	S-B	3009	F-E	S-D
2856	F-A	S-A	2928	F-A	S-B	3010	F-A	S-A
2857	F-C	S-V	2929	F-E	S-D	3011	F-E	S-D
2858	F-G	S-G	2930	F-A	S-G	3012	F-A	S-A
2859	F-A	S-A	2931	F-A	S-A	3013	F-E	S-D
2861	F-A	S-A	2933	F-E	S-D	3014	F-A	S-A
2862	F-A	S-A	2934	F-E	S-D	3015	F-E	S-D
2863	F-A	S-A	2935	F-E	S-D	3016	F-A	S-A
2864	F-A	S-A	2936	F-A	S-A	3017	F-E	S-D
2865	F-A	S-B	2937	F-A	S-A	3018	F-A	S-A
2869	F-A	S-B	2940	F-A	S-J	3019	F-E	S-D
2870	F-G	S-M	2941	F-A	S-A	3020	F-A	S-A
2871	F-A	S-A	2942	F-A	S-A	3021	F-E	S-D
2872	F-A	S-A	2943	F-E	S-D	3022	F-E	S-D
2873	F-A	S-A	2945	F-E	S-C	3023	F-E	S-D
2874	F-A	S-A	2946	F-A	S-A	3024	F-E	S-D
2875	F-A	S-A	2947	F-E	S-D	3025	F-E	S-D
2876	F-A	S-A	2948	F-A	S-A	3026	F-A	S-A
2878	F-G	S-G	2949	F-A	S-B	3027	F-A	S-A
2879	F-A	S-B	2950	F-G	S-O	3028	F-A	S-B
2880	F-H	S-Q	2956	F-B	S-G	3048	F-A	S-A
2881	F-G	S-M	2965	F-G	S-O	3054	F-E	S-D
2900	F-A	S-T	2966	F-A	S-A	3055	F-A	S-B
2901	F-C	S-W	2967	F-A	S-B	3056	F-E	S-D
2902	F-A	S-A	2968	F-G	<u>S-L</u>	3057	F-C	S-U
2903	F-E	S-D	2969	F-A	S-A	3064	F-E	S-D
2904	F-A	S-B	2977	<u>F-I</u>	<u>S-S</u>	3065	F-E	S-D
2905	F-A	S-B	2978	<u>F-I</u>	<u>S-S</u>	3066	F-A	S-B
2907	F-A	S-J	2983	F-E	S-D	3070	F-C	S-V
2908	F-I	S-S	2984	F-H	S-Q	3071	F-E	S-D
2909	F-I	S-S	2985	<u>F-E</u>	S-C	3072	F-A	<u>S-V</u>
2910	F-I	S-S	2986	F-E	S-C	3073	F-E	S-C
2911	F-I	S-S	2987	F-A	S-B	3077	F-A	S-F
2912	F-I	S-S	2988	F-G	S-N	3078	F-G	S-O
2913	F-I	S-S	2989	F-A	S-G	3079	F-E	S-D
2915	F-I	S-S	2990	F-A	S-V	3080	F-E	S-D
2916	F-I	S-S	2991	F-E	S-D	3082	F-A	S-F
2917	F-I	S-S	2992	F-A	S-A	3083	F-C	S-W
2919	F-I	<u>S-S</u>	2993	F-E	S-D	3084	F-A	S-Q
2920	F-E	S-C	2994	F-A	S-A	3085	F-A	S-Q

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
3086	F-A	S-Q	3130 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	3165	F-E	S-C
3087	F-A	S-Q	3130 II	F-G	S-N	3166 (for gases)	F-D	S-U
3088	F-A	S-J	3131 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-L	3166 (for liquids)	F-E	S-E
3089	F-G	S-G	3131 II	F-G	S-L	3167	F-D	S-U
3090	F-A	S-I	3131 III	F-G	S-L	3168	F-D	S-U
3091	F-A	S-I	3132 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	3169	F-C	S-U
3092	F-E	S-D	3132 II	F-G	S-N	3170	F-G	S-P
3093	F-A	S-Q	3132 III	F-G	S-N	3171	F-A	S-I
3094	F-G	S-L	3133	F-G	S-L	3172	F-A	S-A
3095	F-A	S-N	3134 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	3174	F-A	S-J
3096	F-G	S-L	3134 II	F-G	S-N	3175	F-A	S-I
3097	F-A	S-Q	3134 III	F-G	S-N	3176	F-A	S-H
3098	F-A	S-Q	3135 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	3178	F-A	S-G
3099	F-A	S-Q	3135 II	F-G	S-N	3179	F-A	S-G
3100	F-A	S-Q	3135 III	F-G	S-N	3180	F-A	S-G
3101	F-J	S-R	3136	F-C	S-V	3181	F-A	S-I
3102	F-J	S-R	3137	F-G	S-Q	3182	F-A	S-G
3103	F-J	S-R	3138	<u>F-D</u>	S-U	3183	F-A	S-J
3104	F-J	S-R	3139	F-A	S-Q	3184	F-A	S-J
3105	F-J	S-R	3140	F-A	S-A	3185	F-A	S-J
3106	F-J	S-R	3141	F-A	S-A	3186	F-A	S-J
3107	F-J	S-R	3142	F-A	S-A	3187	F-A	S-J
3108	F-J	S-R	3143	F-A	S-A	3188	F-A	S-J
3109	F-J	S-R	3144	F-A	S-A	3189	F-G	S-J
3110	F-J	S-R	3145	F-A	S-B	3190	F-A	S-J
3111	F-F	S-R	3146	F-A	S-A	3191	F-A	S-J
3112	F-F	S-R	3147	F-A	S-B	3192	F-A	S-J
3113	F-F	S-R	3148 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	3194	F-G	S-M
3114	F-F	S-R	3148 II	F-G	S-N	3200	F-G	S-M
3115	F-F	S-R	3148 III	F-G	S-N	3205	F-A	S-J
3116	F-F	S-R	3149	F-H	S-Q	3206	F-A	S-J
3117	F-F	S-R	3150	F-D	S-U	3208 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N
3118	F-F	S-R	3151	F-A	S-A	3208 II	F-G	S-N
3119	F-F	S-R	3152	F-A	S-A	3208 III	F-G	S-N
3120	F-F	S-R	3153	F-D	S-U	3209 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N
3121	F-G	S-L	3154	F-D	S-U	3209 II	F-G	S-N
3122	F-A	S-Q	3155	F-A	S-A	3209 III	F-G	S-N
3123	F-G	S-N	3156	<u>F-C</u>	S-W	3210	F-H	S-Q
3124	F-A	S-J	3157	<u>F-C</u>	S-W	3211	F-H	S-Q
3125	F-G	S-N	3158	F-C	S-V	3212	F-H	S-Q
3126	F-A	S-J	3159	F-C	S-V	3213	F-H	S-Q
3127	F-A	S-J	3160	<u>F-D</u>	S-U	3214	F-H	S-Q
3128	F-A	S-J	3161	F-D	S-U	3215	F-A	S-Q
3129 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	3162	F-C	S-U	3216	F-A	S-Q
3129 II	F-G	S-N	3163	F-C	S-V			
3129 III	F-G	S-N	3164	F-C	S-V			

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
3218	F-A	S-Q	3264	F-A	S-B	3310	F-C	S-W
3219	F-A	S-Q	3265	F-A	S-B	3311	F-C	S-W
3220	F-C	S-V	3266	F-A	S-B	3312	<u>F-D</u>	S-U
3221	F-J	S-G	3267	F-A	S-B	3313	F-A	S-J
3222	F-J	S-G	3268	<u>F-B</u>	S-X	3314	F-A	S-I
3223	F-J	S-G	3269	F-E	S-D	3315	F-A	S-A
3224	F-J	S-G	3270	F-A	S-I	3316	F-A	<u>S-P</u>
3225	F-J	S-G	3271	F-E	S-D	3317	F-B	S-J
3226	F-J	S-G	3272	F-E	S-D	3318	F-C	S-U
3227	F-J	S-G	3273	F-E	S-D	3319	F-B	S-J
3228	F-J	S-G	3274	F-E	S-C	3320	F-A	S-B
3229	F-J	S-G	3275	F-E	S-D	3321	F-I	S-S
3230	F-J	S-G	3276	F-A	S-A	3322	F-I	S-S
3231	F-F	S-K	3277	F-A	S-B	3323	F-I	S-S
3232	F-F	S-K	3278	F-A	S-A	3324	F-I	<u>S-S</u>
3233	F-F	S-K	3279	F-E	S-D	3325	F-I	<u>S-S</u>
3234	F-F	S-K	3280	F-A	S-A	3326	F-I	<u>S-S</u>
3235	F-F	S-K	3281	F-A	S-A	3327	F-I	<u>S-S</u>
3236	F-F	S-K	3282	F-A	S-A	3328	F-I	<u>S-S</u>
3237	F-F	S-K	3283	F-A	S-A	3329	F-I	<u>S-S</u>
3238	F-F	S-K	3284	F-A	S-A	3330	F-I	<u>S-S</u>
3239	F-F	S-K	3285	F-A	S-A	3331	F-I	<u>S-S</u>
3240	F-F	S-K	3286	F-E	S-C	3332	<u>F-I</u>	<u>S-S</u>
3241	F-J	S-G	3287	F-A	S-A	3333	<u>F-I</u>	<u>S-S</u>
3242	F-J	S-G	3288	F-A	S-A	3336	F-E	S-D
3243	F-A	S-A	3289	F-A	S-B	3337	F-C	S-V
3244	F-A	S-B	3290	F-A	S-B	3338	F-C	S-V
3245	F-A	S-T	3291	F-A	S-T	3339	F-C	S-V
3246	F-A	S-B	3292	F-G	S-P	3340	F-C	S-V
3247	F-A	S-Q	3293	F-A	S-A	3341	F-A	S-J
3248	F-E	S-D	3294	F-E	S-D	3342	F-A	S-J
3249	F-A	S-A	3295	F-E	S-D	3343	F-E	S-Y
3250	F-A	S-B	3296	F-C	S-V	3344	F-B	S-J
3251	F-F	S-G	3297	F-C	S-V	3345	F-A	S-A
3252	F-D	S-U	3298	F-C	S-V	3346	F-E	S-D
3253	F-A	S-B	3299	F-C	S-V	3347	F-E	S-D
3254	F-A	S-M	3300	F-D	S-U	3348	F-A	S-A
3255	F-A	S-M	3301	F-A	S-J	3349	F-A	S-A
3256	F-E	S-D	3302	F-A	S-A	3350	F-E	S-D
3257	F-A	<u>S-P</u>	3303	F-C	S-W	3351	F-E	S-D
3258	F-A	<u>S-P</u>	3304	F-C	S-U	3352	F-A	S-A
3259	F-A	S-B	3305	F-D	S-U	3354	F-D	S-U
3260	F-A	S-B	3306	F-C	S-W	3355	F-D	S-U
3261	F-A	S-B	3307	F-C	S-W	3356	F-H	S-Q
3262	F-A	S-B	3308	F-C	S-U	3357	F-E	S-Y
3263	F-A	S-B	3309	<u>F-D</u>	S-U	3358	F-D	S-U

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
3359	F-A	<u>S-D</u>	3399 II	F-G	S-N	3448	F-A	S-A
3360	F-A	S-I	3399 III	F-G	S-N	3449	F-A	S-A
3361	F-A	S-B	3400	F-A	S-J	3450	F-A	S-A
3362	F-E	S-C	3401	F-G	S-N	3451	F-A	S-A
3363	F-A	<u>S-P</u>	3402	F-G	S-N	3452	F-A	S-A
3364	F-B	S-J	3403	F-G	S-L	3453	F-A	S-B
3365	F-B	S-J	3404	F-G	S-L	3454	F-A	S-A
3366	F-B	S-J	3405	F-H	S-Q	3455	F-A	S-B
3367	F-B	S-J	3406	F-H	S-Q	3456	F-A	S-B
3368	F-B	S-J	3407	F-H	S-Q	3457	F-A	S-A
3369	F-B	S-J	3408	F-H	S-Q	3458	F-A	S-A
3370	F-B	S-J	3409	F-A	S-A	3459	F-A	S-A
3371	F-E	S-D	3410	F-A	S-A	3460	F-A	S-A
3373	F-A	S-T	3411	F-A	S-A	3462	F-A	S-A
3374	<u>F-D</u>	<u>S-U</u>	3412	F-A	S-B	3463	F-E	S-C
3375	F-H	S-Q	3413	F-A	S-A	3464	F-A	S-A
3376	F-B	S-J	3414	F-A	S-A	3465	F-A	S-A
3377	F-A	S-Q	3415	F-A	S-A	3466	F-A	S-A
3378	F-A	S-Q	3416	F-A	S-A	3467	F-A	S-A
3379	F-E	S-Y	3417	F-A	S-G	3468	F-D	S-U
3380	F-B	S-J	3418	F-A	S-A	3469	F-E	S-C
3381	F-A	S-A	3419	F-A	S-B	3470	F-E	S-C
3382	F-A	S-A	3420	F-A	S-B	3471	F-A	S-B
3383	F-E	S-D	3421	F-A	S-B	3472	F-A	S-B
3384	F-E	S-D	3422	F-A	S-A	3473	F-E	S-D
3385	F-G	S-N	3423	F-A	S-B	3474	F-B	S-J
3386	F-G	S-N	3424	F-A	S-A	3475	F-E	S-E
3387	F-A	S-Q	3425	F-A	S-B	3476	F-G	S-P
3388	F-A	S-Q	3426	F-A	S-A	3477	F-A	S-B
3389	F-A	S-B	3427	F-A	S-A	3478	F-D	S-U
3390	F-A	S-B	3428	F-A	S-A	3479	F-D	S-U
3391	F-G	S-M	3429	F-A	S-A	3480	F-A	S-I
3392	F-G	S-M	3430	F-A	S-A	3481	F-A	S-I
3393	F-G	S-M	3431	F-A	S-A	3482	F-G	S-N
3394	F-G	S-M	3432	F-A	S-A	3483	F-E	S-D
3395 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	3434	F-A	S-A	3484	F-E	<u>S-C</u>
3395 II	F-G	S-N	3436	F-A	S-A	3485	F-H	S-Q
3395 III	F-G	S-N	3437	F-A	S-A	3486	F-H	S-Q
3396 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	3438	F-A	S-A	3487	F-H	S-Q
3396 II	F-G	S-N	3439	F-A	S-A	3488	F-E	S-D
3396 III	F-G	S-N	3440	F-A	S-A	3489	F-E	S-D
3397 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	3441	F-A	S-A	3490	F-G	S-N
3397 II	F-G	S-N	3442	F-A	S-A	3491	F-G	S-N
3397 III	F-G	S-N	3443	F-A	S-A	3494	F-E	S-E
3398 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	3444	F-A	S-A	3495	F-A	S-B
3398 II	F-G	S-N	3445	F-A	S-A	3496	F-A	S-I
3398 III	F-G	S-N	3446	F-A	S-A	3497	F-A	S-J
3399 I	<u>F-G</u>	S-N	3447	F-A	S-A	3498	F-A	S-B

UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill	UN No.	EmS Fire	EmS Spill
3499	F-A	S-I	3517	F-D	S-U	3534	F-F	S-K
3500	F-C	S-V	3518	<u>F-C</u>	S-W	3535	F-A	S-G
3501	<u>F-D</u>	<u>S-U</u>	3519	F-C	S-U	3535	F-A	S-G
3502	F-C	<u>S-V</u>	3520	F-C	S-W	3536	F-A	S-I
3503	F-C	<u>S-V</u>	3521	F-C	S-U	3537	F-D	S-U
3504	<u>F-D</u>	<u>S-U</u>	3522	F-D	S-U	3538	F-C	S-V
3505	<u>F-D</u>	<u>S-U</u>	3523	F-D	S-U	3539	F-C	S-U
3506	F-A	<u>S-B</u>	3524	F-C	S-U	3540	F-E	<u>S-D</u>
3507	<u>F-I</u>	<u>S-S</u>	3525	F-D	S-U	3541	F-A	<u>S-G</u>
3508	F-A	S-I	3526	F-D	S-U	3542	*	*
3510	F-D	S-U	3527	F-A	S-G	3543	F-G	<u>S-N</u>
3511	F-C	S-V	3528	F-E	S-E	3544	F-A	<u>S-Q</u>
3512	F-C	S-U	3529	F-D	S-U	3545	F-J	<u>S-R</u>
3513	<u>F-C</u>	S-W	3530	F-A	S-F	3546	F-A	<u>S-A</u>
3514	F-D	S-U	3531	F-J	S-G	3547	F-A	<u>S-B</u>
3515	<u>F-C</u>	S-W	3532	F-J	S-G	3548	F-A	<u>S-P</u>
3516	F-C	S-U	3533	F-F	S-K			

* F-G, S-M for pyrophoric substances, F-A, S-J for self-heating substances

ANNEX 6

DRAFT AMENDMENTS TO THE IMDG CODE

**PART 5
CONSIGNMENT PROCEDURES**

**Chapter 5.5
Special provisions**

5.5.2 Special provisions applicable to fumigated cargo transport units (UN 3359)

5.5.2.5 Additional provisions

5.5.2.5.2 Delete paragraph 5.5.2.5.2 and renumber paragraphs 5.5.2.5.3 to 5.5.2.5.5 accordingly.

5.5.2.5.3 Amend the renumbered paragraph 5.5.2.5.3 to read as follows:

"5.5.2.5.3 Cargo transport units shall be fumigated in accordance with the requirements determined by the competent authority, to ensure a sufficient period has elapsed to attain a reasonable uniform gas concentration throughout the cargo in it. Twenty-four hours is normally sufficient for this purpose."
